

# Converting Colors

XYZ(31.9720, 28.3785, 21.4645)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(31.9720, 28.3785, 21.4645)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(31.8911, 28.2977,  
21.5505)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	BA8478
RGB	186, 132, 120
RGB Percent	73%, 52%, 47%
CMY	0.2706, 0.4823, 0.5294
CMYK	0.00, 0.29, 0.35, 0.27
HSL	11°, 32%, 60%
HSV	11°, 35%, 73%
XYZ	31.8911, 28.2977, 21.5505
YIQ	146.7780, 36.0360, 7.7160

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

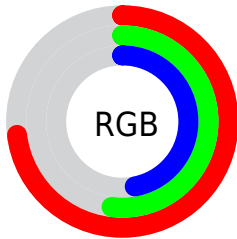
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	186, 135, 120
Decimal	12223608
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	60.16, 19.18, 14.75
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	60, 24.195, 37.564
Yxy	28.2977, 0.3902, 0.3462
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290413688 (0xFFBA8478)
YUV	146.7780, -13.2016, 34.3977
Hunter-Lab	53.1956, 13.9196, 13.2174

# Details

The XYZ color **31.8911, 28.2977, 21.5505** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **31.7441, 37.8089, 52.0790**, and the grayscale version is **27.6845, 29.1262, 31.7184**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61.7575, 56.7312, 46.7250**, and **13.5471, 11.3278, 7.6034** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28.9549, 24.0598, 15.5331**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **35.3490, 33.2281, 28.8242**.

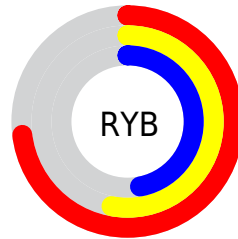
# Distribution



Red (73%)

Green (52%)

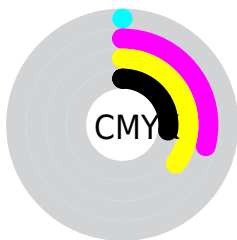
Blue (47%)



Red (73%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (47%)

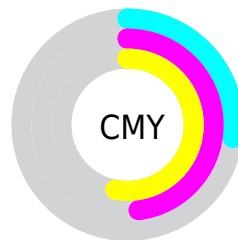


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (35%)

Black (27%)



Cyan (27%)

Magenta (48%)


Yellow (53%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 31.8911, 28.2977, 21.5505 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 31.8911, 28.2977, 21.5505 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 31.8911, 28.2977,  
21.5505


 31.8911, 28.2977,  
21.5505


302.3770,  
293.8867, 273.0663

 21.4335, 18.5502,  
13.3318


 62.0067, 56.9594,  
46.8946

 13.5555, 11.3457,  
7.5240


 82.3953, 76.6423,  
64.8570

 7.8918, 6.2999,  
3.7086

 106.8251,  
100.4059, 86.9045

 4.0770, 3.0283,  
1.4669

135.6612,  
128.6345, 113.4556

 1.7458, 1.1465,  
0.1931

169.2691,  
161.7125, 144.9288

 0.4847, 0.0174,  
0.0000

208.0141,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

200.0242, 181.7426

0.0000

252.2616,  
243.9542, 224.3156

■ 31.8911, 28.2977,  
21.5505

■ 31.8911, 28.2977,  
21.5505

■ 28.9549, 24.0598,  
15.5331

■ 35.3490, 33.2281,  
28.8242

■ 26.5126, 20.4792,  
10.6989

■ 39.3505, 38.8759,  
37.4182

■ 24.5369, 17.5238,  
6.9698


■ 43.9185, 45.2699,  
47.3944


■ 22.9969, 15.1571,  
4.2573


■ 49.0743, 52.4360,  
58.8101


■ 21.8578, 13.3388,  
2.4596


■ 54.8379, 60.3990,  
71.7194

 21.0784, 12.0229,  
1.4509

 61.2284, 69.1823,  
86.1736

 20.8168, 11.5734,  
1.1367

 68.2639, 78.8086,  
102.2216

 73.6594, 88.3786,  
107.7843

 74.0597, 89.1791,  
107.9177

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



33.2328, 28.2977, 28.6234



31.8911, 28.2977, 21.5505



29.2303, 28.2977, 17.5974

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



31.8911, 28.2977, 21.5505



21.7651, 28.2977, 24.7573



27.6866, 28.2977, 50.9674

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31.8911, 28.2977, 21.5505



31.7441, 37.8089, 52.0790

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



24.6896, 28.2977, 49.3880



31.8911, 28.2977, 21.5505



21.4209, 28.2977, 33.1082

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



31.8911, 28.2977, 21.5505



23.4309, 28.2977, 19.1863



22.4520, 28.2977, 42.4052



30.6871, 28.2977, 46.3805



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31.8911, 28.2977, 21.5505



27.1497, 28.2977, 16.7350



22.4520, 28.2977, 42.4052



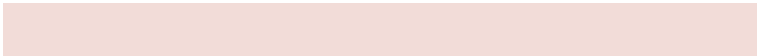
26.6441, 28.2977, 51.1533

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31.8918, 28.2991, 21.5511



74.7584, 75.2813, 75.2872



34.7041, 26.9675, 43.9336



16.2193, 16.2366, 16.0482



90.7827, 95.5105, 104.0109



18.6292, 19.5994, 21.3438



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31.8918, 28.2991, 21.5511



53.3590, 44.8824, 29.9269



36.9154, 38.3462, 23.2256



9.1332, 9.2694, 9.4147



14.0456, 7.8675, 0.7783



0.5356, 0.3583, 0.0409



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31.7441, 37.8089, 52.0790



53.0285, 64.7742, 93.9092



26.2819, 26.8845, 50.2583



9.1240, 9.9253, 11.5143



13.5855, 17.6308, 33.9401



0.5156, 0.6948, 1.2087



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 31.8911, 28.2977, 21.5505 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 31.8911, 28.2977, 21.5505 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 31.8911, 28.2977, 21.5505**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 31.8911, 28.2977, 21.5505.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 31.8911, 28.2977,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

31.8911, 28.2977, 21.5505

### Protanopia

26.8402, 28.4326, 23.8121

### Deuteranopia

29.0700, 28.5231, 21.4261



## Tritanopia

33.2495, 28.2560, 28.1276

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

31.8911, 28.2977, 21.5505

## Protanomaly

28.3260, 28.1039, 23.0004

## Deuteranomaly

29.9546, 28.3372, 21.3436

## Tritanomaly

32.6410, 28.1960, 25.5518

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

31.8911, 28.2977, 21.5505

## Achromatopsia

27.7328, 29.1771, 31.7738

## Achromatomaly

28.8863, 28.7292, 27.6897

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 31.8911, 28.2977, 21.5505 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(186, 132, 120)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(186, 132, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(186, 132, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(186, 132, 120) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 31.8911, 28.2977, 21.5505 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

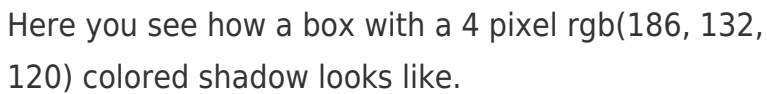
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(186, 132, 120) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(186, 132, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(186, 132, 120)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 132, 120); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 132, 120); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 132, 120) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 31.8911, 28.2977, 21.5505 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(186, 132, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(186,  
132, 120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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