

# Converting Colors

XYZ(32.0785, 25.6105, 20.0823)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(32.0785, 25.6105, 20.0823)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(32.0779, 25.6090, 20.0820)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(32.0779, 25.6090,  
20.0820)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C37575
RGB	195, 117, 117
RGB Percent	76%, 46%, 46%
CMY	0.2353, 0.5412, 0.5412
CMYK	0.00, 0.40, 0.40, 0.24
HSL	0°, 39%, 61%
HSV	0°, 40%, 76%
XYZ	32.0779, 25.6090, 20.0820
YIQ	140.3220, 46.4880, 16.5360

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

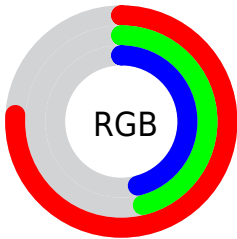
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	195, 117, 117
Decimal	12809589
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	57.66, 30.60, 13.16
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	58, 33.311, 23.275
Yxy	25.6090, 0.4125, 0.3293
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290999669 (0xFFC37575)
YUV	140.3220, -11.4977, 47.9526
Hunter-Lab	50.6053, 24.5889, 11.8954

# Details

The XYZ color **32.0779, 25.6090, 20.0820** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. A complement of this color would be **36.7009, 46.7506, 58.7193**, and the grayscale version is **25.0838, 26.3901, 28.7388**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **62.4092, 52.6849, 44.4160**, and **13.7288, 9.9329, 6.8239** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29.0085, 21.1178, 13.9794**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **35.8607, 31.1446, 27.6011**.

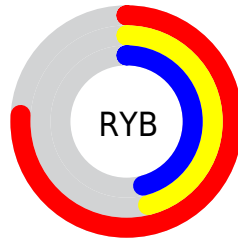
# Distribution



Red (76%)

Green (46%)

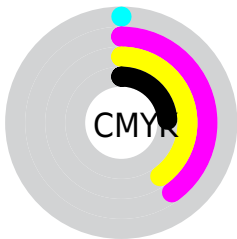
Blue (46%)



Red (76%)

Yellow (46%)

Blue (46%)

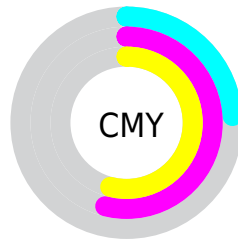


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (40%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (24%)

Magenta (54%)


Yellow (54%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 32.0779, 25.6090, 20.0820 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 32.0779, 25.6090, 20.0820 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 32.0779, 25.6090,  
20.0820


 32.0779, 25.6090,  
20.0820


303.2129,  
280.8574, 264.9776


 21.5768, 16.5314,  
12.2700

 62.2976, 52.6435,  
44.4154

 13.6612, 9.9009,  
6.8031


 82.7469, 71.3691,  
61.7739

 7.9655, 5.3333,  
3.2627


 107.2430, 94.0796,  
83.1516

 4.1245, 2.4441,  
1.2303

136.1513,  
121.1592, 108.9671

 1.7728, 0.8485,  
0.0036

169.8370,  
152.9924, 139.6389

 0.5012, 0.0000,  
0.0000

208.6657,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

189.9635, 175.5855

0.0000

253.0025,  
232.4571, 217.2256

■ 32.0779, 25.6090,  
20.0820

■ 32.0779, 25.6090,  
20.0820

■ 29.0085, 21.1178,  
13.9794

■ 35.8607, 31.1446,  
27.6011

■ 26.6058, 17.6020,  
9.2032

■ 40.3956, 37.7804,  
36.6162

■ 24.8211, 14.9903,  
5.6553


■ 45.7208, 45.5728,  
47.2026


■ 23.5978, 13.2003,  
3.2237


■ 51.8716, 54.5730,  
59.4302


■ 22.8692, 12.1341,  
1.7755


■ 58.8808, 64.8295,  
73.3644

 22.5059, 11.6024,  
1.0533

 66.7798, 76.3879,  
89.0675

 22.5059, 11.6024,  
1.0533

 75.5981, 89.2915,  
106.5982

 76.3157, 90.3421,  
108.0233

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



32.7688, 25.6090, 30.5330



32.0779, 25.6090, 20.0820



29.2150, 25.6090, 13.7365

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



32.0779, 25.6090, 20.0820



18.7023, 25.6090, 16.7143



23.4544, 25.6090, 55.8408

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32.0779, 25.6090, 20.0820



36.7009, 46.7506, 58.7193

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.0410, 25.6090, 49.4245



32.0779, 25.6090, 20.0820



17.4977, 25.6090, 25.3926

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



32.0779, 25.6090, 20.0820



21.4373, 25.6090, 12.1953



17.9597, 25.6090, 37.4826



27.4949, 25.6090, 53.2840



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32.0779, 25.6090, 20.0820



26.6125, 25.6090, 11.7080



17.9597, 25.6090, 37.4826



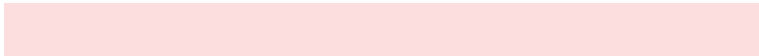
22.2018, 25.6090, 54.6151

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32.0786, 25.6103, 20.0825



79.6769, 78.3882, 80.1479



38.7175, 28.2651, 55.0450



17.1608, 16.7454, 16.9798



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32.0786, 25.6103, 20.0825



52.5774, 38.7337, 26.2754



37.6053, 36.6637, 21.9247



10.0733, 10.0780, 10.4762



14.6276, 7.5409, 0.6846



0.6320, 0.3259, 0.0296



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.7009, 46.7506, 58.7193



61.9946, 81.8039, 104.9921



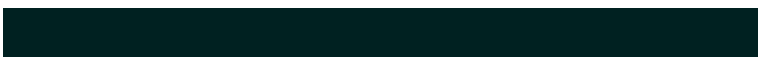
29.0752, 31.4993, 56.1774



10.3685, 11.4284, 12.9442



19.0845, 27.9256, 37.9409

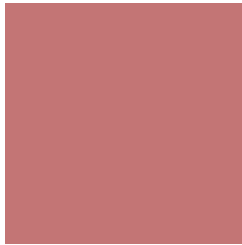


0.8246, 1.2066, 1.6393



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 32.0779, 25.6090, 20.0820 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

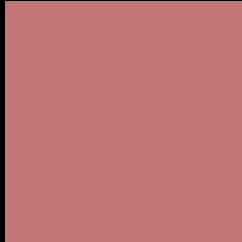
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 32.0779, 25.6090, 20.0820 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 32.0779, 25.6090, 20.0820**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 32.0779, 25.6090, 20.0820.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 32.0779, 25.6090,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

32.0779, 25.6090, 20.0820

### Protanopia

24.4864, 25.6648, 24.0853

### Deuteranopia

26.2603, 25.8422, 19.5236



## Tritanopia

32.6484, 25.6818, 22.3051

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

32.0779, 25.6090, 20.0820

## Protanomaly

26.7250, 25.2070, 22.5257

## Deuteranomaly

28.0473, 25.5604, 19.6751

## Tritanomaly

32.4615, 25.6070, 21.3209

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

32.0779, 25.6090, 20.0820

## Achromatopsia

24.9269, 26.2251, 28.5591

## Achromatomaly

26.9133, 25.6421, 25.3607

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 32.0779, 25.6090, 20.0820 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(195, 117, 117)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(195, 117, 117)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(195, 117, 117) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(195, 117, 117) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 32.0779, 25.6090, 20.0820 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(195, 117, 117) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(195, 117, 117) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(195, 117, 117)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(195, 117, 117); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 117, 117);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 117,  
117) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 32.0779, 25.6090, 20.0820 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(195, 117, 117) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(195,  
117, 117) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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