

# Converting Colors

XYZ(32.0809, 49.4633, 51.3929)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(32.0809, 49.4633, 51.3929)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(32.0958, 49.4294,  
51.5653)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2AD1B5
RGB	42, 209, 181
RGB Percent	16%, 82%, 71%
CMY	0.8353, 0.1804, 0.2902
CMYK	0.80, 0.00, 0.13, 0.18
HSL	170°, 67%, 49%
HSV	170°, 80%, 82%
XYZ	32.0958, 49.4294, 51.5653
YIQ	155.8750, -90.5440, -44.1120

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

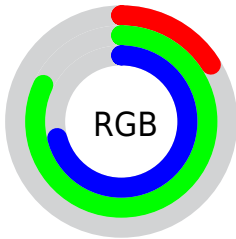
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	42, 133, 209
Decimal	2806197
CIE Lab	75.72, -47.15, 2.24
CIE LCh	76, 47.206, 177.280
Yxy	49.4294, 0.2412, 0.3714
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280996277 (0xFF2AD1B5)
YUV	155.8750, 12.3866, -99.8684
Hunter-Lab	70.3060, -41.5476, 5.7285

# Details

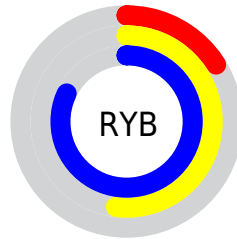
The XYZ color **32.0958, 49.4294, 51.5653** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC99**. The color can be described as middle washed spring green. A complement of this color would be **28.2296, 15.6548, 7.3301**, and the grayscale version is **31.5216, 33.1632, 36.1147**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **58.3822, 81.4163, 92.7586**, and **15.4519, 24.6697, 24.3694** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31.0983, 48.9574, 49.6659**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33.5504, 50.1384, 53.5355**.

# Distribution



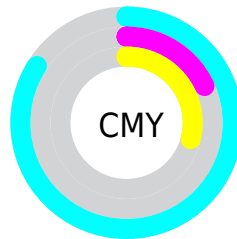
- Red (16%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (16%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (18%)




- Cyan (84%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (29%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 32.0958, 49.4294, 51.5653 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 32.0958, 49.4294, 51.5653 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 32.0958, 49.4294,  
51.5653


 32.0958, 49.4294,  
51.5653


303.2930,  
384.4303, 409.6652


 21.5906, 34.9602,  
36.2788


 62.3254, 89.3289,  
93.9099


 13.6713, 23.6322,  
24.3582


 82.7805, 115.5280,  
121.8051

 7.9726, 15.0610,  
15.3849


 107.2830,  
146.4058, 154.7403

 4.1291, 8.8622,  
8.9404

 136.1982,  
182.3468, 193.1340

 1.7754, 4.6514,  
4.6060

 169.8914,  
223.7354, 237.4049

 0.5028, 2.0442,  
1.9634

208.7280,

 0.0000, 0.6330,

270.9559, 287.9713

0.5326

253.0734,  
324.3927, 345.2519

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 32.0958, 49.4294,  
51.5653

■ 32.0958, 49.4294,  
51.5653

■ 31.0983, 48.9574,  
49.6659

■ 33.5504, 50.1384,  
53.5355

■ 30.4432, 48.6596,  
47.8283

■ 35.5188, 51.1100,  
55.5763

■ 30.4371, 48.6569,  
47.8102

■ 38.0539, 52.3727,  
57.6915

■ 41.2009, 53.9497,  
59.8835

■ 45.0002, 55.8620,  
62.1546

■ 49.4889, 58.1287,  
64.5069

■ 54.7014, 60.7673,  
66.9422

■ 60.6694, 63.7943,  
69.4625

■ 67.4230, 67.2252,  
72.0693

# Harmonies

## Analogous

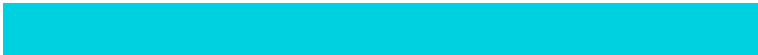
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



34.1968, 49.4294, 31.7449



32.0958, 49.4294, 51.5653



33.5546, 49.4294, 79.0723

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



32.0958, 49.4294, 51.5653



55.1248, 49.4294, 109.0290



56.6779, 49.4294, 22.6011

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32.0958, 49.4294, 51.5653



28.2296, 15.6548, 7.3301

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.5825, 49.4294, 34.6134



32.0958, 49.4294, 51.5653



62.6104, 49.4294, 84.3032

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



32.0958, 49.4294, 51.5653



46.1871, 49.4294, 117.7475



65.8766, 49.4294, 56.1399



47.7843, 49.4294, 18.6046



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32.0958, 49.4294, 51.5653



36.4636, 49.4294, 97.5648



65.8766, 49.4294, 56.1399



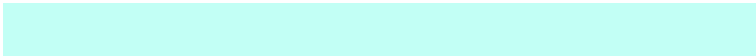
59.3485, 49.4294, 25.6078

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32.0972, 49.4313, 51.5665



74.3983, 89.5395, 99.5382



25.9387, 47.1717, 9.9294



15.3914, 18.8962, 21.0219



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32.0972, 49.4313, 51.5665



48.0191, 76.4384, 75.8091



24.3733, 28.9140, 64.6201



12.0697, 13.3716, 14.7234



18.7976, 30.0120, 29.6437



1.0742, 1.6873, 1.7793



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28.2296, 15.6548, 7.3301



41.9537, 21.7226, 5.1424



30.7960, 21.8879, 4.7931



11.8885, 11.8401, 12.6885



16.4247, 8.4427, 1.8764

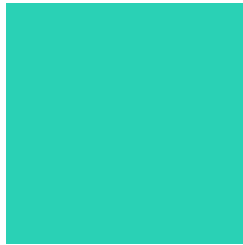


0.9440, 0.4823, 0.2398



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 32.0958, 49.4294, 51.5653 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

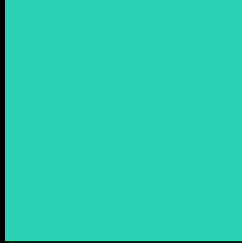
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 32.0958, 49.4294, 51.5653 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

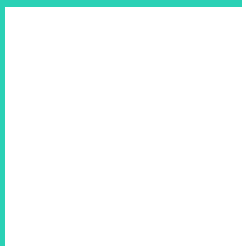
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 32.0958, 49.4294, 51.5653**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 32.0958, 49.4294, 51.5653.



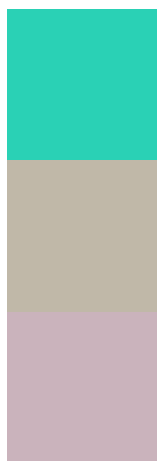
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 32.0958, 49.4294,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

32.0958, 49.4294, 51.5653

### Protanopia

45.9466, 48.3146, 43.9498

### Deuteranopia

49.5543, 48.4276, 54.3126



## Tritanopia

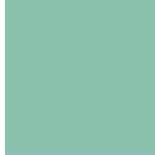
36.7284, 49.1444, 75.2602

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

32.0958, 49.4294, 51.5653



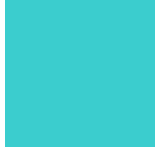
## Protanomaly

36.9293, 46.4754, 46.5594



## Deuteranomaly

38.6720, 46.2590, 52.7896



## Tritanomaly

34.7755, 49.0487, 66.0270

# Monochromacy



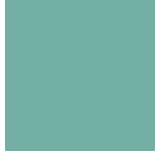
## Original Color

32.0958, 49.4294, 51.5653



## Achromatopsia

31.5995, 33.2452, 36.2040



## Achromatomaly

29.1917, 37.0214, 41.2046

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 32.0958, 49.4294, 51.5653 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(42, 209, 181)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(42, 209, 181)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(42, 209, 181) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(42, 209, 181) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 32.0958, 49.4294, 51.5653 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(42, 209, 181) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(42, 209, 181) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(42, 209, 181)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(42, 209, 181); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(42, 209, 181);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(42, 209,  
181) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 32.0958, 49.4294, 51.5653 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(42, 209, 181) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(42, 209,  
181) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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