

# Converting Colors

XYZ(32.1130, 19.1942, 10.3750)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(32.1130, 19.1942, 10.3750)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(32.1058, 19.1724,  
10.3960)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D94154
RGB	217, 65, 84
RGB Percent	85%, 25%, 33%
CMY	0.1490, 0.7451, 0.6706
CMYK	0.00, 0.70, 0.61, 0.15
HSL	353°, 67%, 55%
HSV	353°, 70%, 85%
XYZ	32.1058, 19.1724, 10.3960
YIQ	112.6140, 84.4930, 38.1330

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

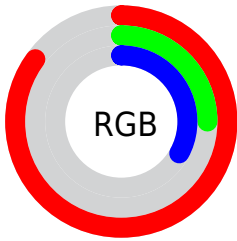
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	217, 65, 84
Decimal	14238036
CIE Lab	50.89, 59.91, 23.91
CIE LCh	51, 64.503, 21.761
Yxy	19.1724, 0.5206, 0.3109
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292428116 (0xFFD94154)
YUV	112.6140, -14.1067, 91.5465
Hunter-Lab	43.7863, 54.2570, 16.5734

# Details

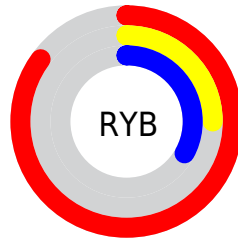
The XYZ color **32.1058, 19.1724, 10.3960** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6666**. The color can be described as dark muted red. A complement of this color would be **37.1875, 54.8272, 62.0543**, and the grayscale version is **15.6058, 16.4185, 17.8798**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **52.4332, 36.8725, 26.5439**, and **13.8838, 7.1150, 2.5610** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.4448, 16.8838, 6.6571**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34.4475, 22.5002, 15.3565**.

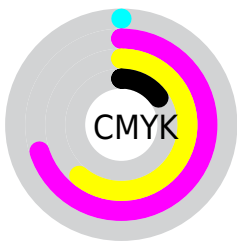
# Distribution



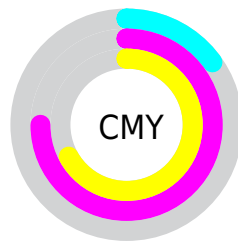
- Red (85%)
- Green (25%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Black (15%)




- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (75%)
- Yellow (67%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 32.1058, 19.1724, 10.3960 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 32.1058, 19.1724, 10.3960 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 32.1058, 19.1724,  
10.3960


 32.1058, 19.1724,  
10.3960


303.3377,  
247.3989, 204.0619


 21.5983, 11.7949,  
5.5533


 62.3410, 42.0252,  
27.1571

 13.6770, 6.6042,  
2.5110


 82.7993, 58.2693,  
39.9125


 7.9765, 3.2158,  
0.8460

 107.3054, 78.2378,  
56.1426

 4.1316, 1.2454,  
0.0000

 136.2244,  
102.3150, 76.2659

 1.7769, 0.0983,  
0.0000

 169.9218,  
130.8853, 100.7010

 0.5037, 0.0000,  
0.0000

208.7629,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

164.3331, 129.8663

0.0000

253.1130,  
203.0428, 164.1804

■ 32.1058, 19.1724,  
10.3960

■ 32.1058, 19.1724,  
10.3960

■ 30.4448, 16.8838,  
6.6571

■ 34.4475, 22.5002,  
15.3565

■ 29.3882, 15.5081,  
4.0316


■ 37.5325, 26.9681,  
21.6324


■ 28.8143, 14.8313,  
2.3878


■ 41.4176, 32.6683,  
29.3089


■ 46.1538, 39.6830,  
38.4642

■ 51.7877, 48.0871,  
49.1703

 58.3625, 57.9501,  
61.4947

 65.9189, 69.3365,  
75.5008

 74.4947, 82.3073,  
91.2487

 82.4088, 93.4851,  
108.2230

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



33.2054, 19.1724, 26.3083



32.1058, 19.1724, 10.3960



26.8897, 19.1724, 3.6797

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



32.1058, 19.1724, 10.3960



10.2055, 19.1724, 5.8344



16.5257, 19.1724, 78.2725

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32.1058, 19.1724, 10.3960



37.1875, 54.8272, 62.0543

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.6525, 19.1724, 62.2442



32.1058, 19.1724, 10.3960



8.6006, 19.1724, 16.2474

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



32.1058, 19.1724, 10.3960



14.0541, 19.1724, 2.3164



9.0603, 19.1724, 36.7406



23.1437, 19.1724, 73.2328



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32.1058, 19.1724, 10.3960



22.3251, 19.1724, 2.1505



9.0603, 19.1724, 36.7406



14.6565, 19.1724, 74.9459

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32.1063, 19.1735, 10.3963



73.6342, 67.8044, 68.9720



37.3716, 20.6260, 67.6568



15.2571, 13.7605, 13.8092



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32.1063, 19.1735, 10.3963



43.0561, 23.2441, 7.6165



36.3753, 28.7450, 8.6337



13.1219, 13.0779, 13.9032



17.4638, 8.9866, 1.5564



1.1536, 0.5911, 0.2180



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32.1063, 19.1735, 10.3963



43.0561, 23.2441, 7.6165



27.4971, 31.7181, 70.3182



13.1219, 13.0779, 13.9032



17.4638, 8.9866, 1.5564

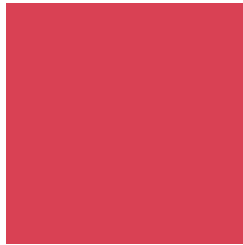


1.1536, 0.5911, 0.2180



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 32.1058, 19.1724, 10.3960 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 32.1058, 19.1724, 10.3960 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 32.1058, 19.1724, 10.3960**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 32.1058, 19.1724, 10.3960.



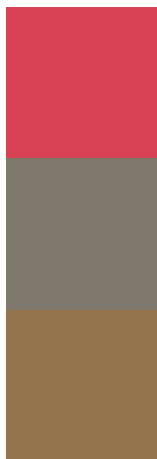
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 32.1058, 19.1724,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

32.1058, 19.1724, 10.3960

### Protanopia

18.3501, 19.2909, 17.2244

### Deuteranopia

19.5825, 19.2156, 9.5144



## Tritanopia

31.4634, 19.0682, 7.9835

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

32.1058, 19.1724, 10.3960

## Protanomaly

21.4511, 17.7010, 14.3426

## Deuteranomaly

22.6992, 17.8846, 9.6528

## Tritanomaly

31.5716, 19.0172, 8.8441

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

32.1058, 19.1724, 10.3960

## Achromatopsia

15.6958, 16.5132, 17.9829

## Achromatomaly

19.3436, 15.9044, 14.6207

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 32.1058, 19.1724, 10.3960 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(217, 65, 84)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(217, 65, 84)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(217, 65, 84) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(217, 65, 84) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 32.1058, 19.1724, 10.3960 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(217, 65, 84) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(217, 65, 84) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(217, 65, 84)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(217, 65, 84); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 65, 84);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 65,  
84) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 32.1058, 19.1724, 10.3960 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(217, 65, 84) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(217, 65,  
84) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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