

# Converting Colors

XYZ(32.1185, 30.4612, 46.7859)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(32.1185, 30.4612, 46.7859)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(32.0146, 30.3693, 46.8223)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(32.0146, 30.3693,  
46.8223)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	9D90B3
RGB	157, 144, 179
RGB Percent	62%, 56%, 70%
CMY	0.3843, 0.4353, 0.2980
CMYK	0.12, 0.20, 0.00, 0.30
HSL	262°, 19%, 63%
HSV	262°, 20%, 70%
XYZ	32.0146, 30.3693, 46.8223
YIQ	151.8770, -3.4870, 13.6410

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

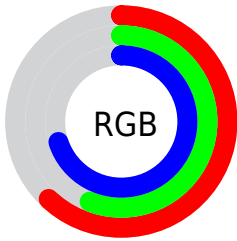
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	157, 144, 179
Decimal	10326195
CIELab	61.97, 11.80, -16.53
CIELCh	62, 20.309, 305.537
Yxy	30.3693, 0.2932, 0.2781
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288516275 (0xFF9D90B3)
YUV	151.8770, 13.3716, 4.4929
Hunter-Lab	55.1083, 7.2580, -11.7994

# Details

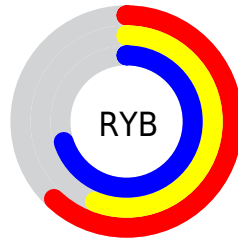
The XYZ color **32.0146, 30.3693, 46.8223** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **36.8810, 42.3615, 32.6197**, and the grayscale version is **29.7381, 31.2867, 34.0713**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **62.3409, 60.3834, 86.9667**, and **13.5943, 12.5150, 21.4378** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27.4205, 24.2910, 45.8917**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37.2426, 37.4141, 47.9070**.

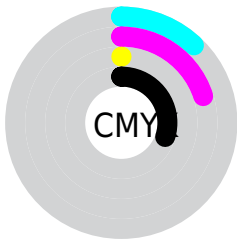
# Distribution



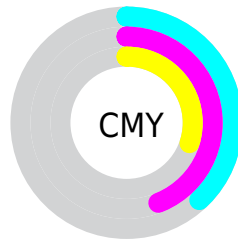
- Red (62%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (70%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (30%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (30%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 32.0146, 30.3693, 46.8223 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 32.0146, 30.3693, 46.8223 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 32.0146, 30.3693,  
46.8223

■ 32.0146, 30.3693,  
46.8223

302.9299,  
303.6221, 390.4780

■ 21.5283, 20.1191,  
32.5419

■ 62.1990, 60.2457,  
86.7955

■ 13.6253, 12.4816,  
21.5075

■ 82.6278, 80.6407,  
113.3254

■ 7.9405, 7.0726,  
13.3006

107.1014,  
105.1860, 144.7754

■ 4.1084, 3.5075,  
7.5027

135.9853,  
134.2661, 181.5643

■ 1.7636, 1.4021,  
3.6953

169.6447,  
168.2654, 224.1104

■ 0.4956, 0.2183,  
1.4597

208.4450,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

207.5682, 272.8324

0.1876

252.7516,  
252.5590, 328.1487

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 32.0146, 30.3693,  
46.8223

■ 32.0146, 30.3693,  
46.8223

■ 27.4205, 24.2910,  
45.8917

■ 37.2426, 37.4141,  
47.9070

■ 23.4319, 19.1321,  
45.1061

■ 43.1259, 45.4621,  
49.1503

■ 20.0222, 14.8474,  
44.4588

■ 49.6881, 54.5525,  
50.5591

■ 17.1617, 11.3861,  
43.9415

■ 56.9509, 64.7215,  
52.1391

■ 14.8175, 8.6920,  
43.5450

■ 64.9349, 76.0035,  
53.8960

■ 12.9531, 6.7015,  
43.2591

■ 73.6600, 88.4311,  
55.8349

■ 11.5261, 5.3403,  
43.0715

■ 78.4107, 92.5673,  
56.3829

■ 10.4593, 4.4650,  
42.9588

■ 82.2604, 94.5519,  
56.5630

■ 10.4162, 4.4298,  
42.9543

■ 85.1368, 96.0347,  
56.6976

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.3730, 30.3693, 50.3384



32.0146, 30.3693, 46.8223



33.8949, 30.3693, 39.6691

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



32.0146, 30.3693, 46.8223



31.0867, 30.3693, 21.2159



23.9638, 30.3693, 34.5342

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32.0146, 30.3693, 46.8223



36.8810, 42.3615, 32.6197

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



24.3593, 30.3693, 27.2413



32.0146, 30.3693, 46.8223



28.3631, 30.3693, 20.2813

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



32.0146, 30.3693, 46.8223



33.3360, 30.3693, 25.0990



25.9293, 30.3693, 22.3099



24.8130, 30.3693, 42.5646



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32.0146, 30.3693, 46.8223



34.4026, 30.3693, 34.2469



25.9293, 30.3693, 22.3099



23.9562, 30.3693, 31.9146

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32.0155, 30.3706, 46.8230



70.2003, 71.7731, 86.5348



33.3058, 36.5180, 47.9416



15.4064, 15.7015, 19.1409



86.6293, 91.1408, 99.2523



17.0014, 17.8868, 19.4787



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32.0155, 30.3706, 46.8230



54.0494, 50.0145, 83.1862



35.6407, 32.2394, 46.9926



8.3302, 8.3787, 10.6845



7.4272, 3.1646, 30.3564



0.2995, 0.1335, 0.9582



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.4476, 32.2847, 40.4409



61.2631, 54.0406, 69.6398



33.4888, 40.6128, 32.4610



8.7135, 8.5921, 9.9896



15.2562, 7.6200, 11.7752



0.5071, 0.2506, 0.5130



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 32.0146, 30.3693, 46.8223 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 32.0146, 30.3693, 46.8223 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 32.0146, 30.3693, 46.8223**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 32.0146, 30.3693, 46.8223.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 32.0146, 30.3693,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

32.0146, 30.3693, 46.8223

### Protanopia

30.1887, 30.3080, 48.5149

### Deuteranopia

30.9932, 30.2965, 46.8621



## Tritanopia

30.1743, 30.5530, 37.1079

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

32.0146, 30.3693, 46.8223

## Protanomaly

30.8068, 30.4067, 47.9614

## Deuteranomaly

31.3990, 30.2778, 46.8371

## Tritanomaly

30.8342, 30.5892, 40.3556

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

32.0146, 30.3693, 46.8223

## Achromatopsia

29.8446, 31.3989, 34.1934

## Achromatomaly

30.5955, 30.9736, 38.5484

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 32.0146, 30.3693, 46.8223 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(157, 144, 179)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(157, 144, 179)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(157, 144, 179) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(157, 144, 179) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 32.0146, 30.3693, 46.8223 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(157, 144, 179) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(157, 144, 179) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(157, 144, 179) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(157, 144, 179); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 144, 179);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 144,  
179) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 32.0146, 30.3693, 46.8223 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(157, 144, 179) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(157,  
144, 179) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor