

Converting Colors

XYZ(32.2191, 36.8548, 95.7759)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(32.2191, 36.8548, 95.7759)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(32.1989, 36.7893,
95.8465)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00ADFA
RGB	0, 173, 250
RGB Percent	0%, 68%, 98%
CMY	0.9997, 0.3216, 0.0196
CMYK	1.00, 0.31, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	198°, 100%, 49%
HSV	198°, 100%, 98%
XYZ	32.1989, 36.7893, 95.8465
YIQ	130.0510, -127.8250, -12.7290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

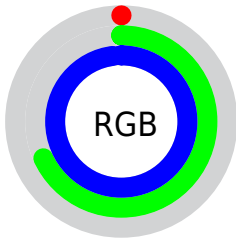
Format	Color
R _{YB}	0, 102, 250
Decimal	44538
CIE Lab	67.12, -9.72, -48.37
CIE LCh	67, 49.334, 258.643
Yxy	36.7893, 0.1953, 0.2232
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278234618 (0xFF00ADFA)
YUV	130.0510, 59.1349, -114.0547
Hunter-Lab	60.6542, -11.3863, -51.2329

Details

The XYZ color **32.1989, 36.7893, 95.8465** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3399CC**. The color can be described as middle saturated azure. A complement of this color would be **42.0839, 25.6420, 2.7334**, and the grayscale version is **21.0741, 22.1716, 24.1449**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **52.3489, 66.0863, 104.6046**, and **16.4630, 17.5250, 52.9670** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32.1952, 36.7816, 95.8460**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34.1219, 40.0373, 96.3729**.

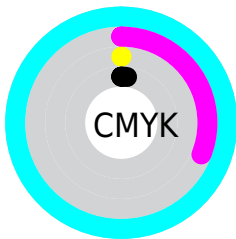
Distribution



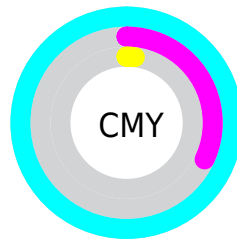
- Red (0%)
- Green (68%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (2%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 32.1989, 36.7893, 95.8465 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 32.1989, 36.7893, 95.8465 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 32.1989, 36.7893,
95.8465

■ 32.1989, 36.7893,
95.8465

303.7535,
332.3974, 567.9248

■ 21.6698, 25.0444,
72.2389

■ 62.4859, 70.2486,
157.4392

■ 13.7297, 16.1101,
52.8659

■ 82.9744, 92.7318,
196.2614

■ 8.0133, 9.6021,
37.3087

■ 107.5134,
119.5632, 240.9922

■ 4.1554, 5.1360,
25.1489

■ 136.4683,
151.1272, 292.0502

■ 1.7904, 2.3273,
15.9680

■ 170.2044,
187.8083, 349.8540

■ 0.5119, 0.7881,
9.3474

209.0871,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

229.9907, 414.8220

4.8686

253.4817,
278.0590, 487.3727

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
2.1130

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.6235

■ 32.1989, 36.7893,
95.8465

■ 32.1989, 36.7893,
95.8465

■ 32.1952, 36.7816,
95.8460

■ 34.1219, 40.0373,
96.3729

■ 36.6445, 43.7223,
96.9512

■ 39.9271, 47.9296,
97.5903

■ 44.0668, 52.7113,
98.2950

■ 49.1453, 58.1112,
99.0697

■ 55.2340, 64.1682,
99.9179

■ 62.3973, 70.9172,
100.8430

■ 70.6936, 78.3902,
101.8482

■ 80.1772, 86.6169,
102.9363

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



26.2645, 36.7893, 79.8245



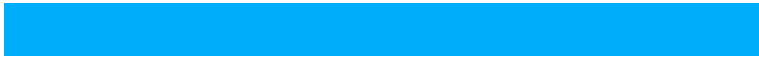
32.1989, 36.7893, 95.8465



39.7909, 36.7893, 93.4332

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



32.1989, 36.7893, 95.8465



50.5179, 36.7893, 28.2348



25.2067, 36.7893, 18.4685

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32.1989, 36.7893, 95.8465



42.0839, 25.6420, 2.7334

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.5498, 36.7893, 12.2543



32.1989, 36.7893, 95.8465



45.4066, 36.7893, 16.3378

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



32.1989, 36.7893, 95.8465



51.1274, 36.7893, 48.7690



37.8896, 36.7893, 11.6470



22.6308, 36.7893, 32.4502

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32.1989, 36.7893, 95.8465



44.7854, 36.7893, 81.8363



37.8896, 36.7893, 11.6470



26.7002, 36.7893, 15.6546

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32.2003, 36.7905, 95.8474



65.2219, 74.1380, 105.4802



35.4585, 68.8810, 18.0922



13.2537, 15.2118, 22.4876



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



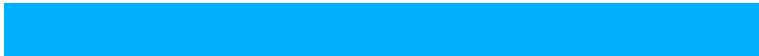
20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32.2003, 36.7905, 95.8474



33.6615, 38.4429, 100.2538



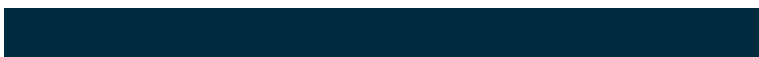
18.3994, 9.1888, 91.2472



17.2882, 18.6532, 22.0745



17.2107, 19.7770, 50.8838



1.6880, 2.0196, 4.7440

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46.9685, 23.3429, 41.5662



49.1200, 24.4120, 43.4253



60.0829, 61.6399, 8.7330



17.7520, 17.4282, 20.5498



24.9792, 12.4074, 22.3966



2.3609, 1.1681, 2.3241

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 32.1989, 36.7893, 95.8465 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

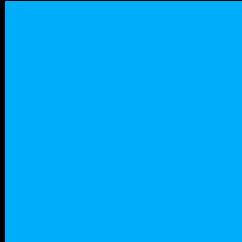
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 32.1989, 36.7893, 95.8465 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

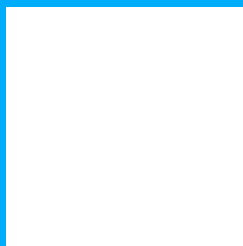
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 32.1989, 36.7893, 95.8465

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 32.1989, 36.7893, 95.8465.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 32.1989, 36.7893,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

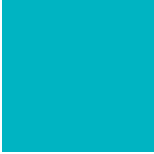
32.1989, 36.7893, 95.8465

Protanopia

38.3041, 36.6078, 86.7085

Deuteranopia

37.7202, 36.5773, 98.0006



Tritanopia

26.0589, 36.5376, 56.7179

Trichromacy



Original Color

32.1989, 36.7893, 95.8465

Protanomaly

33.5633, 35.4076, 89.8594

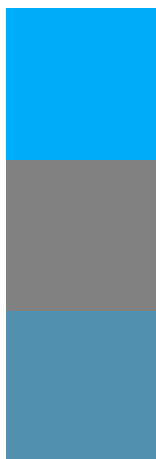
Deuteranomaly

33.9546, 35.7172, 97.2000

Tritanomaly

27.8597, 36.2993, 69.1564

Monochromacy



Original Color

32.1989, 36.7893, 95.8465

Achromatopsia

21.2178, 22.3228, 24.3095

Achromatomaly

21.4861, 25.4528, 43.8248

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 32.1989, 36.7893, 95.8465 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 173, 250)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 173, 250)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 173, 250) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 173, 250) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 32.1989, 36.7893, 95.8465 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 173, 250) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 173, 250) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 173, 250)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 173, 250); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 173, 250);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 173,  
250) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 32.1989, 36.7893, 95.8465 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 173, 250) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 173,  
250) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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