

# Converting Colors

XYZ(32.2300, 47.1049, 57.5151)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(32.2300, 47.1049, 57.5151)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(32.2356, 47.2215, 57.2848)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(32.2356, 47.2215,  
57.2848)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	33CBC0
RGB	51, 203, 192
RGB Percent	20%, 80%, 75%
CMY	0.8000, 0.2039, 0.2471
CMYK	0.75, 0.00, 0.05, 0.20
HSL	176°, 60%, 50%
HSV	176°, 75%, 80%
XYZ	32.2356, 47.2215, 57.2848
YIQ	156.2980, -87.0610, -35.6450

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

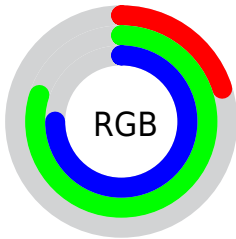
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	51, 130, 203
Decimal	3394496
CIELab	74.33, -40.67, -5.71
CIELCh	74, 41.071, 187.996
Yxy	47.2215, 0.2357, 0.3453
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281584576 (0xFF33CBC0)
YUV	156.2980, 17.6011, -92.3463
Hunter-Lab	68.7179, -36.5219, -1.3230

# Details

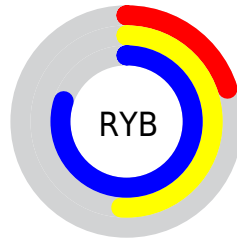
The XYZ color **32.2356, 47.2215, 57.2848** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **00CCCC**. The color can be described as light muted cyan. A complement of this color would be **26.6835, 15.4133, 6.1277**, and the grayscale version is **31.6865, 33.3367, 36.3036**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60.7293, 82.4349, 101.5177**, and **15.2501, 23.0439, 28.0702** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31.2656, 46.7412, 56.3947**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33.6563, 47.9360, 58.2066**.

# Distribution



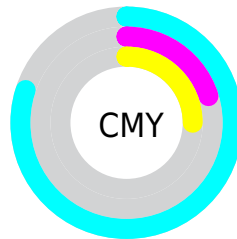
- Red (20%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (20%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (75%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (20%)




- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (25%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 32.2356, 47.2215, 57.2848 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 32.2356, 47.2215, 57.2848 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 32.2356, 47.2215,  
57.2848


 32.2356, 47.2215,  
57.2848


303.9173,  
375.6980, 432.0392


 21.6979, 33.2108,  
40.8231


 62.5430, 86.0442,  
102.3851

 13.7505, 22.2880,  
27.8622


 83.0434, 111.6249,  
131.8607


 8.0279, 14.0687,  
17.9837


 107.5954,  
141.8311, 166.5114

 4.1647, 8.1684,  
10.7689

 136.5644,  
177.0472, 206.7556

 1.7957, 4.2029,  
5.7995

 170.3157,  
217.6575, 253.0120

 0.5151, 1.7877,  
2.6567

209.2148,

 0.0000, 0.4795,

264.0465, 305.6990

0.9215

253.6269,  
316.5985, 365.2353

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 32.2356, 47.2215,  
57.2848

■ 32.2356, 47.2215,  
57.2848

■ 31.2656, 46.7412,  
56.3947

■ 33.6563, 47.9360,  
58.2066

■ 30.6791, 46.4574,  
55.5300

■ 35.5750, 48.9061,  
59.1591

■ 30.4672, 46.3576,  
55.0940

■ 38.0379, 50.1565,  
60.1457

■ 41.0845, 51.7076,  
61.1681

■ 44.7507, 53.5779,  
62.2281

■ 49.0697, 55.7846,  
63.3273

■ 54.0722, 58.3434,  
64.4671

■ 59.7868, 61.2692,  
65.6489

■ 66.2407, 64.5759,  
66.8739

# Harmonies

## Analogous

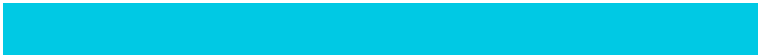
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



32.9599, 47.2215, 37.6321



32.2356, 47.2215, 57.2848



34.5944, 47.2215, 80.7425

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



32.2356, 47.2215, 57.2848



54.2063, 47.2215, 90.5947



50.4172, 47.2215, 22.1718

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32.2356, 47.2215, 57.2848



26.6835, 15.4133, 6.1277

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



57.0316, 47.2215, 30.2204



32.2356, 47.2215, 57.2848



59.3811, 47.2215, 68.2118

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



32.2356, 47.2215, 57.2848



46.8875, 47.2215, 103.1325



60.4681, 47.2215, 45.9627



42.9357, 47.2215, 20.7385



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32.2356, 47.2215, 57.2848



37.7683, 47.2215, 94.1997



60.4681, 47.2215, 45.9627



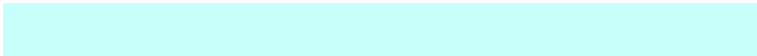
52.8386, 47.2215, 24.0606

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32.2370, 47.2233, 57.2859



76.6897, 90.6096, 104.6641



24.0477, 44.0316, 10.3645



16.0143, 19.1897, 22.2956



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32.2370, 47.2233, 57.2859



51.6630, 77.9290, 93.5070



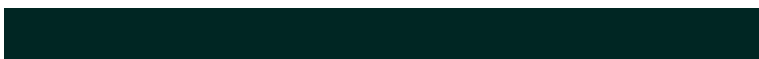
21.4759, 23.6766, 59.9401



11.5069, 12.7125, 14.2265



19.4029, 29.5065, 35.1365



1.0117, 1.5265, 1.8692



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.6835, 15.4133, 6.1277



42.0183, 22.1448, 4.2608



31.2830, 25.0475, 6.3189



11.2447, 11.2266, 11.8233



15.7399, 8.1065, 1.0829

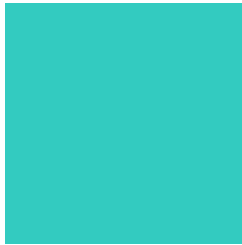


0.8237, 0.4229, 0.1177



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 32.2356, 47.2215, 57.2848 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

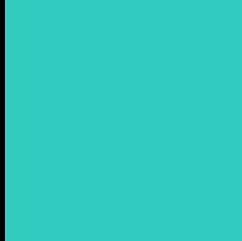
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 32.2356, 47.2215, 57.2848 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

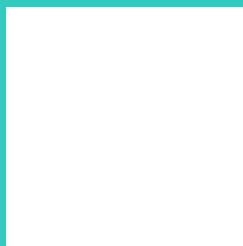
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 32.2356, 47.2215, 57.2848**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 32.2356, 47.2215, 57.2848.



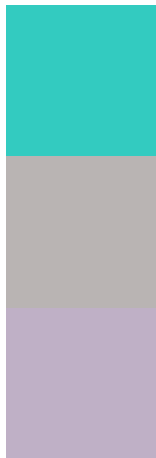
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 32.2356, 47.2215,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

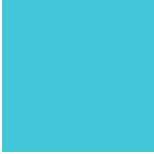
32.2356, 47.2215, 57.2848

### Protanopia

44.4655, 46.2115, 49.2239

### Deuteranopia

47.2042, 46.2043, 59.8565



## **Tritanopia**

35.0649, 46.9630, 72.1824

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

32.2356, 47.2215, 57.2848



## Protanomaly

36.7883, 44.6614, 52.0290



## Deuteranomaly

38.3379, 44.6788, 58.8278



## Tritanomaly

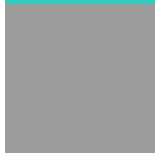
33.8412, 46.8056, 66.2823

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

32.2356, 47.2215, 57.2848



## Achromatopsia

31.5995, 33.2452, 36.2040



## Achromatomaly

29.5762, 36.6033, 43.0424

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 32.2356, 47.2215, 57.2848 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(51, 203, 192)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(51, 203, 192)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(51, 203, 192) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(51, 203, 192) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 32.2356, 47.2215, 57.2848 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(51, 203, 192) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(51, 203, 192) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(51, 203, 192)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(51, 203, 192); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 203, 192);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 203,  
192) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 32.2356, 47.2215, 57.2848 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(51, 203, 192) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(51, 203,  
192) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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