

# Converting Colors

XYZ(32.2559, 28.0922, 12.3167)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(32.2559, 28.0922, 12.3167)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(32.2549, 28.0922,  
12.3166)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C48155
RGB	196, 129, 85
RGB Percent	77%, 51%, 33%
CMY	0.2314, 0.4941, 0.6667
CMYK	0.00, 0.34, 0.57, 0.23
HSL	24°, 48%, 55%
HSV	24°, 57%, 77%
XYZ	32.2549, 28.0922, 12.3166
YIQ	144.0170, 54.0560, 0.5200

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

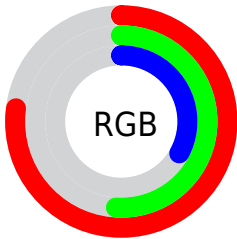
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	196, 158, 85
Decimal	12878165
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	59.97, 21.29, 34.26
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	60, 40.338, 58.141
Yxy	28.0922, 0.4439, 0.3866
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291068245 (0xFFC48155)
YUV	144.0170, -29.0954, 45.5891
Hunter-Lab	53.0021, 15.8742, 23.3237

# Details

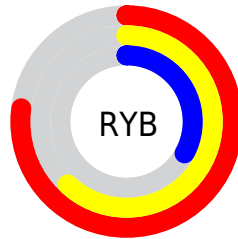
The XYZ color **32.2549, 28.0922, 12.3166** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. The color can be described as middle muted orange. A complement of this color would be **24.9376, 28.3717, 56.3862**, and the grayscale version is **26.6150, 28.0011, 30.4932**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **62.4119, 56.4935, 30.9074**, and **13.7933, 11.2209, 3.2726** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.1124, 24.8857, 8.2785**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34.7948, 31.7487, 17.5516**.

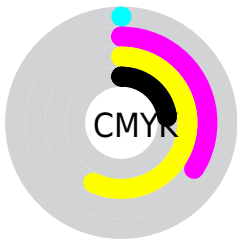
# Distribution



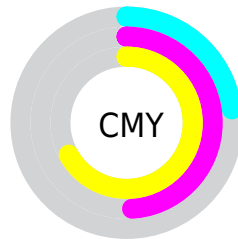
- Red (77%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (77%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Black (23%)




- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (67%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 32.2549, 28.0922, 12.3166 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 32.2549, 28.0922, 12.3166 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 32.2549, 28.0922,  
12.3166


 32.2549, 28.0922,  
12.3166


304.0035,  
292.9072, 217.5419


 21.7128, 18.3952,  
6.8345


 62.5730, 56.6316,  
30.7434


 13.7614, 11.2341,  
3.2820


 83.0796, 76.2428,  
44.5252


 8.0355, 6.2245,  
1.2403


 107.6385, 99.9275,  
61.9107

 4.1697, 2.9821,  
0.0121

 136.6149,  
128.0700, 83.3184

 1.7986, 1.1224,  
0.0000

 170.3743,  
161.0549, 109.1668

 0.5168, 0.0000,  
0.0000

209.2819,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

199.2665, 139.8745

0.0000

253.7032,  
243.0891, 175.8600

■ 32.2549, 28.0922,  
12.3166

■ 32.2549, 28.0922,  
12.3166

■ 30.1124, 24.8857,  
8.2785

■ 34.7948, 31.7487,  
17.5516

■ 28.3410, 22.1052,  
5.3373

■ 37.7521, 35.8690,  
24.0692

■ 26.9134, 19.7309,  
3.3791

■ 41.1479, 40.4716,  
31.9490

■ 25.7947, 17.7376,  
2.2537

■ 45.0007, 45.5725,  
41.2636

■ 25.4681, 17.1423,  
1.9665

■ 49.3283, 51.1870,  
52.0805

■ 54.1473, 57.3296,  
64.4627

■ 59.4735, 64.0142,  
78.4699

■ 65.3218, 71.2543,  
94.1583

■ 70.6587, 78.6435,  
106.0633

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



36.3808, 28.0922, 19.1017



32.2549, 28.0922, 12.3166



27.0221, 28.0922, 10.1451

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



32.2549, 28.0922, 12.3166



18.0032, 28.0922, 29.6801



31.6302, 28.0922, 62.8848

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32.2549, 28.0922, 12.3166



24.9376, 28.3717, 56.3862

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



26.3820, 28.0922, 68.4165



32.2549, 28.0922, 12.3166



18.9109, 28.0922, 45.9453

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



32.2549, 28.0922, 12.3166



19.1664, 28.0922, 17.9650



21.8239, 28.0922, 61.4144



35.9888, 28.0922, 48.0592



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32.2549, 28.0922, 12.3166



23.7449, 28.0922, 10.8257



21.8239, 28.0922, 61.4144



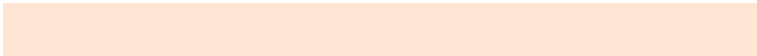
29.8923, 28.0922, 66.0669

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32.2556, 28.0936, 12.3171



81.0534, 81.9436, 73.6008



31.8005, 20.5477, 32.6223



17.0316, 17.1223, 14.9776



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32.2556, 28.0936, 12.3171



53.7090, 43.7855, 13.5237



41.3483, 46.2791, 15.3480



10.3935, 10.7184, 10.5829



16.4434, 11.1725, 1.2898



0.7778, 0.6173, 0.0782



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24.9376, 28.3717, 56.3862



39.1080, 44.2221, 101.0822



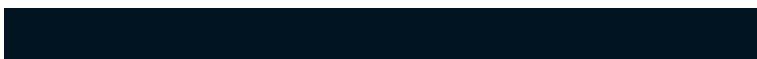
18.0733, 14.6431, 54.0981



10.0226, 10.7365, 12.8289



10.6733, 11.1031, 35.1372

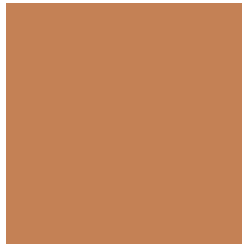


0.5269, 0.6112, 1.5401



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 32.2549, 28.0922, 12.3166 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

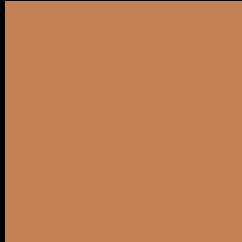
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 32.2549, 28.0922, 12.3166 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

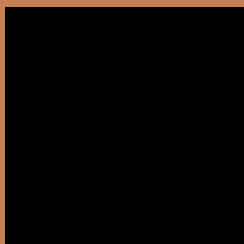
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 32.2549, 28.0922, 12.3166**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 32.2549, 28.0922, 12.3166.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 32.2549, 28.0922,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

32.2549, 28.0922, 12.3166

### Protanopia

26.1143, 28.2752, 13.9788

### Deuteranopia

28.7813, 28.1486, 12.0999



## Tritanopia

35.0672, 28.1112, 25.4076

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

32.2549, 28.0922, 12.3166

## Protanomaly

28.0490, 27.9572, 13.3691

## Deuteranomaly

30.0314, 28.1584, 12.2398

## Tritanomaly

33.9813, 28.0471, 19.8423

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

32.2549, 28.0922, 12.3166

## Achromatopsia

26.5089, 27.8894, 30.3716

## Achromatomaly

27.9120, 27.6818, 22.6109

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 32.2549, 28.0922, 12.3166 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(196, 129, 85)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(196, 129, 85)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(196, 129, 85) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(196, 129, 85) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 32.2549, 28.0922, 12.3166 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(196, 129, 85) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(196, 129, 85) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(196, 129, 85)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(196, 129, 85); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 129, 85);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 129,  
85) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 32.2549, 28.0922, 12.3166 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(196, 129, 85) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(196,  
129, 85) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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