

# Converting Colors

XYZ(32.4400, 28.1399, 4.0562)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(32.4400, 28.1399, 4.0562)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(32.4141, 28.1614,  
4.0751)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CB800C
RGB	203, 128, 12
RGB Percent	80%, 50%, 5%
CMY	0.2039, 0.4980, 0.9529
CMYK	0.00, 0.37, 0.94, 0.20
HSL	36°, 89%, 42%
HSV	36°, 94%, 80%
XYZ	32.4141, 28.1614, 4.0751
YIQ	137.2010, 81.9360, -20.1760

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">135, 203, 12</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">13336588</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">60.03, 21.60, 64.19</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">60, 67.729, 71.407</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">28.1614, 0.5014, 0.4356</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4291526668</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFCB800C</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">137.2010, -61.7241, 57.7057</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">53.0673, 16.1620, 32.5942</a>

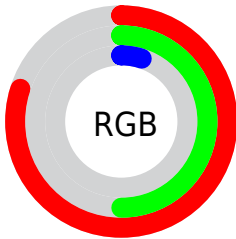
# Details

The XYZ color **32.4141, 28.1614, 4.0751** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9933**.

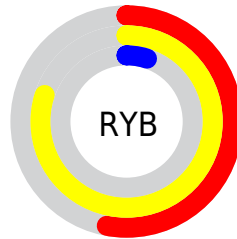
The color can be described as dark washed orange. A complement of this color would be **14.3394, 11.2065, 57.9067**, and the grayscale version is **24.0597, 25.3127, 27.5655**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **58.9999, 54.8022, 13.9468**, and **14.1237, 11.4316, 1.4621** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31.7475, 26.9346, 3.5256**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33.6942, 30.4041, 5.4813**.

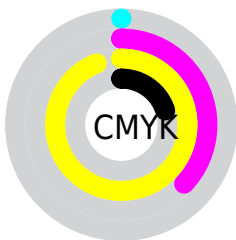
# Distribution



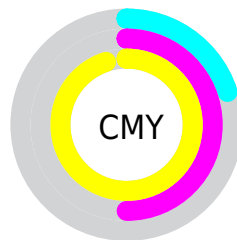
- Red (80%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (5%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (5%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (94%)
- Black (20%)




- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (95%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 32.4141, 28.1614, 4.0751 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 32.4141, 28.1614, 4.0751 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 32.4141, 28.1614,  
4.0751


 32.4141, 28.1614,  
4.0751


304.7132,  
293.2373, 149.0565

 21.8351, 18.4474,  
1.6666


 62.8205, 56.7420,  
14.1826


 13.8517, 11.2716,  
0.3377


 83.3786, 76.3774,  
22.7187

 8.0986, 6.2499,  
0.0000


 107.9938,  
100.0887, 34.1344

 4.2104, 2.9976,  
0.0000

 137.0314,  
128.2602, 48.8484

 1.8219, 1.1305,  
0.0000

 170.8568,  
161.2765, 67.2790

 0.5308, 0.0038,  
0.0000

 209.8353,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

199.5218, 89.8448

0.0000

254.3323,  
243.3806, 116.9645

32.4141, 28.1614,  
4.0751

32.4141, 28.1614,  
4.0751

31.7475, 26.9346,  
3.5256

33.6942, 30.4041,  
5.4813

35.2273, 32.8805,  
7.8109

37.0429, 35.6062,  
11.2076

39.1650, 38.5936,  
15.7893

41.6145, 41.8537,  
21.6583

■ 44.4102, 45.3966,  
28.9056

■ 47.5693, 49.2317,  
37.6142

■ 51.1078, 53.3677,  
47.8602

■ 55.0405, 57.8130,  
59.7144

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



41.2421, 28.1614, 8.7471



32.4141, 28.1614, 4.0751



23.6169, 28.1614, 3.6866

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



32.4141, 28.1614, 4.0751



13.5725, 28.1614, 41.0553



39.3108, 28.1614, 81.9063

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32.4141, 28.1614, 4.0751



14.3394, 11.2065, 57.9067

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.1845, 28.1614, 104.8269



32.4141, 28.1614, 4.0751



16.1495, 28.1614, 74.0611

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



32.4141, 28.1614, 4.0751



13.9177, 28.1614, 17.8686



21.8163, 28.1614, 101.3665



45.7770, 28.1614, 48.4500



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32.4141, 28.1614, 4.0751



19.0168, 28.1614, 5.3574



21.8163, 28.1614, 101.3665



36.3789, 28.1614, 91.7413

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32.4147, 28.1629, 4.0756



77.3093, 79.6228, 56.4220



26.5382, 13.6708, 10.5606



16.0609, 16.4484, 10.7467



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32.4147, 28.1629, 4.0756



52.9403, 44.6607, 5.8301



41.1653, 52.9160, 8.3922



11.7697, 12.3284, 11.8387



20.2950, 17.3230, 2.2740



1.1196, 1.0388, 0.1415



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.3394, 11.2065, 57.9067



22.6193, 16.3586, 96.5731



11.4793, 4.8679, 56.8339



10.9571, 11.5545, 14.2231



8.7550, 6.5340, 36.7560



0.5250, 0.4837, 1.9206



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 32.4141, 28.1614, 4.0751 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 32.4141, 28.1614, 4.0751 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 32.4141, 28.1614, 4.0751**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 32.4141, 28.1614, 4.0751.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 32.4141, 28.1614,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

32.4141, 28.1614, 4.0751

### Protanopia

25.7063, 28.4973, 4.7618

### Deuteranopia

28.8556, 28.3673, 3.9546



## Tritanopia

36.5055, 28.1621, 23.9338

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

32.4141, 28.1614, 4.0751

## Protanomaly

27.6862, 27.9676, 4.4293

## Deuteranomaly

30.0329, 28.1353, 3.9626

## Tritanomaly

34.0928, 27.7128, 12.3563

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

32.4141, 28.1614, 4.0751

## Achromatopsia

23.7775, 25.0158, 27.2422

## Achromatomaly

25.1548, 25.4000, 13.7021

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 32.4141, 28.1614, 4.0751 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(203, 128, 12)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(203, 128, 12)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(203, 128, 12) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(203, 128, 12) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 32.4141, 28.1614, 4.0751 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(203, 128, 12) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(203, 128, 12) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(203, 128, 12)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(203, 128, 12); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 128, 12);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 128,  
12) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 32.4141, 28.1614, 4.0751 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(203, 128, 12) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(203,  
128, 12) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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