

# Converting Colors

XYZ(32.4504, 24.6308, 29.0577)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(32.4504, 24.6308, 29.0577)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(32.3806, 24.5585,  
29.0202)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C06F8F
RGB	192, 111, 143
RGB Percent	75%, 44%, 56%
CMY	0.2471, 0.5647, 0.4392
CMYK	0.00, 0.42, 0.26, 0.25
HSL	336°, 39%, 59%
HSV	336°, 42%, 75%
XYZ	32.3806, 24.5585, 29.0202
YIQ	138.8670, 38.0040, 27.1240

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

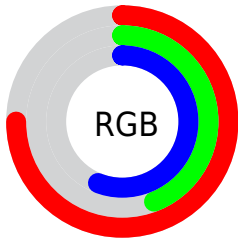
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	192, 111, 143
Decimal	12611471
CIELab	56.64, 36.09, -3.46
CIELCh	57, 36.260, 354.519
Yxy	24.5585, 0.3767, 0.2857
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290801551 (0xFFC06F8F)
YUV	138.8670, 2.0376, 46.5976
Hunter-Lab	49.5565, 29.9093, -0.0305

# Details

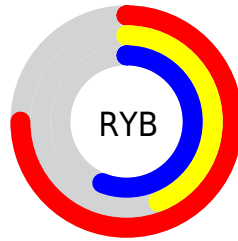
The XYZ color **32.3806, 24.5585, 29.0202** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6699**. A complement of this color would be **31.7515, 43.6175, 40.0054**, and the grayscale version is **24.4723, 25.7467, 28.0382**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **62.7778, 50.9061, 59.3404**, and **13.7979, 9.3620, 11.4358** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29.6715, 20.4762, 23.9983**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **35.6325, 29.5801, 34.6731**.

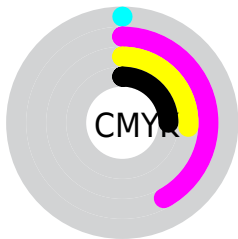
# Distribution



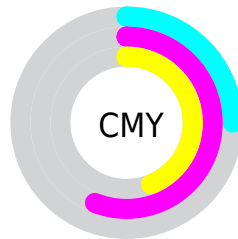
- Red (75%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Black (25%)




- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (44%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 32.3806, 24.5585, 29.0202 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 32.3806, 24.5585, 29.0202 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 32.3806, 24.5585,  
29.0202

 32.3806, 24.5585,  
29.0202


304.5639,  
275.6320, 311.3742


 21.8093, 15.7484,  
18.8504

 62.7685, 50.9401,  
59.1517


 13.8327, 9.3463,  
11.3865


 83.3157, 69.2804,  
79.9506

 8.0853, 4.9678,  
6.2100


 107.9191, 91.5662,  
105.1295

 4.2018, 2.2284,  
2.9023

 136.9438,  
118.1819, 135.1070

 1.8169, 0.7354,  
1.0450

170.7553,  
149.5120, 170.3017

 0.5279, 0.0000,  
0.0000

209.7189,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

185.9408, 211.1321

0.0000

254.2000,  
227.8527, 258.0167

■ 32.3806, 24.5585,  
29.0202

■ 32.3806, 24.5585,  
29.0202

■ 29.6715, 20.4762,  
23.9983

■ 35.6325, 29.5801,  
34.6731

■ 27.4712, 17.2703,  
19.5818

■ 39.4542, 35.5915,  
40.9782

■ 25.7450, 14.8758,  
15.7449


■ 43.8735, 42.6440,  
47.9577


■ 24.4525, 13.2168,  
12.4592


■ 48.9156, 50.7840,  
55.6319


■ 23.5459, 12.2030,  
9.6928


■ 54.6042, 60.0554,  
64.0203

 23.0375, 11.7262,  
7.8586

 60.9619, 70.4995,  
73.1416

 68.0100, 82.1554,  
83.0138

 72.6276, 88.7782,  
92.6072

 74.3703, 89.4753,  
101.7836

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.5879, 24.5585, 42.6123



32.3806, 24.5585, 29.0202



31.5248, 24.5585, 18.2136

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



32.3806, 24.5585, 29.0202



20.1359, 24.5585, 10.6870



18.9445, 24.5585, 50.4607

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32.3806, 24.5585, 29.0202



31.7515, 43.6175, 40.0054

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.7142, 24.5585, 37.5824



32.3806, 24.5585, 29.0202



17.3418, 24.5585, 15.3982

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



32.3806, 24.5585, 29.0202



24.1253, 24.5585, 9.6441



16.1647, 24.5585, 24.5825



22.5761, 24.5585, 57.1606



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32.3806, 24.5585, 29.0202



29.6147, 24.5585, 13.5381



16.1647, 24.5585, 24.5825



18.0243, 24.5585, 46.5528

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32.3813, 24.5597, 29.0207



78.6255, 75.8714, 85.5451



29.6173, 22.6084, 52.6723



16.4699, 15.6398, 17.7309



92.9021, 97.7402, 106.4391



19.4759, 20.4902, 22.3138



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32.3813, 24.5597, 29.0207



53.9268, 37.3449, 43.7984



31.2171, 25.5729, 18.3311



10.2343, 10.1423, 11.3244



15.5377, 7.9048, 5.4774



0.7053, 0.3551, 0.4154



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32.3813, 24.5597, 29.0207



53.9268, 37.3449, 43.7984



33.1906, 41.4254, 56.1160



10.2343, 10.1423, 11.3244



15.5377, 7.9048, 5.4774



0.7053, 0.3551, 0.4154



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 32.3806, 24.5585, 29.0202 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

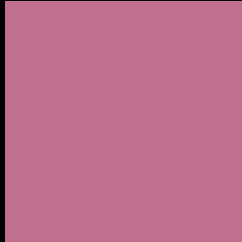
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 32.3806, 24.5585, 29.0202 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 32.3806, 24.5585, 29.0202**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 32.3806, 24.5585, 29.0202.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 32.3806, 24.5585,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

32.3806, 24.5585, 29.0202

### Protanopia

24.3512, 24.7021, 35.8323

### Deuteranopia

25.1242, 24.6625, 27.8622



## Tritanopia

30.9411, 24.6387, 21.8639

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

32.3806, 24.5585, 29.0202

## Protanomaly

26.5370, 24.0916, 33.3885

## Deuteranomaly

27.2511, 24.2013, 28.0460

## Tritanomaly

31.5324, 24.7227, 24.2291

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

32.3806, 24.5585, 29.0202

## Achromatopsia

24.5403, 25.8183, 28.1161

## Achromatomaly

26.6844, 24.8631, 28.2036

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 32.3806, 24.5585, 29.0202 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(192, 111, 143)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(192, 111, 143)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(192, 111, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(192, 111, 143) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 32.3806, 24.5585, 29.0202 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(192, 111, 143) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(192, 111, 143) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(192, 111, 143)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(192, 111, 143); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 111, 143);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 111,  
143) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 32.3806, 24.5585, 29.0202 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(192, 111, 143) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(192,  
111, 143) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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