

Converting Colors

XYZ(32.5102, 16.7553, 1.7163)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(32.5102, 16.7553, 1.7163)
contains.

| | |
|--|----|
| XYZ(32.3514, 16.6734, 1.7142) | 3 |
| <i>Conversions</i> | 4 |
| <i>Details</i> | 6 |
| <i>Harmonies</i> | 12 |
| <i>Previews</i> | 24 |
| <i>Color Blindness Simulation</i> | 28 |
| <i>CSS Examples</i> | 31 |

Color

**XYZ(32.3514, 16.6734,
1.7142)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | E50007 |
| RGB | 229, 0, 7 |
| RGB Percent | 90%, 0%, 3% |
| CMY | 0.1020, 0.9998, 0.9725 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 1.00, 0.97, 0.10 |
| HSL | 358°, 100%, 45% |
| HSV | 358°, 100%, 90% |
| XYZ | 32.3514, 16.6734, 1.7142 |
| YIQ | 69.2690, 134.2370, 50.7250 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

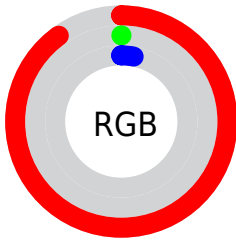
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| RYB | 229, 0, 7 |
| Decimal | 15007751 |
| CIELab | 47.85, 73.91, 59.95 |
| CIELCh | 48, 95.166, 39.049 |
| Yxy | 16.6734, 0.6376, 0.3286 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4293197831 (0xFFE50007) |
| YUV | 69.2690, -30.6986, 140.0841 |
| Hunter-Lab | 40.8331, 69.9648, 26.0941 |

Details

The XYZ color **32.3514, 16.6734, 1.7142** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0000**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **41.2123, 61.3154, 78.8109**, and the grayscale version is **5.7395, 6.0384, 6.5759**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **45.7967, 29.0684, 7.4720**, and **15.1043, 7.7865, 0.7069** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32.3508, 16.6730, 1.7125**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **32.8427, 17.3588, 2.7954**.

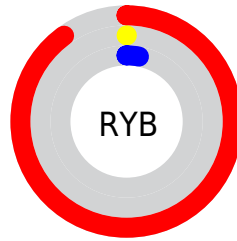
Distribution



Red (90%)

Green (0%)

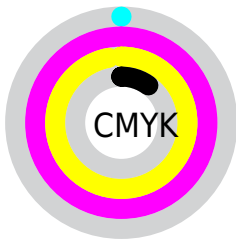
Blue (3%)



Red (90%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (3%)

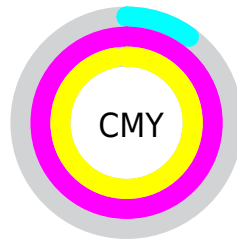


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (97%)

Black (10%)



Cyan (10%)


Magenta (100%)


Yellow (97%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 32.3514, 16.6734, 1.7142 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 32.3514, 16.6734, 1.7142 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 32.3514, 16.6734,
1.7142


 32.3514, 16.6734,
1.7142

 304.4338,
233.2832, 117.7680


 21.7869, 10.0019,
0.3704


 62.7231, 37.7634,
8.2436


 13.8161, 5.4002,
0.0000


 83.2609, 52.9507,
14.3799

 8.0737, 2.4839,
0.0000


 107.8539, 71.7453,
22.9887

 4.1944, 0.8686,
0.0000

 136.8674, 94.5318,
34.4884

 1.8127, 0.0000,
0.0000

 170.6668,
121.6944, 49.2977

 0.5253, 0.0000,
0.0000


 209.6175,


 0.0000, 0.0000,


153.6175, 67.8350


0.0000


 254.0847,
190.6857, 90.5189


 32.3514, 16.6734,
1.7142

 32.3514, 16.6734,
1.7142


 32.3508, 16.6730,
1.7125

 32.8427, 17.3588,
2.7954

 33.8910, 18.8436,
5.0308

 35.6493, 21.3739,
8.6580

 38.2137, 25.0946,
13.8535

 41.6651, 30.1278,
20.7679

■ 46.0749, 36.5805,
29.5342

■ 51.5068, 44.5486,
40.2721

■ 58.0194, 54.1198,
53.0915

■ 65.6668, 65.3749,
68.0941

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



38.2595, 16.6734, 11.7103



32.3514, 16.6734, 1.7142



22.4831, 16.6734, 0.0000

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



32.3514, 16.6734, 1.7142



4.9185, 16.6734, 5.9866



18.5765, 16.6734, 115.6501

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32.3514, 16.6734, 1.7142



41.2123, 61.3154, 78.8109

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.6658, 16.6734, 107.1820



32.3514, 16.6734, 1.7142



4.5250, 16.6734, 26.6125

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



32.3514, 16.6734, 1.7142



7.5827, 16.6734, 0.6003



6.2016, 16.6734, 66.9056



28.6252, 16.6734, 84.7658

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32.3514, 16.6734, 1.7142



16.1220, 16.6734, 0.0000



6.2016, 16.6734, 66.9056



15.5763, 16.6734, 117.6531

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32.3517, 16.6745, 1.7144



65.5820, 56.6289, 51.0929



44.0742, 21.0883, 75.8754



13.3753, 11.1494, 9.6290



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32.3517, 16.6745, 1.7144



41.2824, 21.2769, 2.1530



37.5602, 27.1522, 3.2630



14.3946, 14.3750, 15.0125



18.5047, 9.5361, 1.0207



1.3737, 0.7072, 0.1085

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32.3517, 16.6745, 1.7144



41.2824, 21.2769, 2.1530



21.1228, 19.6161, 76.8009



14.3946, 14.3750, 15.0125



18.5047, 9.5361, 1.0207



1.3737, 0.7072, 0.1085

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 32.3514, 16.6734, 1.7142 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 32.3514, 16.6734, 1.7142

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 32.3514, 16.6734, 1.7142.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 32.3514, 16.6734,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

32.3514, 16.6734, 1.7142

Protanopia

15.6986, 17.3355, 3.8150

Deuteranopia

17.4300, 17.2629, 2.4134



Tritanopia

31.9467, 16.8672, 1.5719

Trichromacy



Original Color

32.3514, 16.6734, 1.7142

Protanomaly

18.3195, 13.0625, 2.3148

Deuteranomaly

20.1111, 13.6170, 1.6545

Tritanomaly

32.1553, 16.7884, 1.6319

Monochromacy



Original Color

32.3514, 16.6734, 1.7142

Achromatopsia

5.6565, 5.9511, 6.4808

Achromatomaly

10.1462, 6.5106, 3.3067

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 32.3514, 16.6734, 1.7142 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(229, 0, 7)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(229, 0, 7)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(229, 0, 7) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(229, 0, 7) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 32.3514, 16.6734, 1.7142 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(229, 0, 7) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(229, 0, 7) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(229, 0, 7)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(229, 0, 7); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 0, 7); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 0, 7) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 32.3514, 16.6734, 1.7142 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(229, 0, 7) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(229, 0,  
7) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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