

# Converting Colors

XYZ(32.5887, 21.7387, 31.4535)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(32.5887, 21.7387, 31.4535)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(32.5348, 21.6899, 31.3260)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(32.5348, 21.6899,  
31.3260)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C65B96
RGB	198, 91, 150
RGB Percent	78%, 36%, 59%
CMY	0.2235, 0.6431, 0.4118
CMYK	0.00, 0.54, 0.24, 0.22
HSL	327°, 48%, 57%
HSV	327°, 54%, 78%
XYZ	32.5348, 21.6899, 31.3260
YIQ	129.7190, 44.8330, 41.0330

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

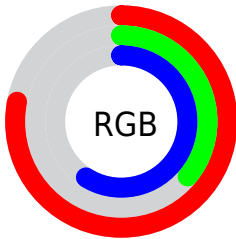
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	198, 91, 150
Decimal	12999574
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	53.70, 49.35, -11.87
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	54, 50.753, 346.480
Yxy	21.6899, 0.3803, 0.2535
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291189654 (0xFFC65B96)
YUV	129.7190, 9.9985, 59.8824
Hunter-Lab	46.5724, 43.1957, -7.2795

# Details

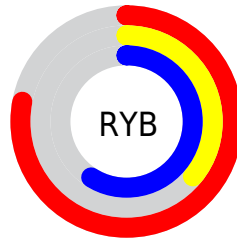
The XYZ color **32.5348, 21.6899, 31.3260** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6699**. The color can be described as middle muted rose. A complement of this color would be **29.1697, 44.4770, 31.4756**, and the grayscale version is **21.0744, 22.1719, 24.1452**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **62.2645, 45.8704, 62.6989**, and **13.8675, 7.8253, 12.5839** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.3717, 18.4651, 27.2087**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **35.1999, 25.8315, 35.8786**.

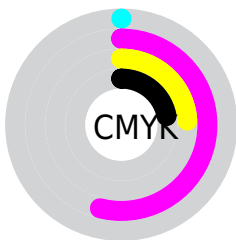
# Distribution



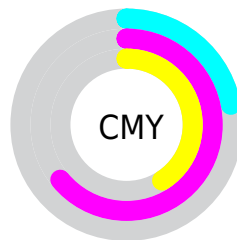
- Red (78%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (59%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (59%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Black (22%)




- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (41%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 32.5348, 21.6899, 31.3260 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 32.5348, 21.6899, 31.3260 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 32.5348, 21.6899,  
31.3260


 32.5348, 21.6899,  
31.3260


305.2505,  
260.9226, 322.4350


 21.9278, 13.6292,  
20.5867


 63.0081, 46.2329,  
62.8385


 13.9202, 7.8632,  
12.6339


 83.6052, 63.4841,  
84.4488

 8.1465, 4.0076,  
7.0492


 108.2630, 84.5675,  
110.5199

 4.2414, 1.6778,  
3.4140

 137.3468,  
109.8676, 141.4702

 1.8396, 0.4092,  
1.3097

171.2222,  
139.7687, 177.7183

 0.5414, 0.0000,  
0.0697

210.2543,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

174.6554, 219.6828

0.0000

254.8086,  
214.9118, 267.7822

■ 32.5348, 21.6899,  
31.3260

■ 32.5348, 21.6899,  
31.3260

■ 30.3717, 18.4651,  
27.2087

■ 35.1999, 25.8315,  
35.8786

■ 28.6714, 16.0815,  
23.5072

■ 38.3983, 30.9511,  
40.8819

■ 27.3920, 14.4566,  
20.2016

■ 42.1608, 37.1085,  
46.3521

■ 26.4820, 13.4897,  
17.2683

■ 46.5153, 44.3577,  
52.3038

■ 26.0585, 13.1137,  
15.6749

■ 51.4877, 52.7489,  
58.7508

■ 57.1024, 62.3291,  
65.7065

■ 63.3823, 73.1428,  
73.1833

■ 70.3495, 85.2321,  
81.1934

■ 73.3239, 89.2359,  
88.1817

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.1583, 21.6899, 50.7967



32.5348, 21.6899, 31.3260



32.3458, 21.6899, 16.1043

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



32.5348, 21.6899, 31.3260



17.7913, 21.6899, 4.9745



14.2252, 21.6899, 52.6397

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32.5348, 21.6899, 31.3260



29.1697, 44.4770, 31.4756

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.1317, 21.6899, 33.1631



32.5348, 21.6899, 31.3260



13.9292, 21.6899, 8.4227

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



32.5348, 21.6899, 31.3260



23.1561, 21.6899, 4.8342



12.0339, 21.6899, 17.2888



18.2681, 21.6899, 66.2949



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32.5348, 21.6899, 31.3260



30.2099, 21.6899, 9.9191



12.0339, 21.6899, 17.2888



13.3038, 21.6899, 46.2492

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32.5354, 21.6910, 31.3264



80.5789, 75.5511, 90.2243



24.3119, 16.9100, 55.4089



16.8940, 15.5815, 18.8336



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32.5354, 21.6910, 31.3264



53.1370, 31.7679, 46.8547



29.2415, 20.3734, 13.9809



10.8745, 10.7332, 12.3223



16.9901, 8.5456, 10.4236



0.8406, 0.4191, 0.6838



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32.5354, 21.6910, 31.3264



53.1370, 31.7679, 46.8547



33.8985, 46.3685, 56.3771



10.8745, 10.7332, 12.3223



16.9901, 8.5456, 10.4236



0.8406, 0.4191, 0.6838



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 32.5348, 21.6899, 31.3260 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

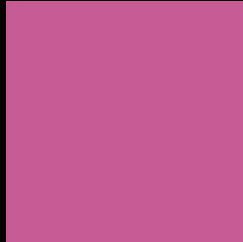
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 32.5348, 21.6899, 31.3260 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

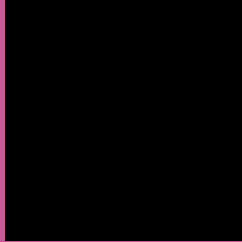
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 32.5348, 21.6899, 31.3260**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 32.5348, 21.6899, 31.3260.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 32.5348, 21.6899,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

32.5348, 21.6899, 31.3260

### Protanopia

22.3975, 21.9187, 43.6077

### Deuteranopia

22.1992, 21.7492, 29.4135



## Tritanopia

29.4591, 21.6452, 16.5352

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

32.5348, 21.6899, 31.3260

## Protanomaly

24.5773, 20.8075, 38.7973

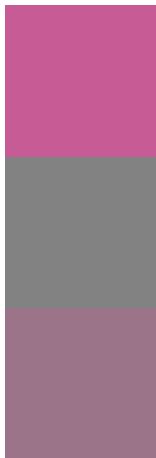
## Deuteranomaly

24.9981, 21.0537, 29.9404

## Tritanomaly

30.3555, 21.5816, 21.3046

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

32.5348, 21.6899, 31.3260

## Achromatopsia

21.2178, 22.3228, 24.3095

## Achromatomaly

24.2783, 21.2655, 26.4920

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 32.5348, 21.6899, 31.3260 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(198, 91, 150)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(198, 91, 150)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(198, 91, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(198, 91, 150) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 32.5348, 21.6899, 31.3260 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(198, 91, 150) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(198, 91, 150) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(198, 91, 150)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(198, 91, 150); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 91, 150);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 91,  
150) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 32.5348, 21.6899, 31.3260 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(198, 91, 150) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(198, 91,  
150) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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