

# Converting Colors

XYZ(32.6366, 36.2660, 5.3373)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(32.6366, 36.2660, 5.3373)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(32.6366, 36.2660,  
5.3373)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B7A302
RGB	183, 163, 2
RGB Percent	72%, 64%, 1%
CMY	0.2824, 0.3608, 0.9921
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.99, 0.28
HSL	53°, 98%, 36%
HSV	53°, 99%, 72%
XYZ	32.6366, 36.2660, 5.3373
YIQ	150.6260, 63.6010, -45.8310

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

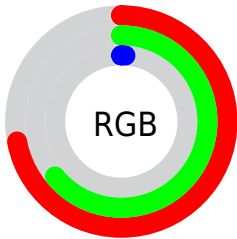
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">R<sub>Y</sub>B</a>	<a href="#">24, 183, 2</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">12034818</a>
CIE Lab	<a href="#">66.72, -6.44, 69.43</a>
CIE LCh	<a href="#">67, 69.728, 95.296</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">36.2660, 0.4396, 0.4885</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4290224898</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFB7A302</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">150.6260, -73.2726, 28.3920</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">60.2213, -8.6501, 36.9001</a>

# Details

The XYZ color **32.6366, 36.2660, 5.3373** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999900**. A complement of this color would be **8.8595, 4.0060, 45.1058**, and the grayscale version is **29.5410, 31.0795, 33.8456**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **63.3381, 69.7193, 16.9564**, and **14.2516, 15.9483, 2.3272** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32.5869, 36.1844, 5.2668**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33.1173, 37.0387, 6.0803**.

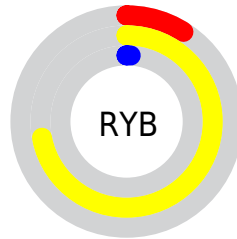
# Distribution



Red (72%)

Green (64%)

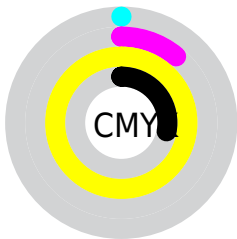
Blue (1%)



Red (9%)

Yellow (72%)

Blue (1%)

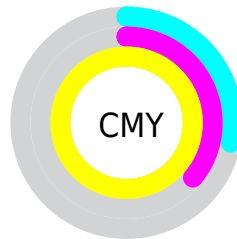


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (99%)

Black (28%)



Cyan (28%)

Magenta (36%)


Yellow (99%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 32.6366, 36.2660, 5.3373 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 32.6366, 36.2660, 5.3373 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 32.6366, 36.2660,  
5.3373


 32.6366, 36.2660,  
5.3373


305.7031,  
330.1217, 162.0969

 22.0061, 24.6397,  
2.3843


 63.1662, 69.4424,  
16.9923


 13.9780, 15.8088,  
0.7779


 83.7961, 91.7614,  
26.5315


 8.1870, 9.3890,  
0.0000


 108.4898,  
118.4133, 39.1031

 4.2676, 4.9958,  
0.0000

 137.6126,  
149.7826, 55.1257

 1.8546, 2.2448,  
0.0000

 171.5300,  
186.2537, 75.0178

 0.5503, 0.7442,  
0.0000

 210.6074,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

228.2110, 99.1981

0.0000

255.2099,  
276.0389, 128.0849

32.6366, 36.2660,  
5.3373

32.6366, 36.2660,  
5.3373

32.5869, 36.1844,  
5.2668

33.1173, 37.0387,  
6.0803

33.7157, 37.8663,  
7.4180

34.4657, 38.7638,  
9.5252

35.3859, 39.7386,  
12.5003

36.4923, 40.7973,  
16.4269

■ 37.7989, 41.9455,  
21.3789

■ 39.3184, 43.1883,  
27.4229

■ 41.0623, 44.5303,  
34.6198

■ 43.0415, 45.9759,  
43.0261

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



43.6306, 36.2660, 6.7818



32.6366, 36.2660, 5.3373



24.0558, 36.2660, 8.5713

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



32.6366, 36.2660, 5.3373



20.4591, 36.2660, 83.2938



56.2983, 36.2660, 68.9737

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32.6366, 36.2660, 5.3373



8.8595, 4.0060, 45.1058

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



47.5242, 36.2660, 108.1256



32.6366, 36.2660, 5.3373



26.6903, 36.2660, 118.9300

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



32.6366, 36.2660, 5.3373



18.0003, 36.2660, 45.0783



36.3703, 36.2660, 129.7827



58.7809, 36.2660, 34.3792



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32.6366, 36.2660, 5.3373



20.3745, 36.2660, 14.8409



36.3703, 36.2660, 129.7827



53.9105, 36.2660, 82.4893

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32.6374, 36.2677, 5.3380



69.9582, 76.9830, 47.2508



19.7061, 10.1733, 1.7424



15.1943, 16.7945, 9.4073



88.6918, 93.3107, 101.6153



17.8044, 18.7317, 20.3988



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32.6374, 36.2677, 5.3380



58.2571, 64.5943, 9.3975



23.8347, 37.4233, 6.0250



9.6632, 10.3293, 9.5914



22.7644, 25.3051, 3.6846



0.8268, 0.9408, 0.1380



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.8595, 4.0060, 45.1058



15.6818, 6.8709, 80.7354



11.1964, 4.8170, 45.1392



8.5989, 8.8750, 11.3393



6.1660, 2.7917, 31.4669



0.2438, 0.1514, 1.1181



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 32.6366, 36.2660, 5.3373 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

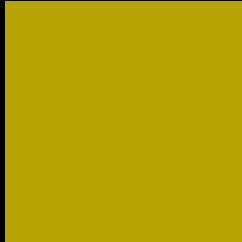
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 32.6366, 36.2660, 5.3373 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 32.6366, 36.2660, 5.3373**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 32.6366, 36.2660, 5.3373.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 32.6366, 36.2660,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

32.6366, 36.2660, 5.3373

### Protanopia

32.6311, 36.2639, 5.3085

### Deuteranopia

36.8678, 36.1445, 5.7429



## Tritanopia

39.4157, 35.9840, 39.5185

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

32.6366, 36.2660, 5.3373

## Protanomaly

32.6311, 36.2639, 5.3085

## Deuteranomaly

35.1622, 36.0160, 5.5140

## Tritanomaly

35.2063, 35.2610, 18.0472

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

32.6366, 36.2660, 5.3373

## Achromatopsia

29.4150, 30.9469, 33.7012

## Achromatomaly

28.9833, 32.0923, 15.9761

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 32.6366, 36.2660, 5.3373 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(183, 163, 2)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(183, 163, 2)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(183, 163, 2) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(183, 163, 2) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 32.6366, 36.2660, 5.3373 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(183, 163, 2) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(183, 163, 2) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(183, 163, 2)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(183, 163, 2); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(183, 163, 2);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(183, 163,  
2) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 32.6366, 36.2660, 5.3373 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(183, 163, 2) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(183,  
163, 2) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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