

# Converting Colors

XYZ(32.7293, 23.5098, 18.4863)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(32.7293, 23.5098, 18.4863)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(32.6338, 23.5324,  
18.4450)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	CC6671
RGB	204, 102, 113
RGB Percent	80%, 40%, 44%
CMY	0.2000, 0.6000, 0.5569
CMYK	0.00, 0.50, 0.45, 0.20
HSL	354°, 50%, 60%
HSV	354°, 50%, 80%
XYZ	32.6338, 23.5324, 18.4450
YIQ	133.7520, 57.2610, 25.0450

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

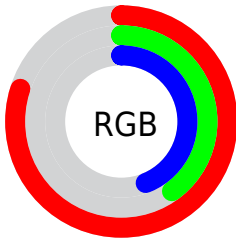
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	204, 102, 113
Decimal	13395569
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	55.62, 41.42, 12.81
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	56, 43.361, 17.188
Yxy	23.5324, 0.4374, 0.3154
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291585649 (0xFFCC6671)
YUV	133.7520, -10.2307, 61.6075
Hunter-Lab	48.5102, 35.1877, 11.4134

# Details

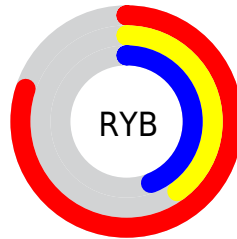
The XYZ color **32.6338, 23.5324, 18.4450** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. A complement of this color would be **36.6992, 49.8612, 58.1451**, and the grayscale version is **22.5914, 23.7679, 25.8832**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **59.7529, 47.4193, 41.6008**, and **13.9488, 8.7739, 5.9594** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29.9459, 19.6353, 12.9905**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **36.0217, 28.5006, 25.1471**.

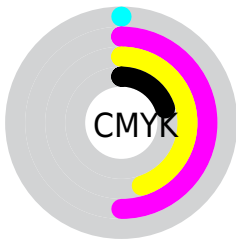
# Distribution



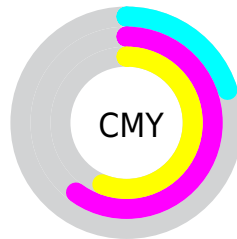
- Red (80%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Black (20%)




- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (56%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 32.6338, 23.5324, 18.4450 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 32.6338, 23.5324, 18.4450 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 32.6338, 23.5324,  
18.4450


 32.6338, 23.5324,  
18.4450


305.6906,  
270.4478, 255.6873


 22.0039, 14.9871,  
11.0972


 63.1619, 49.2661,  
41.6183


 13.9764, 8.8103,  
6.0173


 83.7908, 67.2232,  
58.2808

 8.1859, 4.6177,  
2.7866


 108.4835, 89.0865,  
78.8854

 4.2669, 2.0247,  
0.9867

 137.6053,  
115.2402, 103.8505

 1.8542, 0.6218,  
0.0000

171.5216,  
146.0688, 133.5947

 0.5500, 0.0000,  
0.0000

210.5976,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

181.9567, 168.5366

0.0000

255.1989,  
223.2882, 209.0946

■ 32.6338, 23.5324,  
18.4450

■ 32.6338, 23.5324,  
18.4450

■ 29.9459, 19.6353,  
12.9905

■ 36.0217, 28.5006,  
25.1471

■ 27.9069, 16.7271,  
8.7049

■ 40.1522, 34.6070,  
33.1662

■ 26.4619, 14.7194,  
5.5027


■ 45.0666, 41.9175,  
42.5681


■ 25.5455, 13.5066,  
3.2857


■ 50.8027, 50.4919,  
53.4139

■ 25.0466, 12.8954,  
1.9278

■ 57.3959, 60.3860,  
65.7609

 25.0464, 12.8952,  
1.9275

 64.8792, 71.6523,  
79.6633

 73.2844, 84.3405,  
95.1727

 78.7117, 91.5773,  
108.1354

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



32.8740, 23.5324, 32.0870



32.6338, 23.5324, 18.4450



29.4033, 23.5324, 10.4837

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



32.6338, 23.5324, 18.4450



16.1404, 23.5324, 11.3077



20.3412, 23.5324, 61.9867

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32.6338, 23.5324, 18.4450



36.6992, 49.8612, 58.1451

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.5534, 23.5324, 50.9647



32.6338, 23.5324, 18.4450



14.3774, 23.5324, 20.0909

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



32.6338, 23.5324, 18.4450



19.6955, 23.5324, 7.5186



14.5166, 23.5324, 34.4562



25.2694, 23.5324, 61.0303



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32.6338, 23.5324, 18.4450



26.2238, 23.5324, 7.9257



14.5166, 23.5324, 34.4562



18.9079, 23.5324, 59.4289

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32.6344, 23.5336, 18.4454



79.0227, 75.9706, 78.8168



37.4147, 25.0832, 59.9960



16.4880, 15.6243, 16.0633



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32.6344, 23.5336, 18.4454



49.2907, 32.0825, 20.8880



36.8405, 32.8772, 16.9763



11.2607, 11.2330, 11.9073



15.7816, 8.1232, 1.3027



0.8312, 0.4259, 0.1568



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32.6344, 23.5336, 18.4454



49.2907, 32.0825, 20.8880



29.8168, 34.0598, 62.1291



11.2607, 11.2330, 11.9073



15.7816, 8.1232, 1.3027



0.8312, 0.4259, 0.1568



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 32.6338, 23.5324, 18.4450 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 32.6338, 23.5324, 18.4450 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

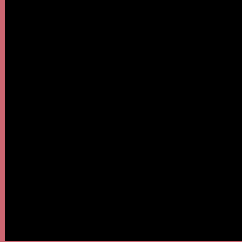
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 32.6338, 23.5324, 18.4450**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 32.6338, 23.5324, 18.4450.



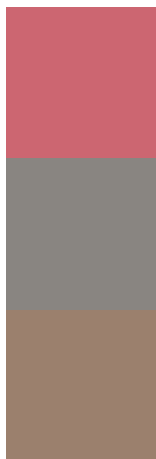
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 32.6338, 23.5324,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

32.6338, 23.5324, 18.4450

### Protanopia

22.6665, 23.6784, 24.1446

### Deuteranopia

23.9971, 23.5110, 17.7413



## Tritanopia

32.5666, 23.6637, 17.6029

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

32.6338, 23.5324, 18.4450

## Protanomaly

25.2326, 22.9262, 21.8342

## Deuteranomaly

26.6449, 23.2037, 17.8263

## Tritanomaly

32.6213, 23.6856, 17.8914

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

32.6338, 23.5324, 18.4450

## Achromatopsia

22.6597, 23.8398, 25.9615

## Achromatomaly

25.0235, 22.7964, 22.8199

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 32.6338, 23.5324, 18.4450 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(204, 102, 113)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(204, 102, 113)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(204, 102, 113) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(204, 102, 113) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 32.6338, 23.5324, 18.4450 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(204, 102, 113) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(204, 102, 113) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(204, 102, 113) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(204, 102, 113); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 102, 113);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 102,  
113) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 32.6338, 23.5324, 18.4450 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(204, 102, 113) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(204,  
102, 113) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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