

# Converting Colors

XYZ(32.7842, 37.3411, 97.9494)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(32.7842, 37.3411, 97.9494)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(32.7067, 37.3004,  
97.5713)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00AEFC
RGB	0, 174, 252
RGB Percent	0%, 68%, 99%
CMY	0.9997, 0.3176, 0.0118
CMYK	1.00, 0.31, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	199°, 100%, 49%
HSV	199°, 100%, 99%
XYZ	32.7067, 37.3004, 97.5713
YIQ	130.8660, -128.7420, -12.6300

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

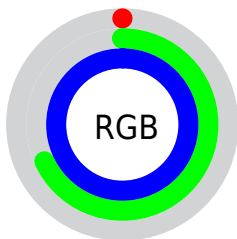
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	0, 103, 252
Decimal	44796
CIE Lab	67.50, -9.54, -48.85
CIE LCh	68, 49.774, 258.945
Yxy	37.3004, 0.1952, 0.2226
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278234876 (0xFF00AEFC)
YUV	130.8660, 59.7191, -114.7695
Hunter-Lab	61.0741, -11.2883, -51.9693

# Details

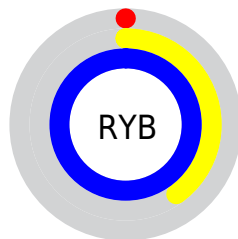
The XYZ color **32.7067, 37.3004, 97.5713** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3399CC**. The color can be described as middle saturated azure. A complement of this color would be **42.8749, 26.1543, 2.7905**, and the grayscale version is **21.3602, 22.4726, 24.4727**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **52.7514, 66.7034, 104.7025**, and **16.8099, 17.8592, 54.1910** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32.7031, 37.2929, 97.5708**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34.6662, 40.6141, 98.1084**.

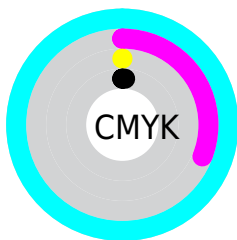
# Distribution



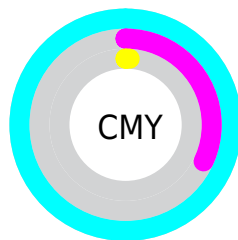
- Red (0%)
- Green (68%)
- Blue (99%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (99%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (1%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 32.7067, 37.3004, 97.5713 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 32.7067, 37.3004, 97.5713 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 32.7067, 37.3004,  
97.5713

■ 32.7067, 37.3004,  
97.5713

306.0144,  
334.6093, 573.5576

■ 22.0600, 25.4402,  
73.6682

■ 63.2751, 71.0346,  
159.8382

■ 14.0179, 16.4053,  
54.0274

■ 83.9275, 93.6773,  
199.0392

■ 8.2149, 9.8114,  
38.2302

■ 108.6459,  
120.6829, 244.1765

■ 4.2857, 5.2741,  
25.8582

■ 137.7955,  
152.4359, 295.6687

■ 1.8650, 2.4090,  
16.4928

■ 171.7419,  
189.3207, 353.9344

■ 0.5564, 0.8305,  
9.7154

210.8502,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

231.7215, 419.3921

5.1076

255.4860,  
280.0229, 492.4603

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
2.2507

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.7034

■ 32.7067, 37.3004,  
97.5713

■ 32.7067, 37.3004,  
97.5713

■ 32.7031, 37.2929,  
97.5708

■ 34.6662, 40.6141,  
98.1084

■ 37.2377, 44.3749,  
98.6988

■ 40.5842, 48.6694,  
99.3514

■ 44.8047, 53.5508,  
100.0711

■ 49.9826, 59.0639,  
100.8623

■ 56.1909, 65.2483,  
101.7288

■ 63.4951, 72.1398,  
102.6741

■ 71.9548, 79.7710,  
103.7012

■ 81.6255, 88.1722,  
104.8130

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



26.6435, 37.3004, 81.3801



32.7067, 37.3004, 97.5713



40.4459, 37.3004, 94.9049

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



32.7067, 37.3004, 97.5713



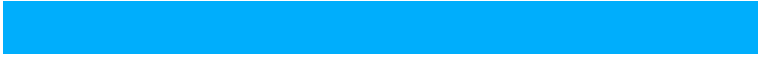
51.2637, 37.3004, 28.4152



25.4779, 37.3004, 18.7541

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32.7067, 37.3004, 97.5713



42.8749, 26.1543, 2.7905

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.8888, 37.3004, 12.3798



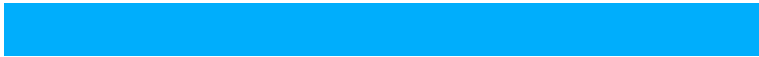
32.7067, 37.3004, 97.5713



46.0172, 37.3004, 16.4104

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



32.7067, 37.3004, 97.5713



51.9365, 37.3004, 49.2383



38.3487, 37.3004, 11.7127



22.8879, 37.3004, 33.0602



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32.7067, 37.3004, 97.5713



45.5254, 37.3004, 82.9749



38.3487, 37.3004, 11.7127



26.9878, 37.3004, 15.8716

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32.7081, 37.3016, 97.5723



65.1893, 74.0727, 105.4694



36.1039, 70.1388, 18.4089



13.2459, 15.1962, 22.4850



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

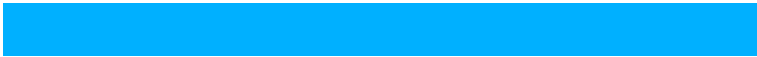


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32.7081, 37.3016, 97.5723



33.5853, 38.2906, 100.2284



18.7319, 9.3491, 92.9135



17.2859, 18.6486, 22.0738



17.1724, 19.7003, 50.8710



1.6846, 2.0130, 4.7429



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47.7861, 23.7532, 42.1116



49.0815, 24.3966, 43.2228



61.1758, 62.7562, 8.8908



17.7508, 17.4277, 20.5437



24.9599, 12.3997, 22.2948

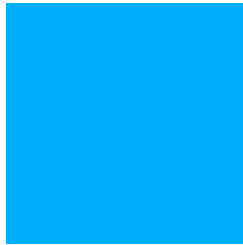


2.3593, 1.1674, 2.3152



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 32.7067, 37.3004, 97.5713 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

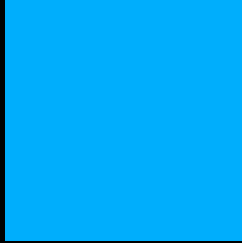
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 32.7067, 37.3004, 97.5713 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

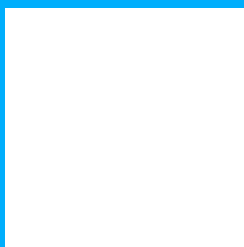
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 32.7067, 37.3004, 97.5713**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 32.7067, 37.3004, 97.5713.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 32.7067, 37.3004,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

32.7067, 37.3004, 97.5713

### Protanopia

38.7754, 37.0749, 88.3316

### Deuteranopia

38.2174, 37.0592, 99.7466



## Tritanopia

26.5783, 37.3960, 57.4471

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

32.7067, 37.3004, 97.5713



## Protanomaly

34.0481, 35.8912, 91.5194



## Deuteranomaly

34.4558, 36.2097, 98.9391



## Tritanomaly

28.5148, 37.1981, 70.6428

# Monochromacy



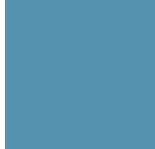
## Original Color

32.7067, 37.3004, 97.5713



## Achromatopsia

21.5731, 22.6966, 24.7166



## Achromatomaly

21.7389, 25.8016, 44.3919

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 32.7067, 37.3004, 97.5713 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 174, 252)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 174, 252)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 174, 252) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 174, 252) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 32.7067, 37.3004, 97.5713 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 174, 252) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 174, 252) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 174, 252) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 174, 252); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 174, 252);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 174,  
252) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 32.7067, 37.3004, 97.5713 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 174, 252) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 174,  
252) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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