

# Converting Colors

XYZ(32.7881, 47.6980, 64.6053)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(32.7881, 47.6980, 64.6053)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(32.7804, 47.6941,  
64.6049)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	14CCCC
RGB	20, 204, 204
RGB Percent	8%, 80%, 80%
CMY	0.9215, 0.2000, 0.2000
CMYK	0.90, 0.00, 0.00, 0.20
HSL	180°, 82%, 44%
HSV	180°, 90%, 80%
XYZ	32.7804, 47.6941, 64.6049
YIQ	148.9840, -109.6640, -39.0080

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

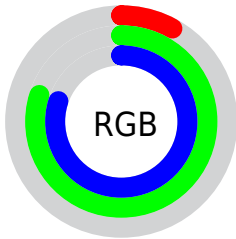
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	20, 112, 204
Decimal	1363148
CIELab	74.63, -40.01, -11.80
CIELCh	75, 41.716, 196.430
Yxy	47.6941, 0.2259, 0.3287
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279553228 (0xFF14CCCC)
YUV	148.9840, 27.1229, -113.1190
Hunter-Lab	69.0609, -36.1299, -7.1218

# Details

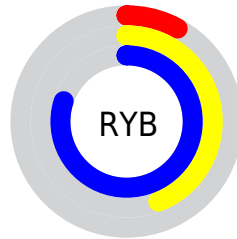
The XYZ color **32.7804, 47.6941, 64.6049** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00CCCC**. The color can be described as middle washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **25.2798, 13.3896, 1.9151**, and the grayscale version is **28.4867, 29.9702, 32.6375**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60.2404, 82.0550, 107.2709**, and **16.2525, 23.6969, 32.5715** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32.4928, 47.5469, 64.5924**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33.3846, 48.0066, 64.6344**.

# Distribution



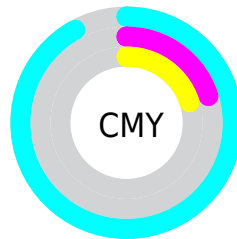
- Red (8%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (8%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (20%)




- Cyan (92%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (20%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 32.7804, 47.6941, 64.6049 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 32.7804, 47.6941, 64.6049 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 32.7804, 47.6941,  
64.6049


 32.7804, 47.6941,  
64.6049


306.3416,  
377.5783, 459.6381

 22.1167, 33.5847,  
46.6915


 63.3895, 86.7488,  
113.0895

 14.0598, 22.5747,  
32.4392


 84.0656, 112.4628,  
144.4977

 8.2442, 14.2798,  
21.4296


 108.8099,  
142.8139, 181.2412

 4.3047, 8.3155,  
13.2441

 137.9877,  
178.1864, 223.7387

 1.8759, 4.2975,  
7.4641

 171.9645,  
218.9647, 272.4085

 0.5628, 1.8413,  
3.6712

211.1054,

 0.0000, 0.5127,

265.5332, 327.6694

1.4468

255.7760,  
318.2763, 389.9397

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.1778

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 32.7804, 47.6941,  
64.6049

■ 32.7804, 47.6941,  
64.6049

■ 32.4928, 47.5469,  
64.5924

■ 33.3846, 48.0066,  
64.6344

■ 34.4067, 48.5335,  
64.6823

■ 35.9057, 49.3063,  
64.7526

■ 37.9302, 50.3499,  
64.8475

■ 40.5228, 51.6865,  
64.9689

■ 43.7217, 53.3356,  
65.1187

■ 47.5619, 55.3153,  
65.2986

■ 52.0757, 57.6422,  
65.5099

■ 57.2930, 60.3318,  
65.7542

# Harmonies

## Analogous

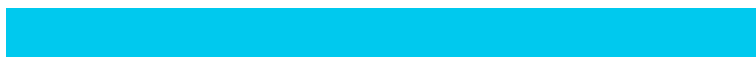
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



32.6295, 47.6941, 42.7704



32.7804, 47.6941, 64.6049



36.0410, 47.6941, 88.2691

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



32.7804, 47.6941, 64.6049



56.6888, 47.6941, 86.1955



48.8254, 47.6941, 21.0852

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32.7804, 47.6941, 64.6049



25.2798, 13.3896, 1.9151

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



56.0961, 47.6941, 27.2496



32.7804, 47.6941, 64.6049



60.9649, 47.6941, 62.3137

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



32.7804, 47.6941, 64.6049



49.5646, 47.6941, 102.9107



60.7367, 47.6941, 41.0331



41.3471, 47.6941, 21.3811



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32.7804, 47.6941, 64.6049



39.7691, 47.6941, 100.1407



60.7367, 47.6941, 41.0331



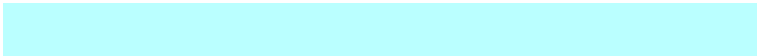
51.3905, 47.6941, 22.3767

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32.7818, 47.6959, 64.6060



74.0961, 89.1979, 107.9188



22.0755, 43.4210, 7.8806



15.4201, 18.8654, 23.0785



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32.7818, 47.6959, 64.6060



53.8096, 78.7399, 106.9680



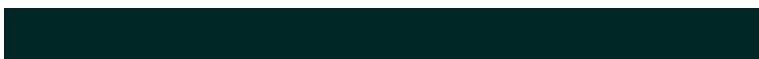
17.3284, 16.7886, 59.4559



11.5433, 12.7271, 14.4185



20.4507, 29.9256, 40.6539



1.0550, 1.5438, 2.0973



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25.2798, 13.3896, 1.9151



41.2400, 21.2600, 1.9301



30.4923, 23.8146, 3.6526



11.2124, 11.2137, 11.6530



15.6735, 8.0800, 0.7336

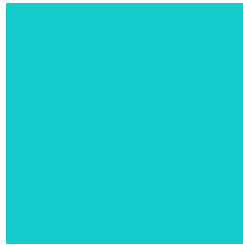


0.8086, 0.4168, 0.0379



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 32.7804, 47.6941, 64.6049 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 32.7804, 47.6941, 64.6049 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

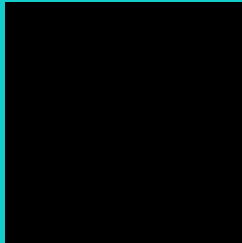
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

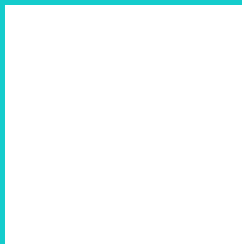
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 32.7804, 47.6941, 64.6049**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 32.7804, 47.6941, 64.6049.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 32.7804, 47.6941,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

32.7804, 47.6941, 64.6049

### Protanopia

45.3466, 46.8327, 55.3648

### Deuteranopia

48.0468, 47.0587, 67.5237



## Tritanopia

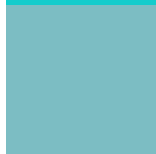
34.6899, 47.7744, 73.7227

# Trichromacy



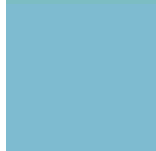
## Original Color

32.7804, 47.6941, 64.6049



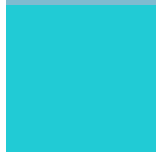
## Protanomaly

36.3601, 44.6204, 58.3260



## Deuteranomaly

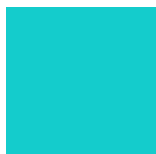
37.7597, 44.5303, 66.2796



## Tritanomaly

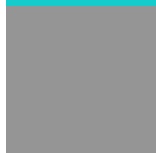
33.9934, 47.8393, 70.3931

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

32.7804, 47.6941, 64.6049



## Achromatopsia

28.5667, 30.0544, 32.7292



## Achromatomaly

26.8289, 34.0653, 42.6973

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 32.7804, 47.6941, 64.6049 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(20, 204, 204)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(20, 204, 204)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(20, 204, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(20, 204, 204) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 32.7804, 47.6941, 64.6049 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(20, 204, 204) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(20, 204, 204) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(20, 204, 204)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(20, 204, 204); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(20, 204, 204);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(20, 204,  
204) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 32.7804, 47.6941, 64.6049 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(20, 204, 204) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(20, 204,  
204) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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