

# Converting Colors

XYZ(32.9104, 18.4187, 44.6731)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(32.9104, 18.4187, 44.6731)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(32.7785, 18.3567,  
44.4634)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C53CB3
RGB	197, 60, 179
RGB Percent	77%, 24%, 70%
CMY	0.2274, 0.7647, 0.2980
CMYK	0.00, 0.70, 0.09, 0.23
HSL	308°, 54%, 50%
HSV	308°, 70%, 77%
XYZ	32.7785, 18.3567, 44.4634
YIQ	114.5290, 43.4530, 66.0530

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

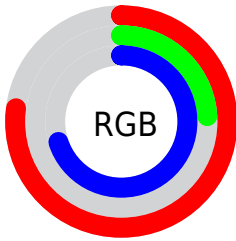
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	197, 60, 179
Decimal	12926131
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	49.93, 66.47, -34.72
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	50, 74.990, 332.423
Yxy	18.3567, 0.3429, 0.1920
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291116211 (0xFFC53CB3)
YUV	114.5290, 31.7842, 72.3271
Hunter-Lab	42.8447, 61.5838, -31.5387

# Details

The XYZ color **32.7785, 18.3567, 44.4634** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3399**. The color can be described as middle muted rose. A complement of this color would be **23.2058, 41.4440, 13.9856**, and the grayscale version is **16.0524, 16.8883, 18.3914**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **62.7138, 40.2150, 83.0542**, and **14.4134, 6.9953, 20.3292** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31.6727, 16.5597, 42.8153**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34.2745, 20.9254, 46.2661**.

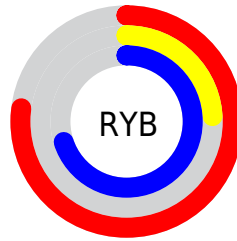
# Distribution



Red (77%)

Green (24%)

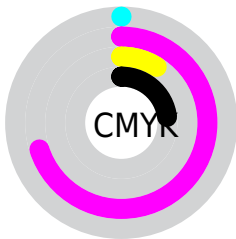
Blue (70%)



Red (77%)

Yellow (24%)

Blue (70%)

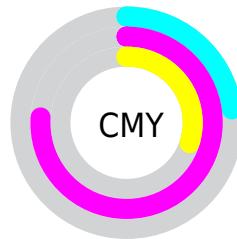


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (70%)

Yellow (9%)

Black (23%)



Cyan (23%)

Magenta (76%)


Yellow (30%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 32.7785, 18.3567, 44.4634 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 32.7785, 18.3567, 44.4634 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 32.7785, 18.3567,  
44.4634


 32.7785, 18.3567,  
44.4634


306.3331,  
242.8740, 380.6925

 22.1152, 11.2064,  
30.6951


 63.3866, 40.6442,  
83.2245

 14.0587, 6.2058,  
20.1103


 84.0621, 56.5502,  
109.0544


 8.2435, 2.9706,  
12.2904


 108.8057, 76.1435,  
139.7419

 4.3042, 1.1164,  
6.8168

 137.9828, 99.8085,  
175.7055

 1.8757, 0.0000,  
3.2711

 171.9587,  
127.9297, 217.3639

 0.5626, 0.0000,  
1.2347

211.0989,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

160.8914, 265.1355

0.0073

255.7685,  
199.0780, 319.4388

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 32.7785, 18.3567,  
44.4634

■ 32.7785, 18.3567,  
44.4634

■ 31.6727, 16.5597,  
42.8153

■ 34.2745, 20.9254,  
46.2661

■ 30.9100, 15.4415,  
41.3056

■ 36.1971, 24.3396,  
48.2352

■ 30.4091, 14.8394,  
39.9071

■ 38.5804, 28.6675,  
50.3824

■ 30.3879, 14.8151,  
39.8439

■ 41.4548, 33.9695,  
52.7180

■ 44.8479, 40.3009,  
55.2512

■ 48.7854, 47.7129,  
57.9907

■ 53.2910, 56.2531,  
60.9447

■ 58.3873, 65.9665,  
64.1207

■ 64.0955, 76.8956,  
67.5259

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



25.9509, 18.3567, 75.4277



32.7785, 18.3567, 44.4634



35.2066, 18.3567, 18.3609

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



32.7785, 18.3567, 44.4634



16.8699, 18.3567, 0.7800



8.1922, 18.3567, 49.5854

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32.7785, 18.3567, 44.4634



23.2058, 41.4440, 13.9856

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



6.9658, 18.3567, 21.7071



32.7785, 18.3567, 44.4634



11.0399, 18.3567, 1.7389

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



32.7785, 18.3567, 44.4634



24.6550, 18.3567, 1.4307



7.8445, 18.3567, 6.6977



11.8024, 18.3567, 79.5552



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32.7785, 18.3567, 44.4634



33.5842, 18.3567, 8.3764



7.8445, 18.3567, 6.6977



7.5404, 18.3567, 39.1930

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32.7792, 18.3576, 44.4638



79.1694, 70.0185, 98.1197



14.6740, 8.7998, 53.7490



16.5705, 14.2859, 20.7255



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32.7792, 18.3576, 44.4638



56.0080, 28.5699, 75.3731



27.5962, 16.2844, 17.1706



11.0208, 10.7917, 13.0929



20.0094, 9.7533, 26.3232



0.9646, 0.4687, 1.3366



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32.7792, 18.3576, 44.4638



56.0080, 28.5699, 75.3731



26.9017, 42.9223, 33.4479



11.0208, 10.7917, 13.0929



20.0094, 9.7533, 26.3232



0.9646, 0.4687, 1.3366



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 32.7785, 18.3567, 44.4634 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

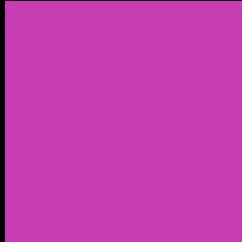
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 32.7785, 18.3567, 44.4634 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

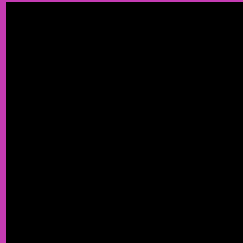
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 32.7785, 18.3567, 44.4634**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 32.7785, 18.3567, 44.4634.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 32.7785, 18.3567,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

32.7785, 18.3567, 44.4634

### Protanopia

21.8799, 18.9330, 75.9000

### Deuteranopia

18.9897, 18.5685, 40.6134



## Tritanopia

26.1230, 18.2981, 12.5110

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

32.7785, 18.3567, 44.4634

## Protanomaly

21.8791, 16.1447, 62.9358

## Deuteranomaly

21.8092, 16.7174, 41.6125

## Tritanomaly

27.7778, 17.8394, 21.0481

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

32.7785, 18.3567, 44.4634

## Achromatopsia

16.2955, 17.1441, 18.6699

## Achromatomaly

20.3567, 16.0391, 26.0677

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 32.7785, 18.3567, 44.4634 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(197, 60, 179)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(197, 60, 179)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(197, 60, 179) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(197, 60, 179) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 32.7785, 18.3567, 44.4634 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(197, 60, 179) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(197, 60, 179) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(197, 60, 179)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(197, 60, 179); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 60, 179);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 60,  
179) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 32.7785, 18.3567, 44.4634 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(197, 60, 179) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(197, 60,  
179) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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