

# Converting Colors

XYZ(32.9208, 65.3154, 12.5959)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(32.9208, 65.3154, 12.5959)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(32.9863, 65.4384, 12.6426)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(32.9863, 65.4384,  
12.6426)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00F525
RGB	0, 245, 37
RGB Percent	0%, 96%, 15%
CMY	1.0000, 0.0392, 0.8549
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.85, 0.04
HSL	129°, 100%, 48%
HSV	129°, 100%, 96%
XYZ	32.9863, 65.4384, 12.6426
YIQ	148.0330, -79.2520, -116.6280

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

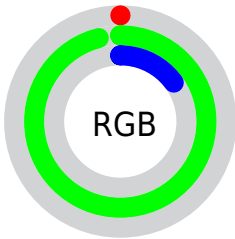
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 213, 245
Decimal	62757
CIELab	84.71, -82.72, 76.07
CIELCh	85, 112.375, 137.399
Yxy	65.4384, 0.2970, 0.5892
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278252837 (0xFF00F525)
YUV	148.0330, -54.7393, -129.8249
Hunter-Lab	80.8940, -68.7772, 47.3596

# Details

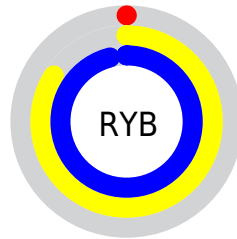
The XYZ color **32.9863, 65.4384, 12.6426** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33FF33**. The color can be described as dark saturated green. A complement of this color would be **49.0419, 23.9669, 61.7104**, and the grayscale version is **28.4088, 29.8883, 32.5483**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **45.4106, 76.2123, 25.1490**, and **17.7703, 35.5406, 5.9234** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32.9879, 65.4411, 12.6441**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33.8014, 65.8114, 14.8993**.

# Distribution



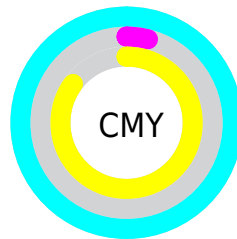
- Red (0%)
- Green (96%)
- Blue (15%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (85%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 32.9863, 65.4384, 12.6426 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 32.9863, 65.4384, 12.6426 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 32.9863, 65.4384,  
12.6426

■ 32.9863, 65.4384,  
12.6426

307.2541,  
444.3657, 219.7410

■ 22.2751, 47.8167,  
7.0551

■ 63.7090, 112.6799,  
31.3419

■ 14.1769, 33.6817,  
3.4176

■ 84.4512, 143.0685,  
45.2908

■ 8.3264, 22.6492,  
1.3116

■ 109.2678,  
178.4814, 62.8638

■ 4.3580, 14.3347,  
0.0713

■ 138.5241,  
219.3031, 84.4796

■ 1.9066, 8.3538,  
0.0000

■ 172.5856,  
265.9180, 110.5567

■ 0.5807, 4.3222,  
0.0000

■ 211.8175,

■ 0.0000, 1.8554,

318.7105, 141.5136

0.0000

256.5852,  
378.0649, 177.7689

■ 0.0000, 0.5213,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 32.9863, 65.4384,  
12.6426

■ 32.9863, 65.4384,  
12.6426


■ 32.9879, 65.4411,  
12.6441


■ 33.8014, 65.8114,  
14.8993


■ 35.3176, 66.5193,  
18.3012


■ 37.7113, 67.6523,  
22.9781


■ 41.0938, 69.2654,  
29.0397

 45.5594, 71.4052,  
36.5840

 51.1913, 74.1126,  
45.7000

 58.0645, 77.4246,  
56.4696

 66.2476, 81.3749,  
68.9693

 75.8041, 85.9948,  
83.2704

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.8423, 65.4384, 3.9851



32.9863, 65.4384, 12.6426



25.9634, 65.4384, 45.1323

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



32.9863, 65.4384, 12.6426



52.2434, 65.4384, 309.4801



120.6150, 65.4384, 37.3733

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32.9863, 65.4384, 12.6426



49.0419, 23.9669, 61.7104

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



122.2501, 65.4384, 105.8922



32.9863, 65.4384, 12.6426



77.7885, 65.4384, 301.5681

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



32.9863, 65.4384, 12.6426



34.8957, 65.4384, 229.2943



104.9589, 65.4384, 211.9015



100.9574, 65.4384, 10.2288



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32.9863, 65.4384, 12.6426



25.5405, 65.4384, 90.5931



104.9589, 65.4384, 211.9015



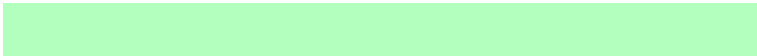
123.4485, 65.4384, 54.8793

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32.9879, 65.4411, 12.6441



63.5355, 84.7644, 61.7603



58.7376, 78.7542, 12.1053



12.8828, 17.7976, 12.1052



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32.9879, 65.4411, 12.6441



36.1183, 71.6633, 13.8070



38.9337, 67.8195, 43.9545



16.3842, 18.5128, 18.0417



17.8016, 35.2655, 6.9749



1.5946, 3.1115, 0.7710



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.0419, 23.9669, 61.7104



53.6965, 26.2426, 67.5249



39.3274, 20.0812, 10.5550



17.0997, 16.7227, 20.2717



26.4602, 12.9275, 33.4612

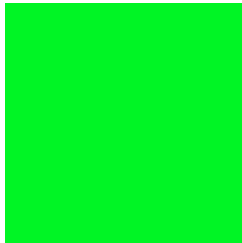


2.3542, 1.1476, 3.0913



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 32.9863, 65.4384, 12.6426 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 32.9863, 65.4384, 12.6426 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

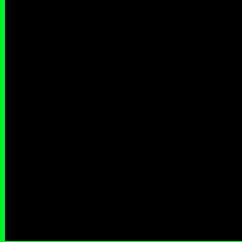
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

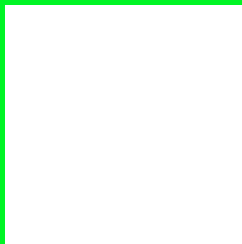
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 32.9863, 65.4384, 12.6426**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 32.9863, 65.4384, 12.6426.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 32.9863, 65.4384,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

32.9863, 65.4384, 12.6426

### Protanopia

57.8365, 64.0052, 10.3428

### Deuteranopia

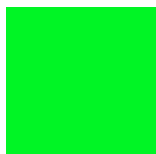
64.4441, 63.5885, 22.2418



## Tritanopia

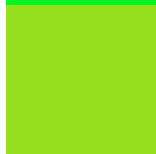
49.8574, 64.9654, 97.1006

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

32.9863, 65.4384, 12.6426



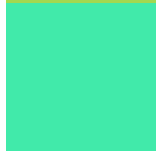
## Protanomaly

39.2127, 59.3583, 10.6869



## Deuteranomaly

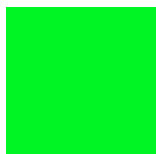
40.9041, 57.3723, 16.5075



## Tritanomaly

38.8585, 62.8717, 48.1176

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

32.9863, 65.4384, 12.6426



## Achromatopsia

28.1479, 29.6138, 32.2495



## Achromatomaly

24.2564, 37.3294, 20.1142

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 32.9863, 65.4384, 12.6426 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 245, 37)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 245, 37)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 245, 37) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 245, 37) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 32.9863, 65.4384, 12.6426 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 245, 37) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 245, 37) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 245, 37) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 245, 37); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 245, 37);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 245, 37)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 32.9863, 65.4384, 12.6426 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 245, 37) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 245,  
37) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor