

# Converting Colors

XYZ(32.9824, 44.3618, 77.5937)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(32.9824, 44.3618, 77.5937)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(32.9697, 44.4120, 77.3557)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(32.9697, 44.4120,  
77.3557)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00C3E0
RGB	0, 195, 224
RGB Percent	0%, 76%, 88%
CMY	0.9998, 0.2353, 0.1216
CMYK	1.00, 0.13, 0.00, 0.12
HSL	188°, 100%, 44%
HSV	188°, 100%, 88%
XYZ	32.9697, 44.4120, 77.3557
YIQ	140.0010, -125.5290, -32.3210

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

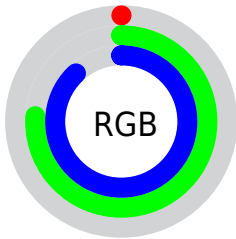
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	0, 104, 224
Decimal	50144
CIELab	72.50, -30.16, -25.87
CIELCh	73, 39.738, 220.616
Yxy	44.4120, 0.2131, 0.2870
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278240224 (0xFF00C3E0)
YUV	140.0010, 41.4115, -122.7809
Hunter-Lab	66.6423, -28.3155, -22.1718

# Details

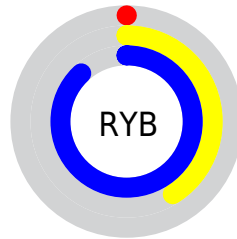
The XYZ color **32.9697, 44.4120, 77.3557** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00CCFF**. The color can be described as middle washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **31.1821, 16.7294, 1.5874**, and the grayscale version is **24.8147, 26.1070, 28.4305**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **59.0447, 80.0290, 106.9429**, and **16.6863, 21.9143, 40.8865** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32.9685, 44.4095, 77.3561**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33.9678, 45.9017, 77.5915**.

# Distribution



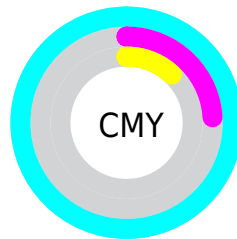
- Red (0%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (88%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Blue (88%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (12%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (12%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 32.9697, 44.4120, 77.3557 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 32.9697, 44.4120, 77.3557 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 32.9697, 44.4120,  
77.3557

■ 32.9697, 44.4120,  
77.3557

307.1806,  
364.3869, 505.4458

■ 22.2624, 30.9945,  
57.0316

■ 63.6832, 81.8373,  
131.4191

■ 14.1675, 20.5947,  
40.6210

■ 84.4201, 106.6140,  
165.9954

■ 8.3197, 12.8281,  
27.7056

■ 109.2309,  
135.9459, 206.1594

■ 4.3537, 7.3103,  
17.8668

■ 138.4809,  
170.2173, 252.3299

■ 1.9041, 3.6569,  
10.6859

■ 172.5355,  
209.8128, 304.9252

■ 0.5792, 1.4835,  
5.7446

211.7601,

■ 0.0000, 0.2771,

255.1166, 364.3639

2.6241

256.5200,  
306.5132, 431.0646

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.9049

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 32.9697, 44.4120,  
77.3557

■ 32.9697, 44.4120,  
77.3557

■ 32.9685, 44.4095,  
77.3561

■ 33.9678, 45.9017,  
77.5915

■ 35.3719, 47.6186,  
77.8489

■ 37.3103, 49.6299,  
78.1350

■ 39.8559, 51.9733,  
78.4531

■ 43.0698, 54.6804,  
78.8062

■ 47.0057, 57.7790,  
79.1969

■ 51.7117, 61.2939,  
79.6273

■ 57.2317, 65.2479,  
80.0996

■ 63.6064, 69.6621,  
80.6156

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.5288, 44.4120, 55.6561



32.9697, 44.4120, 77.3557



37.9837, 44.4120, 93.4663

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



32.9697, 44.4120, 77.3557



55.9187, 44.4120, 62.0111



39.8285, 44.4120, 19.9181

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32.9697, 44.4120, 77.3557



31.1821, 16.7294, 1.5874

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



46.7436, 44.4120, 20.7572



32.9697, 44.4120, 77.3557



56.5507, 44.4120, 41.7259

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



32.9697, 44.4120, 77.3557



51.3952, 44.4120, 83.0777



53.0384, 44.4120, 27.6972



34.1940, 44.4120, 24.9747

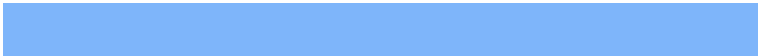


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32.9697, 44.4120, 77.3557



42.3542, 44.4120, 96.8253



53.0384, 44.4120, 27.6972



42.0707, 44.4120, 19.5634

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32.9712, 44.4136, 77.3568



69.2058, 82.1057, 106.8082



26.8454, 53.3878, 9.8784



14.2136, 17.1317, 22.8076



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

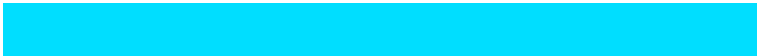


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32.9712, 44.4136, 77.3568



44.1656, 59.4513, 103.7552



16.7758, 12.0229, 71.9584



13.9572, 15.2536, 17.5963



19.2498, 25.9692, 45.0464



1.3771, 1.8856, 3.1366



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.5921, 19.7891, 53.3114



54.4220, 26.5328, 71.3453



39.8524, 34.0701, 4.4776



14.2146, 13.9035, 16.9005



23.6566, 11.5297, 31.1872

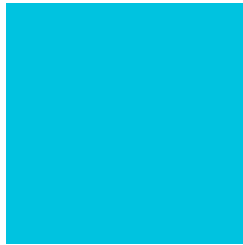


1.6613, 0.8078, 2.2754



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 32.9697, 44.4120, 77.3557 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

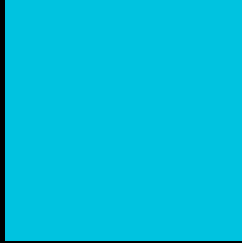
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 32.9697, 44.4120, 77.3557 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

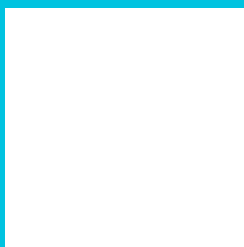
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 32.9697, 44.4120, 77.3557**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 32.9697, 44.4120, 77.3557.



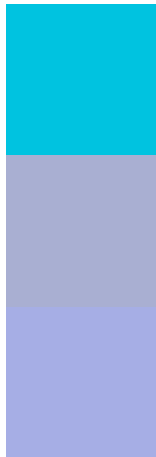
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 32.9697, 44.4120,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

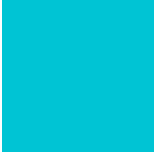
32.9697, 44.4120, 77.3557

### Protanopia

43.3250, 43.7481, 67.1335

### Deuteranopia

45.0048, 44.0362, 80.2566



## **Tritanopia**

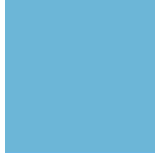
31.6236, 44.2333, 69.1585

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

32.9697, 44.4120, 77.3557



## Protanomaly

35.1780, 41.5503, 70.4559



## Deuteranomaly

36.5369, 42.0661, 78.8669



## Tritanomaly

32.1346, 44.4377, 71.8494

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

32.9697, 44.4120, 77.3557



## Achromatopsia

24.9269, 26.2251, 28.5591



## Achromatomaly

24.0413, 30.2057, 43.0913

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 32.9697, 44.4120, 77.3557 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 195, 224)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 195, 224)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 195, 224) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 195, 224) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 32.9697, 44.4120, 77.3557 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 195, 224) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 195, 224) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 195, 224) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 195, 224); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 195, 224);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 195,  
224) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 32.9697, 44.4120, 77.3557 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 195, 224) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 195,  
224) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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