

# Converting Colors

XYZ(32.9888, 39.9581, 48.5508)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(32.9888, 39.9581, 48.5508)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(33.0092, 40.0069,  
48.6302)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7FB3B3
RGB	127, 179, 179
RGB Percent	50%, 70%, 70%
CMY	0.5020, 0.2980, 0.2980
CMYK	0.29, 0.00, 0.00, 0.30
HSL	180°, 25%, 60%
HSV	180°, 29%, 70%
XYZ	33.0092, 40.0069, 48.6302
YIQ	163.4520, -30.9920, -11.0240

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

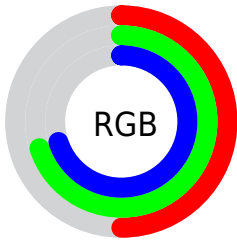
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	127, 153, 179
Decimal	8369075
CIELab	69.47, -16.97, -5.51
CIElCh	69, 17.842, 197.983
Yxy	40.0069, 0.2714, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286559155 (0xFF7FB3B3)
YUV	163.4520, 7.6652, -31.9684
Hunter-Lab	63.2510, -17.5343, -1.3091

# Details

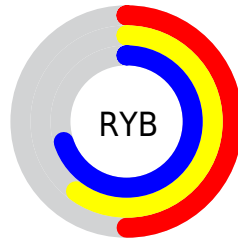
The XYZ color **33.0092, 40.0069, 48.6302** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **30.0120, 26.2959, 23.5741**, and the grayscale version is **35.0028, 36.8256, 40.1031**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **63.7598, 75.2386, 89.7593**, and **14.1284, 17.9239, 22.4537** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.5768, 38.7540, 48.5169**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **35.9176, 41.5072, 48.7675**.

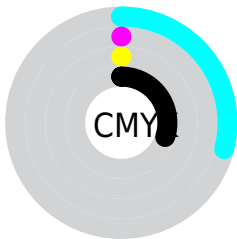
# Distribution



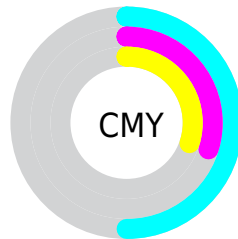
- Red (50%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (70%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (30%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (30%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 33.0092, 40.0069, 48.6302 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 33.0092, 40.0069, 48.6302 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 33.0092, 40.0069,  
48.6302

■ 33.0092, 40.0069,  
48.6302

307.3554,  
346.1527, 397.8652

■ 22.2928, 27.5439,  
33.9627

■ 63.7445, 75.1740,  
89.5173

■ 14.1900, 17.9821,  
22.5878

■ 84.4940, 98.6470,  
116.5739

■ 8.3355, 10.9372,  
14.0870

■ 109.3186,  
126.5587, 148.5973

■ 4.3640, 6.0246,  
8.0418

138.5837,  
159.2935, 186.0061

■ 1.9100, 2.8600,  
4.0335

172.6546,  
197.2360, 229.2187

■ 0.5827, 1.0591,  
1.6438

211.8966,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

240.7704, 278.6537

0.3218

256.6751,  
290.2811, 334.7297

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 33.0092, 40.0069,  
48.6302

■ 33.0092, 40.0069,  
48.6302

■ 30.5768, 38.7540,  
48.5169

■ 35.9176, 41.5072,  
48.7675

■ 28.5918, 37.7307,  
48.4236

■ 39.3217, 43.2621,  
48.9272

■ 27.0279, 36.9245,  
48.3500

■ 43.2444, 45.2843,  
49.1112

■ 25.8549, 36.3198,  
48.2947

■ 47.7061, 47.5844,  
49.3204

■ 25.0383, 35.8988,  
48.2562

■ 52.7261, 50.1723,  
49.5557

■ 24.5376, 35.6407,  
48.2323

■ 58.3227, 53.0574,  
49.8180

■ 24.2784, 35.5071,  
48.2198

■ 64.5135, 56.2489,  
50.1081

■ 24.2571, 35.4961,  
48.2188

■ 65.4982, 56.7565,  
50.1545

■ 65.4982, 56.7565,  
50.1549

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



32.8740, 40.0069, 40.3491



33.0092, 40.0069, 48.6302



34.4462, 40.0069, 56.4041

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



33.0092, 40.0069, 48.6302



42.2791, 40.0069, 55.0321



39.1872, 40.0069, 29.8462

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33.0092, 40.0069, 48.6302



30.0120, 26.2959, 23.5741

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



41.8442, 40.0069, 32.8319



33.0092, 40.0069, 48.6302



43.6886, 40.0069, 46.9384

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



33.0092, 40.0069, 48.6302



39.7566, 40.0069, 60.4085



43.5256, 40.0069, 38.8564



36.3452, 40.0069, 30.1787



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33.0092, 40.0069, 48.6302



35.9918, 40.0069, 59.9361



43.5256, 40.0069, 38.8564



40.1341, 40.0069, 30.4778

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33.0104, 40.0085, 48.6311



70.3546, 77.4437, 87.6206



28.8341, 38.3530, 25.9627



15.3799, 17.0509, 19.4026



86.6293, 91.1408, 99.2523



17.0014, 17.8868, 19.4787



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33.0104, 40.0085, 48.6311



56.1743, 70.1335, 86.9552



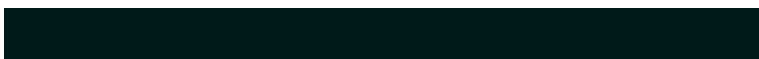
28.4239, 30.8352, 47.1033



8.7427, 9.6316, 10.9045



17.1405, 25.0822, 34.0723



0.5393, 0.7892, 1.0721



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30.0120, 26.2959, 23.5741



49.9072, 41.4725, 34.5829



33.6725, 33.6172, 24.7936



8.4964, 8.5053, 8.8465



13.1369, 6.7723, 0.6150



0.4133, 0.2131, 0.0194



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 33.0092, 40.0069, 48.6302 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

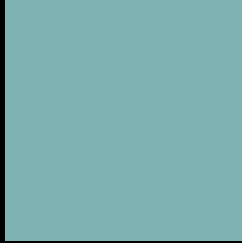
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 33.0092, 40.0069, 48.6302 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

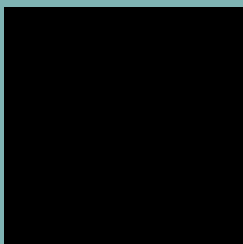
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

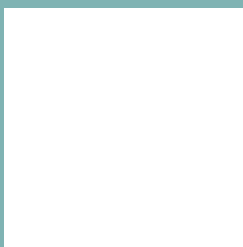
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 33.0092, 40.0069, 48.6302**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 33.0092, 40.0069, 48.6302.



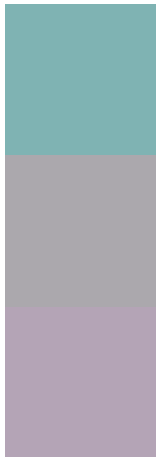
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 33.0092, 40.0069,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

33.0092, 40.0069, 48.6302

### Protanopia

38.3400, 39.6803, 45.1735

### Deuteranopia

40.5413, 39.6316, 49.7689



## **Tritanopia**

34.3320, 39.9517, 55.1922

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

33.0092, 40.0069, 48.6302

## Protanomaly

36.0080, 39.5688, 46.2972

## Deuteranomaly

37.2264, 39.2892, 49.3376

## Tritanomaly

33.9433, 40.0958, 52.9640

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

33.0092, 40.0069, 48.6302

## Achromatopsia

34.8123, 36.6253, 39.8849

## Achromatomaly

33.9271, 37.7245, 43.0295

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 33.0092, 40.0069, 48.6302 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(127, 179, 179)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(127, 179, 179)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 179, 179) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(127, 179, 179) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 33.0092, 40.0069, 48.6302 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(127, 179, 179) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(127, 179, 179) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(127, 179, 179)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(127, 179, 179); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 179, 179);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 179,  
179) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 33.0092, 40.0069, 48.6302 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(127, 179, 179) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(127,  
179, 179) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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