

# Converting Colors

XYZ(33.0684, 37.5671, 49.4373)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(33.0684, 37.5671, 49.4373)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(33.0567, 37.6963,  
49.2499)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	88ABB5
RGB	136, 171, 181
RGB Percent	53%, 67%, 71%
CMY	0.4667, 0.3294, 0.2902
CMYK	0.25, 0.06, 0.00, 0.29
HSL	193°, 23%, 62%
HSV	193°, 25%, 71%
XYZ	33.0567, 37.6963, 49.2499
YIQ	161.6750, -24.0700, -4.3100

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

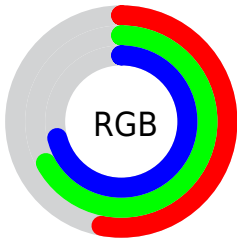
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	136, 156, 181
Decimal	8956853
CIELab	67.80, -9.57, -9.05
CIELCh	68, 13.169, 223.403
Yxy	37.6963, 0.2755, 0.3141
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287146933 (0xFF88ABB5)
YUV	161.6750, 9.5272, -22.5170
Hunter-Lab	61.3973, -11.3398, -4.5814

# Details

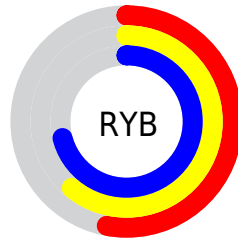
The XYZ color **33.0567, 37.6963, 49.2499** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **33.7791, 32.1590, 27.7201**, and the grayscale version is **34.1565, 35.9353, 39.1336**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **63.7176, 71.4543, 90.5545**, and **14.2394, 16.6835, 22.8918** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29.6139, 34.8119, 48.8752**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37.0212, 40.8859, 49.6572**.

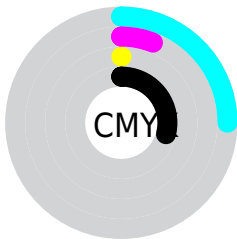
# Distribution



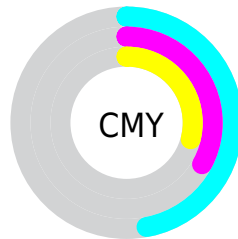
- Red (53%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (29%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 33.0567, 37.6963, 49.2499 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 33.0567, 37.6963, 49.2499 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 33.0567, 37.6963,  
49.2499

■ 33.0567, 37.6963,  
49.2499

307.5656,  
336.3154, 400.3760

■ 22.3293, 25.7471,  
34.4508

■ 63.8181, 71.6424,  
90.4473

■ 14.2170, 16.6345,  
22.9599

■ 84.5829, 94.4081,  
117.6827

■ 8.3545, 9.9743,  
14.3589

■ 109.4242,  
121.5480, 149.9005

■ 4.3763, 5.3819,  
8.2291

138.7073,  
153.4466, 187.5194

■ 1.9171, 2.4730,  
4.1520

172.7977,  
190.4882, 230.9579

■ 0.5868, 0.8631,  
1.7091

212.0606,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

233.0573, 280.6344

0.3670

256.8615,  
281.5382, 336.9676

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 33.0567, 37.6963,  
49.2499

■ 33.0567, 37.6963,  
49.2499

■ 29.6139, 34.8119,  
48.8752

■ 37.0212, 40.8859,  
49.6572

■ 26.6645, 32.2148,  
48.5294

■ 41.5276, 44.3885,  
50.0958

■ 24.1822, 29.8923,  
48.2119

■ 46.5987, 48.2172,  
50.5675

■ 22.1369, 27.8285,  
47.9214

■ 52.2554, 52.3828,  
51.0734

■ 20.4951, 26.0057,  
47.6561

■ 58.5172, 56.8960,  
51.6145

■ 19.2177, 24.4036,  
47.4142

■ 65.4028, 61.7664,  
52.1917

■ 18.2577, 22.9976,  
47.1934

■ 70.0392, 65.5134,  
52.6706

■ 17.8343, 22.3236,  
47.0856

■ 70.9777, 67.3903,  
52.9834

■ 71.9408, 69.3166,  
53.3044

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



32.1506, 37.6963, 43.7018



33.0567, 37.6963, 49.2499



34.7214, 37.6963, 52.7677

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



33.0567, 37.6963, 49.2499



39.7176, 37.6963, 44.3349



34.9285, 37.6963, 31.0665

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33.0567, 37.6963, 49.2499



33.7791, 32.1590, 27.7201

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



36.9603, 37.6963, 31.2011



33.0567, 37.6963, 49.2499



39.7782, 37.6963, 38.4979

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



33.0567, 37.6963, 49.2499



38.5900, 37.6963, 49.7511



38.7525, 37.6963, 33.8058



33.2033, 37.6963, 33.4186



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33.0567, 37.6963, 49.2499



36.0623, 37.6963, 53.2989



38.7525, 37.6963, 33.8058



35.5971, 37.6963, 30.8296

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33.0578, 37.6978, 49.2508



72.4667, 78.0326, 89.5370



31.8467, 40.3502, 33.2028



15.5580, 16.7849, 19.3421



86.6293, 91.1408, 99.2523



17.0014, 17.8868, 19.4787



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33.0578, 37.6978, 49.2508



55.6150, 64.5351, 87.8199



29.2024, 29.9870, 47.9656



8.5793, 9.3049, 10.8502



12.3476, 15.4955, 32.4771



0.4282, 0.5669, 1.0351



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.2118, 30.3731, 42.5366



60.2253, 49.3365, 73.3415



37.5495, 39.6997, 28.9769



8.7676, 8.6138, 10.2747



16.4671, 8.1044, 18.1517



0.5381, 0.2630, 0.6765



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 33.0567, 37.6963, 49.2499 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

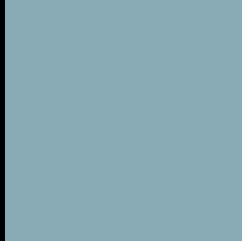
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 33.0567, 37.6963, 49.2499 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

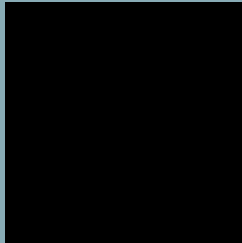
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 33.0567, 37.6963, 49.2499**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 33.0567, 37.6963, 49.2499.



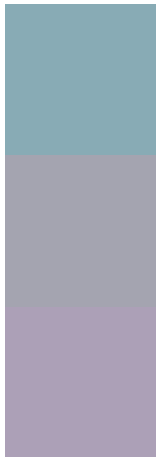
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 33.0567, 37.6963,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

33.0567, 37.6963, 49.2499

### Protanopia

36.4218, 37.5780, 46.4079

### Deuteranopia

38.1313, 37.3312, 49.9956



## Tritanopia

33.5312, 37.9049, 50.8965

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

33.0567, 37.6963, 49.2499

## Protanomaly

35.1810, 37.7218, 47.5463

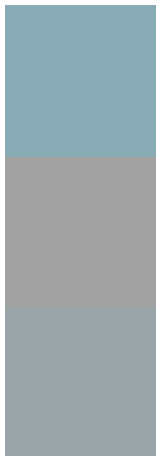
## Deuteranomaly

36.0170, 37.2992, 49.5571

## Tritanomaly

33.4267, 37.8631, 50.3463

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

33.0567, 37.6963, 49.2499

## Achromatopsia

34.3422, 36.1307, 39.3463

## Achromatomaly

33.7534, 36.5471, 42.8114

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 33.0567, 37.6963, 49.2499 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(136, 171, 181)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(136, 171, 181)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(136, 171, 181) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(136, 171, 181) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 33.0567, 37.6963, 49.2499 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(136, 171, 181) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(136, 171, 181) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(136, 171, 181)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(136, 171, 181); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 171, 181);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 171,  
181) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 33.0567, 37.6963, 49.2499 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(136, 171, 181) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(136,  
171, 181) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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