

# Converting Colors

XYZ(33.0751, 49.9614, 24.2339)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(33.0751, 49.9614, 24.2339)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(33.0151, 49.7854, 24.0891)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(33.0151, 49.7854,  
24.0891)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	77CF73
RGB	119, 207, 115
RGB Percent	47%, 81%, 45%
CMY	0.5333, 0.1882, 0.5490
CMYK	0.43, 0.00, 0.44, 0.19
HSL	117°, 49%, 63%
HSV	117°, 44%, 81%
XYZ	33.0151, 49.7854, 24.0891
YIQ	170.2000, -22.9160, -47.2680

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

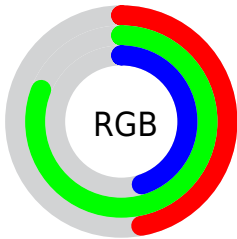
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	115, 207, 203
Decimal	7851891
CIELab	75.94, -44.81, 37.55
CIELCh	76, 58.461, 140.035
Yxy	49.7854, 0.3089, 0.4658
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286041971 (0xFF77CF73)
YUV	170.2000, -27.2136, -44.9024
Hunter-Lab	70.5588, -39.9560, 29.1493

# Details

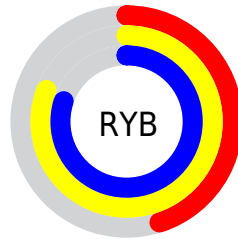
The XYZ color **33.0151, 49.7854, 24.0891** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC66**. A complement of this color would be **42.0242, 29.4645, 62.5064**, and the grayscale version is **38.4491, 40.4514, 44.0516**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60.5071, 83.4611, 49.9663**, and **14.2323, 23.8949, 8.8631** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29.5153, 48.1052, 18.3905**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37.3510, 51.8687, 31.2250**.

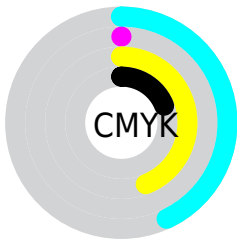
# Distribution



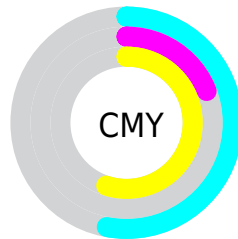
- Red (47%)
- Green (81%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (55%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 33.0151, 49.7854, 24.0891 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 33.0151, 49.7854, 24.0891 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 33.0151, 49.7854,  
24.0891

■ 33.0151, 49.7854,  
24.0891

307.3816,  
385.8261, 286.5717

■ 22.2973, 35.2429,  
15.1869

■ 63.7536, 89.8568,  
51.1212

■ 14.1933, 23.8501,  
8.8026

■ 84.5051, 116.1546,  
70.0882

■ 8.3379, 15.2224,  
4.5176

■ 109.3318,  
147.1395, 93.2473

■ 4.3655, 8.9756,  
1.9134

138.5991,  
183.1961, 121.0169

■ 1.9109, 4.7253,  
0.5012

172.6723,  
224.7086, 153.8156

■ 0.5832, 2.0870,  
0.0000

211.9169,

■ 0.0000, 0.6573,

272.0615, 192.0619

0.0000

256.6982,  
325.6392, 236.1744

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 33.0151, 49.7854,  
24.0891

■ 33.0151, 49.7854,  
24.0891

■ 29.5153, 48.1052,  
18.3905

■ 37.3510, 51.8687,  
31.2250

■ 26.7942, 46.7961,  
14.0288

■ 42.5681, 54.3720,  
39.8831

■ 24.7935, 45.8320,  
10.8960


■ 48.7127, 57.3188,  
50.1454


■ 23.4445, 45.1801,  
8.8658


■ 55.8268, 60.7293,  
62.0872

■ 22.6656, 44.8017,  
7.7850

■ 63.9497, 64.6222,  
75.7792

 22.4264, 44.6857,  
7.4432

 73.1187, 69.0152,  
91.2877

 81.6038, 73.1076,  
104.4179

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



40.5013, 49.7854, 15.1294



33.0151, 49.7854, 24.0891



29.5451, 49.7854, 44.4774

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



33.0151, 49.7854, 24.0891



43.7873, 49.7854, 137.3353



69.8471, 49.7854, 36.1470

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33.0151, 49.7854, 24.0891



42.0242, 29.4645, 62.5064

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



71.0878, 49.7854, 65.2630



33.0151, 49.7854, 24.0891



54.8629, 49.7854, 132.3335

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



33.0151, 49.7854, 24.0891



35.1024, 49.7854, 114.3944



65.2536, 49.7854, 102.5787



62.0859, 49.7854, 20.0089

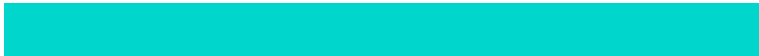


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33.0151, 49.7854, 24.0891



29.5484, 49.7854, 65.3449



65.2536, 49.7854, 102.5787



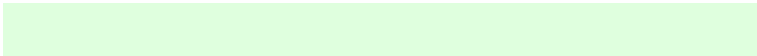
71.0820, 49.7854, 44.4141

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33.0163, 49.7875, 24.0902



79.4458, 92.5201, 82.6728



50.0434, 56.9348, 24.5723



16.4959, 19.5592, 16.8434



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33.0163, 49.7875, 24.0902



47.7046, 77.2871, 30.1252



35.4193, 50.6866, 39.5485



11.7031, 13.2304, 12.5489



14.1496, 28.1634, 4.6903



0.8082, 1.5835, 0.2631



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42.0242, 29.4645, 62.5064



63.8604, 40.7799, 99.1132



38.7109, 28.2667, 39.3017



12.2579, 11.9818, 14.9103



21.7909, 10.4139, 38.0541



1.2345, 0.5906, 2.1285



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 33.0151, 49.7854, 24.0891 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 33.0151, 49.7854, 24.0891 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

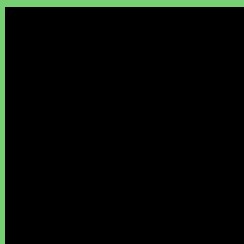
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 33.0151, 49.7854, 24.0891**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 33.0151, 49.7854, 24.0891.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 33.0151, 49.7854,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

33.0151, 49.7854, 24.0891

### Protanopia

45.1146, 49.0167, 20.9933

### Deuteranopia

50.1737, 49.0932, 25.2439



## Tritanopia

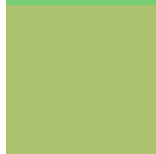
42.1048, 49.6366, 69.6490

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

33.0151, 49.7854, 24.0891



## Protanomaly

39.3398, 48.5936, 22.0579



## Deuteranomaly

41.7771, 48.1662, 24.5479



## Tritanomaly

37.9502, 49.3082, 49.1122

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

33.0151, 49.7854, 24.0891



## Achromatopsia

38.2080, 40.1978, 43.7754



## Achromatomaly

35.2010, 42.6483, 35.2308

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 33.0151, 49.7854, 24.0891 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(119, 207, 115)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(119, 207, 115)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(119, 207, 115) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(119, 207, 115) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 33.0151, 49.7854, 24.0891 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(119, 207, 115) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(119, 207, 115) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(119, 207, 115)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(119, 207, 115); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 207, 115);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 207,  
115) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 33.0151, 49.7854, 24.0891 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(119, 207, 115) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(119,  
207, 115) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor