

Converting Colors

XYZ(33.1051, 34.5096, 60.1745)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(33.1051, 34.5096, 60.1745)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(33.1051, 34.5096,
60.1745)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	87A0C9
RGB	135, 160, 201
RGB Percent	53%, 63%, 79%
CMY	0.4706, 0.3725, 0.2118
CMYK	0.33, 0.20, 0.00, 0.21
HSL	217°, 38%, 66%
HSV	217°, 33%, 79%
XYZ	33.1051, 34.5096, 60.1745
YIQ	157.1990, -28.0610, 7.4510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

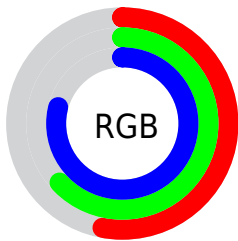
Format	Color
R_{YB}	135, 153, 201
Decimal	8888521
CIE _{Lab}	65.37, 1.08, -23.84
CIE _{LCh}	65, 23.867, 272.600
Yxy	34.5096, 0.2591, 0.2701
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287078601 (0xFF87A0C9)
YUV	157.1990, 21.5939, -19.4685
Hunter-Lab	58.7449, -2.2116, -19.6115

Details

The XYZ color **33.1051, 34.5096, 60.1745** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6699CC**. A complement of this color would be **43.9865, 45.2179, 29.3323**, and the grayscale version is **32.0532, 33.7224, 36.7237**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **63.5856, 66.7680, 104.1439**, and **14.3024, 14.8829, 29.7226** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28.1145, 28.8840, 59.3523**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **38.9259, 40.8875, 61.0994**.

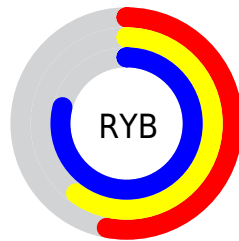
Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (63%)

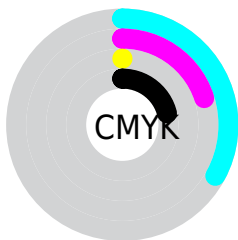
Blue (79%)



Red (53%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (79%)

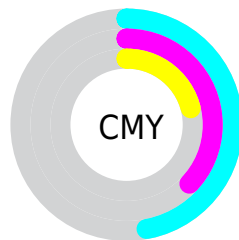


Cyan (33%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (21%)



Cyan (47%)

Magenta (37%)

Yellow (21%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 33.1051, 34.5096, 60.1745 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 33.1051, 34.5096, 60.1745 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 33.1051, 34.5096,
60.1745

■ 33.1051, 34.5096,
60.1745

307.7797,
322.3984, 443.0632

■ 22.3666, 23.2854,
43.1331

■ 63.8932, 66.7254,
106.6286

■ 14.2446, 14.8044,
29.6574

■ 84.6734, 88.4857,
136.8784

■ 8.3738, 8.6822,
19.3288

■ 109.5317,
114.5268, 172.3680

■ 4.3889, 4.5345,
11.7289

138.8332,
145.2331, 213.5161

■ 1.9244, 1.9768,
6.4391

172.9434,
180.9891, 260.7411

■ 0.5910, 0.5939,
3.0408

212.2277,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

222.1790, 314.4616

1.1155

257.0513,
269.1873, 375.0961

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 33.1051, 34.5096,
60.1745

■ 33.1051, 34.5096,
60.1745

■ 28.1145, 28.8840,
59.3523

■ 38.9259, 40.8875,
61.0994

■ 23.9099, 23.9760,
58.6266

■ 45.6113, 48.0422,
62.1280

■ 20.4478, 19.7543,
57.9941

■ 53.1980, 56.0020,
63.2645

■ 17.6789, 16.1827,
57.4507

■ 61.7193, 64.7926,
64.5122

■ 15.5469, 13.2214,
56.9915

■ 71.2067, 74.4383,
65.8739

■ 13.9855, 10.8244,
56.6111

■ 81.4681, 84.8478,
67.3423

■ 13.1368, 9.4053,
56.3819

■ 85.1677, 92.2471,
68.5756

■ 87.5427, 96.9971,
69.3672

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.8141, 34.5096, 57.3035



33.1051, 34.5096, 60.1745



36.5422, 34.5096, 56.1584

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



33.1051, 34.5096, 60.1745



38.7715, 34.5096, 28.1604



27.2070, 34.5096, 29.4223

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33.1051, 34.5096, 60.1745



43.9865, 45.2179, 29.3323

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



29.3231, 34.5096, 23.6233



33.1051, 34.5096, 60.1745



35.9796, 34.5096, 22.9905

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



33.1051, 34.5096, 60.1745



39.9551, 34.5096, 36.7117



32.4975, 34.5096, 21.4881



26.5551, 34.5096, 38.4519

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33.1051, 34.5096, 60.1745



38.4130, 34.5096, 50.4687



32.4975, 34.5096, 21.4881



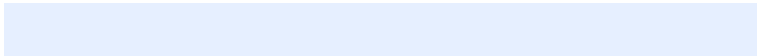
27.7629, 34.5096, 27.0889

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33.1062, 34.5109, 60.1753



81.4361, 85.7868, 106.8741



38.6860, 50.0476, 48.5409



17.0489, 17.9591, 22.8178



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33.1062, 34.5109, 60.1753



50.7925, 52.4813, 102.0606



30.4834, 27.3590, 58.9331



10.3805, 10.9350, 13.4810



8.3417, 6.0773, 35.4777



0.4646, 0.4270, 1.7031

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39.0975, 32.2846, 37.4301



62.7035, 48.7464, 56.6862



47.3294, 54.9001, 31.0250



10.7973, 10.7023, 11.9159



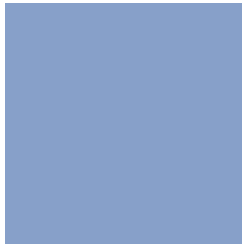
16.0098, 8.1535, 5.2617



0.7932, 0.4001, 0.4341

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 33.1051, 34.5096, 60.1745 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

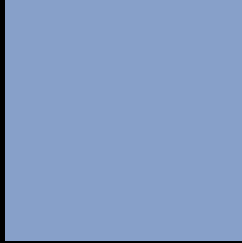
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 33.1051, 34.5096, 60.1745 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

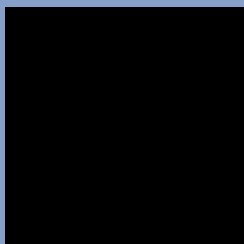
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

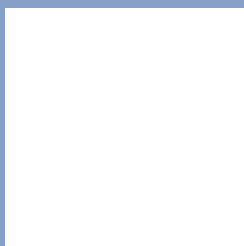
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 33.1051, 34.5096, 60.1745

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 33.1051, 34.5096, 60.1745.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 33.1051, 34.5096,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

33.1051, 34.5096, 60.1745

Protanopia

34.5785, 34.5334, 58.8760

Deuteranopia

35.1445, 34.2863, 60.6427



Tritanopia

30.4172, 34.4711, 46.6454

Trichromacy



Original Color

33.1051, 34.5096, 60.1745

Protanomaly

33.9799, 34.4635, 59.5048

Deuteranomaly

34.3947, 34.3980, 60.7038

Tritanomaly

31.4758, 34.6451, 51.4826

Monochromacy



Original Color

33.1051, 34.5096, 60.1745

Achromatopsia

32.0474, 33.7164, 36.7171

Achromatomaly

32.1641, 33.8604, 44.3756

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 33.1051, 34.5096, 60.1745 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(135, 160, 201)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(135, 160, 201)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 160, 201) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(135, 160, 201) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 33.1051, 34.5096, 60.1745 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(135, 160, 201) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(135, 160, 201) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(135, 160, 201)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 160, 201); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 160, 201); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 160, 201) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 33.1051, 34.5096, 60.1745 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(135, 160, 201) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(135,  
160, 201) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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