

# Converting Colors

XYZ(33.1136, 41.2770, 21.0032)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(33.1136, 41.2770, 21.0032)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(33.0486, 41.2415,  
20.9704)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	9CB56E
RGB	156, 181, 110
RGB Percent	61%, 71%, 43%
CMY	0.3882, 0.2902, 0.5686
CMYK	0.14, 0.00, 0.39, 0.29
HSL	81°, 32%, 57%
HSV	81°, 39%, 71%
XYZ	33.0486, 41.2415, 20.9704
YIQ	165.4310, 7.8910, -27.3810

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

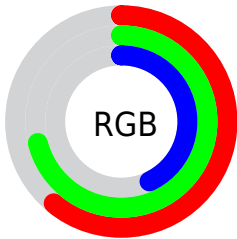
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	110, 181, 135
Decimal	10270062
CIELab	70.34, -20.58, 33.37
CIELCh	70, 39.208, 121.664
Yxy	41.2415, 0.3469, 0.4329
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288460142 (0xFF9CB56E)
YUV	165.4310, -27.3275, -8.2710
Hunter-Lab	64.2195, -20.5247, 25.5930

# Details

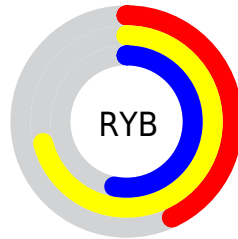
The XYZ color **33.0486, 41.2415, 20.9704** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **23.9099, 19.6401, 46.2492**, and the grayscale version is **36.0968, 37.9766, 41.3565**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **63.6697, 77.0259, 45.6942**, and **14.1550, 18.6588, 7.2703** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.9611, 40.2691, 16.2436**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **35.4042, 42.3314, 26.7622**.

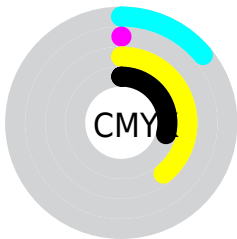
# Distribution



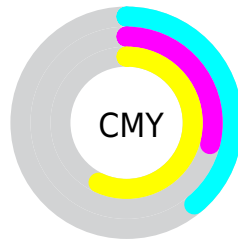
- Red (61%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Black (29%)




- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (57%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 33.0486, 41.2415, 20.9704 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 33.0486, 41.2415, 20.9704 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 33.0486, 41.2415,  
20.9704


 33.0486, 41.2415,  
20.9704


307.5298,  
351.3289, 269.8970

 22.3231, 28.5078,  
12.9113


 63.8056, 77.0504,  
45.9184


 14.2124, 18.7088,  
7.2375


 84.5677, 100.8944,  
63.6445

 8.3512, 11.4601,  
3.5304


 109.4062,  
129.2106, 85.4299

 4.3742, 6.3772,  
1.3714

 138.6862,  
162.3834, 111.6933

 1.9159, 3.0758,  
0.1193

172.7733,  
200.7973, 142.8531

 0.5861, 1.1714,  
0.0000

212.0326,

 0.0000, 0.0382,

244.8366, 179.3280

0.0000

256.8297,  
294.8857, 221.5365

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 33.0486, 41.2415,  
20.9704

■ 33.0486, 41.2415,  
20.9704

■ 30.9611, 40.2691,  
16.2436

■ 35.4042, 42.3314,  
26.7622

■ 29.1253, 39.4034,  
12.5140

■ 38.0372, 43.5385,  
33.6760

■ 27.5276, 38.6401,  
9.7105


■ 40.9599, 44.8691,  
41.7676


■ 26.1514, 37.9726,  
7.7512


■ 44.1830, 46.3277,  
51.0885


■ 24.9773, 37.3929,  
6.5398


■ 47.7166, 47.9184,  
61.6873


 23.9702, 36.8870,  
5.8967

 51.5704, 49.6452,  
73.6098

 23.8960, 36.8496,  
5.8532

 55.7533, 51.5118,  
86.8994

 60.2742, 53.5218,  
101.5977

 62.1226, 54.4710,  
101.8475

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



38.8401, 41.2415, 17.9574



33.0486, 41.2415, 20.9704



29.2745, 41.2415, 30.0824

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



33.0486, 41.2415, 20.9704



33.6079, 41.2415, 83.9320



52.9318, 41.2415, 43.8824

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33.0486, 41.2415, 20.9704



23.9099, 19.6401, 46.2492

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



51.1452, 41.2415, 63.9377



33.0486, 41.2415, 20.9704



39.5597, 41.2415, 90.5252

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



33.0486, 41.2415, 20.9704



29.5717, 41.2415, 66.2233



46.0683, 41.2415, 82.3781



50.7168, 41.2415, 28.7365



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33.0486, 41.2415, 20.9704



28.1745, 41.2415, 39.9553



46.0683, 41.2415, 82.3781



52.7784, 41.2415, 50.2474

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33.0496, 41.2433, 20.9713



71.7425, 79.6230, 70.2658



30.5152, 28.2371, 18.5944



15.3600, 17.1429, 14.7800



86.6293, 91.1408, 99.2523



17.0014, 17.8868, 19.4787



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33.0496, 41.2433, 20.9713



55.9584, 72.3565, 30.1979



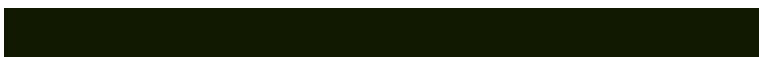
27.1759, 38.2153, 20.6964



8.9008, 9.7540, 9.0661



16.5498, 25.4418, 4.0385



0.5811, 0.8316, 0.1299



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23.9099, 19.6401, 46.2492



37.3266, 28.2796, 81.7858



30.5713, 23.0743, 46.5610



8.3149, 8.3709, 10.6838



7.2648, 3.0809, 30.3488



0.2933, 0.1303, 0.9579



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 33.0486, 41.2415, 20.9704 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 33.0486, 41.2415, 20.9704 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

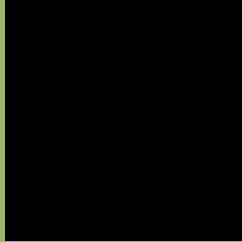
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 33.0486, 41.2415, 20.9704

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 33.0486, 41.2415, 20.9704.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 33.0486, 41.2415,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

33.0486, 41.2415, 20.9704

### Protanopia

37.8476, 41.1105, 19.5760

### Deuteranopia

41.7663, 40.8876, 21.6104



## Tritanopia

39.3413, 41.1572, 52.3250

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

33.0486, 41.2415, 20.9704

## Protanomaly

35.8883, 40.9516, 19.9228

## Deuteranomaly

38.0944, 40.6331, 21.4580

## Tritanomaly

36.4018, 40.8099, 38.3063

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

33.0486, 41.2415, 20.9704

## Achromatopsia

35.7637, 37.6262, 40.9749

## Achromatomaly

34.5740, 38.8515, 32.4649

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 33.0486, 41.2415, 20.9704 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(156, 181, 110)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(156, 181, 110)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(156, 181, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(156, 181, 110) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 33.0486, 41.2415, 20.9704 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(156, 181, 110) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(156, 181, 110) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(156, 181, 110)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(156, 181, 110); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 181, 110);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 181,  
110) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 33.0486, 41.2415, 20.9704 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(156, 181, 110) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(156,  
181, 110) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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