

# Converting Colors

XYZ(33.1300, 56.1269, 42.2822)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(33.1300, 56.1269, 42.2822)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(33.2704, 56.3885,  
42.3882)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00E1A0
RGB	0, 225, 160
RGB Percent	0%, 88%, 63%
CMY	0.9999, 0.1176, 0.3725
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.29, 0.12
HSL	163°, 100%, 44%
HSV	163°, 100%, 88%
XYZ	33.2704, 56.3885, 42.3882
YIQ	150.3150, -113.2350, -67.9150

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

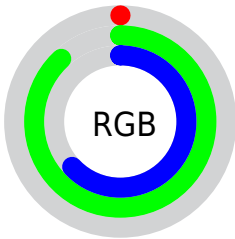
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 131, 225
Decimal	57760
CIELab	79.83, -60.70, 19.20
CIELCh	80, 63.664, 162.451
Yxy	56.3885, 0.2520, 0.4270
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278247840 (0xFF00E1A0)
YUV	150.3150, 4.7747, -131.8263
Hunter-Lab	75.0923, -52.3252, 19.0965

# Details

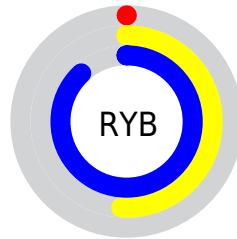
The XYZ color **33.2704, 56.3885, 42.3882** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00CC99**. The color can be described as middle washed spring green. A complement of this color would be **32.0078, 16.3908, 6.4825**, and the grayscale version is **29.1425, 30.6602, 33.3889**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **54.2101, 79.6144, 76.7999**, and **16.7094, 29.0880, 18.9212** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33.2708, 56.3902, 42.3856**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34.1981, 56.8007, 45.4800**.

# Distribution



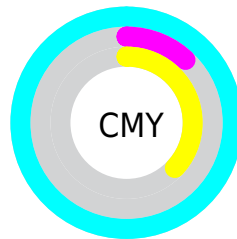
- Red (0%)
- Green (88%)
- Blue (63%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (88%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Black (12%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (37%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 33.2704, 56.3885, 42.3882 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 33.2704, 56.3885, 42.3882 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 33.2704, 56.3885,  
42.3882


 33.2704, 56.3885,  
42.3882


308.5099,  
411.1540, 371.9367


 22.4939, 40.5145,  
29.0775


 64.1493, 99.5724,  
80.0632

 14.3389, 27.9399,  
18.8934


 84.9824, 127.6510,  
105.2647

 8.4400, 18.2804,  
11.4172


 109.8985,  
160.5667, 135.2668

 4.4319, 11.1515,  
6.2305

 139.2628,  
198.7038, 170.4882

 1.9493, 6.1688,  
2.9147

 173.4407,  
242.4466, 211.3473

 0.6052, 2.9480,  
1.0513

212.7977,

 0.0000, 1.1046,

292.1797, 258.2628

0.0000

257.6989,  
348.2873, 311.6530

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 33.2704, 56.3885,  
42.3882

■ 33.2704, 56.3885,  
42.3882

■ 33.2708, 56.3902,  
42.3856

■ 34.1981, 56.8007,  
45.4800

■ 35.5529, 57.4283,  
48.7481

■ 37.4654, 58.3397,  
52.2022

■ 40.0092, 59.5730,  
55.8478

■ 43.2468, 61.1604,  
59.6901

■ 47.2327, 63.1298,  
63.7336

■ 52.0159, 65.5065,  
67.9829

■ 57.6411, 68.3136,  
72.4419

■ 64.1497, 71.5722,  
77.1147

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



38.5495, 56.3885, 22.5087



33.2704, 56.3885, 42.3882



32.8569, 56.3885, 78.0045

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



33.2704, 56.3885, 42.3882



59.1177, 56.3885, 160.0407



74.0381, 56.3885, 24.8738

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33.2704, 56.3885, 42.3882



32.0078, 16.3908, 6.4825

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



81.6174, 56.3885, 47.3325



33.2704, 56.3885, 42.3882



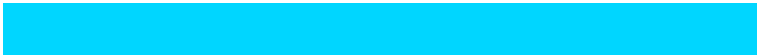
72.1214, 56.3885, 130.0607

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



33.2704, 56.3885, 42.3882



46.4655, 56.3885, 156.9657



80.8646, 56.3885, 85.3790



61.4201, 56.3885, 15.5456

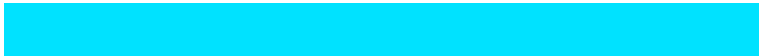


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33.2704, 56.3885, 42.3882



35.2862, 56.3885, 107.8928



80.8646, 56.3885, 85.3790



77.3440, 56.3885, 30.6476

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33.2719, 56.3907, 42.3895



68.9283, 86.9215, 90.1582



29.2770, 55.0643, 9.0863



14.1499, 18.3045, 18.7781



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33.2719, 56.3907, 42.3895



44.1337, 74.8695, 56.0152



29.9145, 38.0827, 77.0108



13.9389, 15.5013, 16.7136



19.2244, 32.5146, 24.7026



1.3707, 2.2690, 1.9135



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32.0078, 16.3908, 6.4825



42.4652, 21.7501, 8.3817



31.9920, 17.8868, 1.7672



13.8693, 13.7653, 15.0818



18.4871, 9.4619, 3.9651

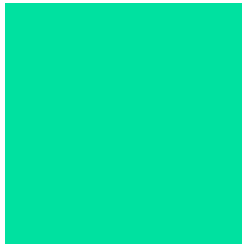


1.3195, 0.6711, 0.4754



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 33.2704, 56.3885, 42.3882 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 33.2704, 56.3885, 42.3882 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

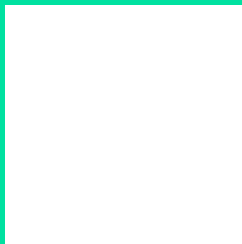
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 33.2704, 56.3885, 42.3882**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 33.2704, 56.3885, 42.3882.



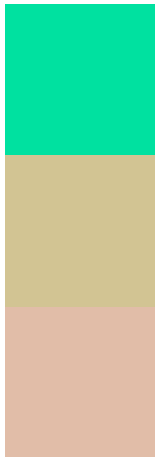
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 33.2704, 56.3885,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

33.2704, 56.3885, 42.3882

### Protanopia

51.5847, 55.2881, 35.5566

### Deuteranopia

56.3168, 55.2299, 44.7380



## Tritanopia

42.1655, 56.4908, 85.7723

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

33.2704, 56.3885, 42.3882



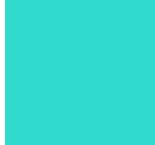
## Protanomaly

37.8118, 51.9610, 37.7423



## Deuteranomaly

39.2398, 50.7973, 43.3340



## Tritanomaly

37.6910, 55.7476, 67.1664

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

33.2704, 56.3885, 42.3882



## Achromatopsia

28.9890, 30.4987, 33.2131



## Achromatomaly

26.2742, 36.2103, 36.1763

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 33.2704, 56.3885, 42.3882 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 225, 160)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 225, 160)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 225, 160) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 225, 160) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 33.2704, 56.3885, 42.3882 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 225, 160) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 225, 160) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 225, 160)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 225, 160); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 225, 160);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 225,  
160) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 33.2704, 56.3885, 42.3882 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 225, 160) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 225,  
160) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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