

# Converting Colors

XYZ(33.1499, 44.3435, 46.2089)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(33.1499, 44.3435, 46.2089)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(33.0746, 44.1611,  
46.3159)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	70C0AD
RGB	112, 192, 173
RGB Percent	44%, 75%, 68%
CMY	0.5608, 0.2470, 0.3216
CMYK	0.42, 0.00, 0.10, 0.25
HSL	166°, 39%, 60%
HSV	166°, 42%, 75%
XYZ	33.0746, 44.1611, 46.3159
YIQ	165.9140, -41.5810, -22.8690

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

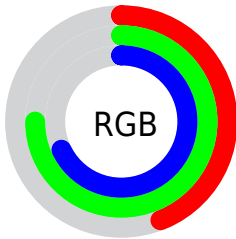
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">112, 157, 192</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">7389357</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">72.34, -29.07, 1.89</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">72, 29.134, 176.280</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">44.1611, 0.2677, 0.3574</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4285579437 (0xFF70C0AD)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">165.9140, 3.4934, -47.2826</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">66.4538, -27.4533, 5.1947</a>

# Details

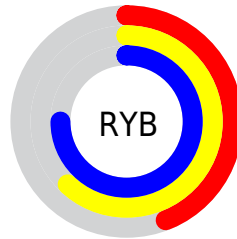
The XYZ color **33.0746, 44.1611, 46.3159** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **31.6307, 24.4348, 24.5239**, and the grayscale version is **36.2031, 38.0885, 41.4783**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **63.8156, 81.5683, 85.7796**, and **14.2270, 20.4273, 21.2822** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.4537, 42.8612, 43.9295**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **36.2340, 45.7391, 48.8081**.

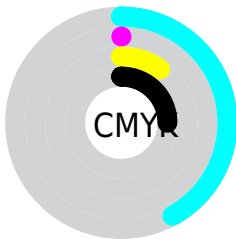
# Distribution



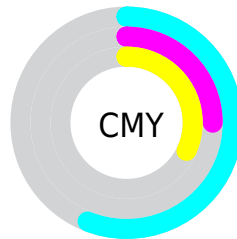
- Red (44%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (68%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (25%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (32%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 33.0746, 44.1611, 46.3159 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 33.0746, 44.1611, 46.3159 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 33.0746, 44.1611,  
46.3159

■ 33.0746, 44.1611,  
46.3159

307.6448,  
363.3653, 388.3916

■ 22.3431, 30.7972,  
32.1447

■ 63.8459, 81.4601,  
86.0308

■ 14.2272, 20.4445,  
21.2063

■ 84.6164, 106.1640,  
112.4117

■ 8.3616, 12.7185,  
13.0822

■ 109.4639,  
135.4166, 143.6994

■ 4.3810, 7.2350,  
7.3538

138.7539,  
169.6024, 180.3127

■ 1.9198, 3.6095,  
3.6025

172.8516,  
209.1058, 222.6700

■ 0.5883, 1.4576,  
1.4099

212.1224,

■ 0.0000, 0.2586,

254.3112, 271.1899

0.1494

256.9317,  
305.6028, 326.2910

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 33.0746, 44.1611,  
46.3159

■ 33.0746, 44.1611,  
46.3159

■ 30.4537, 42.8612,  
43.9295

■ 36.2340, 45.7391,  
48.8081

■ 28.3340, 41.8169,  
41.6435

■ 39.9587, 47.6056,  
51.4051

■ 26.6792, 41.0105,  
39.4563


■ 44.2783, 49.7770,  
54.1102


■ 25.4466, 40.4201,  
37.3652


■ 49.2190, 52.2669,  
56.9253


■ 24.5851, 40.0193,  
35.3669


■ 54.8057, 55.0879,  
59.8522

 24.0697, 39.7884,  
33.7681

 61.0617, 58.2522,  
62.8928

 68.0093, 61.7712,  
66.0488

 71.6592, 63.5883,  
69.1342

 72.2338, 63.8181,  
72.1602

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



34.4590, 44.1611, 34.3349



33.0746, 44.1611, 46.3159



33.9139, 44.1611, 61.3654

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



33.0746, 44.1611, 46.3159



46.3859, 44.1611, 77.3117



47.5529, 44.1611, 28.5905

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33.0746, 44.1611, 46.3159



31.6307, 24.4348, 24.5239

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



51.2191, 44.1611, 36.8720



33.0746, 44.1611, 46.3159



50.5086, 44.1611, 65.0863

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



33.0746, 44.1611, 46.3159



41.3518, 44.1611, 81.2101



52.3412, 44.1611, 49.8964



42.6020, 44.1611, 25.4700



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33.0746, 44.1611, 46.3159



35.6607, 44.1611, 70.9109



52.3412, 44.1611, 49.8964



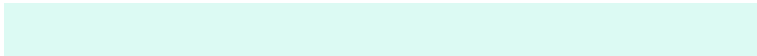
48.9912, 44.1611, 30.7712

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33.0759, 44.1629, 46.3169



79.7871, 89.9686, 97.7781



31.2914, 43.7764, 22.1307



16.8844, 19.1842, 20.8363



92.9021, 97.7402, 106.4391



19.4759, 20.4902, 22.3138



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33.0759, 44.1629, 46.3169



55.5523, 77.8443, 79.9616



30.9505, 36.7572, 55.3347



10.2629, 11.3862, 12.3879



16.2272, 26.7849, 22.8873



0.7265, 1.1674, 1.1224



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31.6307, 24.4348, 24.5239



52.6010, 37.3142, 35.2770



32.9156, 28.8803, 19.1698



10.1691, 10.1162, 10.9809



14.9799, 7.6817, 2.5403

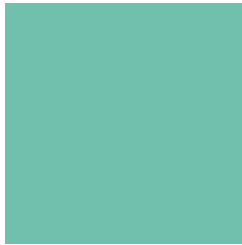


0.6751, 0.3431, 0.2567



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 33.0746, 44.1611, 46.3159 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 33.0746, 44.1611, 46.3159 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 33.0746, 44.1611, 46.3159**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 33.0746, 44.1611, 46.3159.



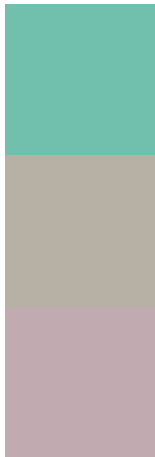
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 33.0746, 44.1611,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

33.0746, 44.1611, 46.3159

### Protanopia

41.7546, 43.7983, 41.3752

### Deuteranopia

44.4910, 43.6376, 47.6729



## Tritanopia

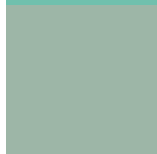
36.5084, 44.2713, 63.1209

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

33.0746, 44.1611, 46.3159



## Protanomaly

37.6076, 43.4140, 42.9568



## Deuteranomaly

39.2664, 43.2673, 47.3562



## Tritanomaly

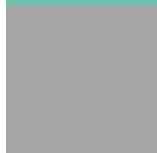
35.0481, 43.9829, 56.5115

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

33.0746, 44.1611, 46.3159



## Achromatopsia

36.2450, 38.1326, 41.5264



## Achromatomaly

34.3455, 39.6355, 43.3763

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 33.0746, 44.1611, 46.3159 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(112, 192, 173)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(112, 192, 173)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 192, 173) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(112, 192, 173) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 33.0746, 44.1611, 46.3159 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(112, 192, 173) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(112, 192, 173) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(112, 192, 173)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(112, 192, 173); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 192, 173);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 192,  
173) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 33.0746, 44.1611, 46.3159 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(112, 192, 173) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(112,  
192, 173) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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