

# Converting Colors

XYZ(33.2670, 17.2626, 8.9658)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(33.2670, 17.2626, 8.9658)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(33.2751, 17.2660,  
8.9760)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E3104F
RGB	227, 16, 79
RGB Percent	89%, 6%, 31%
CMY	0.1098, 0.9371, 0.6902
CMYK	0.00, 0.93, 0.65, 0.11
HSL	342°, 87%, 48%
HSV	342°, 93%, 89%
XYZ	33.2751, 17.2660, 8.9760
YIQ	86.2710, 105.5330, 64.3250

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

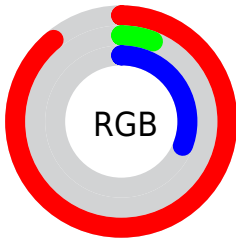
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	227, 16, 79
Decimal	14880847
CIE Lab	48.59, 73.98, 24.32
CIE LCh	49, 77.872, 18.202
Yxy	17.2660, 0.5591, 0.2901
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293070927 (0xFFE3104F)
YUV	86.2710, -3.5846, 123.4193
Hunter-Lab	41.5524, 70.2260, 16.2790

# Details

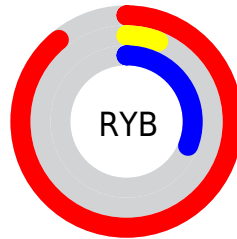
The XYZ color **33.2751, 17.2660, 8.9760** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF3366**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **34.3877, 57.7300, 44.4712**, and the grayscale version is **8.8992, 9.3626, 10.1959**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49.3192, 31.1843, 23.8418**, and **15.4227, 7.9139, 2.3837** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32.7140, 16.7450, 6.9364**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34.4575, 18.5897, 12.5808**.

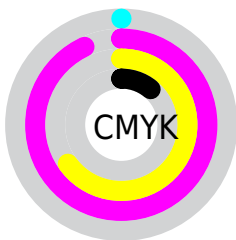
# Distribution



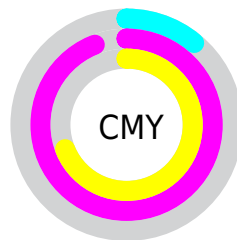
- Red (89%)
- Green (6%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Blue (31%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (93%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Black (11%)




- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (94%)
- Yellow (69%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 33.2751, 17.2660, 8.9760 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 33.2751, 17.2660, 8.9760 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 33.2751, 17.2660,  
8.9760

 33.2751, 17.2660,  
8.9760


308.5306,  
236.7006, 193.4102


 22.4975, 10.4243,  
4.6289


 64.1566, 38.7826,  
24.4277


 14.3416, 5.6812,  
1.9763


 84.9912, 54.2262,  
36.3695

 8.4419, 2.6522,  
0.5407


 109.9089, 73.3060,  
51.6799

 4.4332, 0.9530,  
0.0000

 139.2750, 96.4063,  
70.7774

 1.9500, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 173.4549,  
123.9116, 94.0807

 0.6056, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 212.8139,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

156.2061, 122.0082

0.0000

257.7173,  
193.6743, 154.9786

■ 33.2751, 17.2660,  
8.9760

■ 33.2751, 17.2660,  
8.9760

■ 32.7140, 16.7450,  
6.9364

■ 34.4575, 18.5897,  
12.5808

■ 36.2317, 20.8599,  
17.1126

■ 38.6757, 24.2197,  
22.6386

■ 41.8547, 28.7870,  
29.2185

■ 45.8255, 34.6642,  
36.9067

■ 50.6394, 41.9427,  
45.7537

■ 56.3431, 50.7059,  
55.8065

■ 62.9796, 61.0302,  
67.1095

■ 70.5895, 72.9871,  
79.7048

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



33.9169, 17.2660, 28.0709



33.2751, 17.2660, 8.9760



27.4058, 17.2660, 2.0626

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



33.2751, 17.2660, 8.9760



8.1371, 17.2660, 2.8620



13.7533, 17.2660, 89.8529

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33.2751, 17.2660, 8.9760



34.3877, 57.7300, 44.4712

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



8.8376, 17.2660, 66.1871



33.2751, 17.2660, 8.9760



6.2853, 17.2660, 11.8342

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



33.2751, 17.2660, 8.9760



12.4744, 17.2660, 0.6856



6.4976, 17.2660, 34.0045



21.0987, 17.2660, 86.6566



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33.2751, 17.2660, 8.9760



22.0736, 17.2660, 0.8025



6.4976, 17.2660, 34.0045



11.8102, 17.2660, 84.3330

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33.2755, 17.2671, 8.9762



69.3060, 59.7784, 65.5856



29.3013, 13.7796, 73.7879



14.1708, 11.7792, 12.8574



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33.2755, 17.2671, 8.9762



42.5481, 21.7832, 8.8185



33.2969, 19.4179, 2.4849



14.5531, 14.4384, 15.8471



19.1239, 9.7838, 4.2817



1.4530, 0.7389, 0.5263



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33.2755, 17.2671, 8.9762



42.5481, 21.7832, 8.8185



31.3881, 40.2740, 78.7918



14.5531, 14.4384, 15.8471



19.1239, 9.7838, 4.2817



1.4530, 0.7389, 0.5263



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 33.2751, 17.2660, 8.9760 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

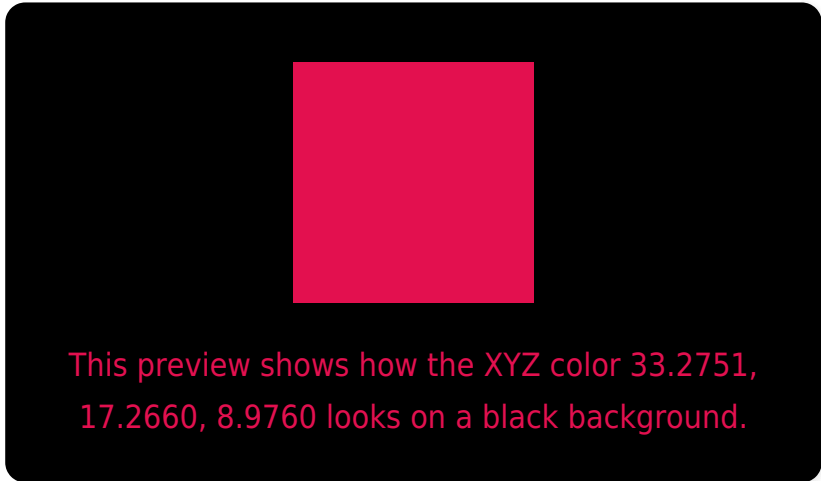
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 33.2751, 17.2660, 8.9760**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 33.2751, 17.2660, 8.9760.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 33.2751, 17.2660,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

33.2751, 17.2660, 8.9760

### Protanopia

16.9477, 17.6505, 18.7333

### Deuteranopia

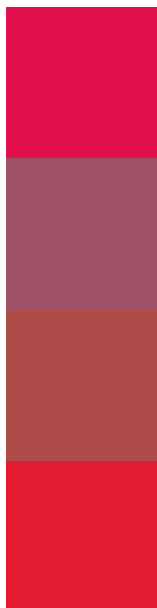
17.9139, 17.5493, 8.0734



## Tritanopia

32.1968, 17.4171, 3.0314

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

33.2751, 17.2660, 8.9760

## Protanomaly

19.3675, 13.9657, 14.2452

## Deuteranomaly

21.0206, 14.5342, 8.0008

## Tritanomaly

32.3103, 17.1744, 4.5178

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

33.2751, 17.2660, 8.9760

## Achromatopsia

8.8453, 9.3059, 10.1341

## Achromatomaly

13.5466, 9.2804, 9.2609

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 33.2751, 17.2660, 8.9760 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(227, 16, 79)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(227, 16, 79)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 16, 79) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(227, 16, 79) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 33.2751, 17.2660, 8.9760 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(227, 16, 79) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(227, 16, 79) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(227, 16, 79)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(227, 16, 79); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 16, 79);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 16,  
79) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 33.2751, 17.2660, 8.9760 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(227, 16, 79) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(227, 16,  
79) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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