

# Converting Colors

XYZ(33.2996, 45.4063, 46.6955)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(33.2996, 45.4063, 46.6955)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(33.1213, 45.1731,  
46.5088)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6BC3AD
RGB	107, 195, 173
RGB Percent	42%, 76%, 68%
CMY	0.5804, 0.2353, 0.3216
CMYK	0.45, 0.00, 0.11, 0.24
HSL	165°, 42%, 59%
HSV	165°, 45%, 76%
XYZ	33.1213, 45.1731, 46.5088
YIQ	166.1800, -45.3860, -25.4980

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

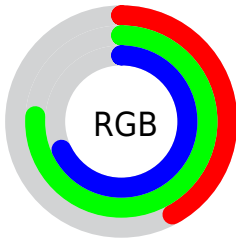
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	107, 157, 195
Decimal	7062445
CIELab	73.01, -31.79, 2.84
CIELCh	73, 31.920, 174.902
Yxy	45.1731, 0.2654, 0.3620
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285252525 (0xFF6BC3AD)
YUV	166.1800, 3.3623, -51.9009
Hunter-Lab	67.2109, -29.6550, 6.0200

# Details

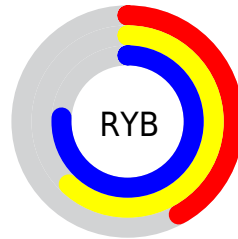
The XYZ color **33.1213, 45.1731, 46.5088** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **31.7273, 23.7036, 23.6735**, and the grayscale version is **36.3335, 38.2257, 41.6278**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **63.9183, 83.0088, 86.0522**, and **14.2915, 21.1083, 21.4102** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.5731, 43.9141, 43.9723**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **36.2180, 46.7151, 49.1628**.

# Distribution



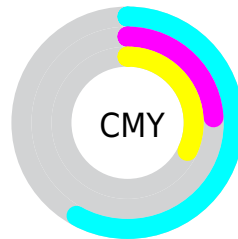
- Red (42%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (68%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (24%)




- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (32%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 33.1213, 45.1731, 46.5088 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 33.1213, 45.1731, 46.5088 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 33.1213, 45.1731,  
46.5088


 33.1213, 45.1731,  
46.5088


307.8513,  
367.4742, 389.1873


 22.3791, 31.5938,  
32.2960


 63.9183, 82.9801,  
86.3222


 14.2539, 21.0514,  
21.3210


 84.7037, 107.9766,  
112.7599

 8.3803, 13.1616,  
13.1653


 109.5676,  
137.5476, 144.1096

 4.3931, 7.5399,  
7.4104

 138.8753,  
172.0775, 180.7899

 1.9268, 3.8020,  
3.6377

172.9922,  
211.9507, 223.2192

 0.5924, 1.5634,  
1.4288

212.2836,

 0.0000, 0.3328,

257.5517, 271.8162

0.1640

257.1148,  
309.2647, 326.9994

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 33.1213, 45.1731,  
46.5088

■ 33.1213, 45.1731,  
46.5088

■ 30.5731, 43.9141,  
43.9723

■ 36.2180, 46.7151,  
49.1628

■ 28.5333, 42.9141,  
41.5476

■ 39.8920, 48.5516,  
51.9337

■ 26.9625, 42.1540,  
39.2328


■ 44.1749, 50.7000,  
54.8247


■ 25.8137, 41.6094,  
37.0248


■ 49.0947, 53.1747,  
57.8383


■ 25.0297, 41.2510,  
34.9198


■ 54.6777, 55.9891,  
60.9764

 24.7236, 41.1148,  
33.9286

 60.9486, 59.1561,  
64.2410

 67.9309, 62.6878,  
67.6343

 72.6402, 65.0455,  
71.0173

 73.2647, 65.2953,  
74.3061

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



34.7507, 45.1731, 33.5649



33.1213, 45.1731, 46.5088



33.9302, 45.1731, 63.2746

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



33.1213, 45.1731, 46.5088



47.6082, 45.1731, 82.6073



49.3971, 45.1731, 28.1052

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33.1213, 45.1731, 46.5088



31.7273, 23.7036, 23.6735

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53.4083, 45.1731, 37.3609



33.1213, 45.1731, 46.5088



52.3144, 45.1731, 69.0279

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



33.1213, 45.1731, 46.5088



41.9905, 45.1731, 86.5282



54.5193, 45.1731, 51.9637



43.8950, 45.1731, 24.5110



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33.1213, 45.1731, 46.5088



35.7833, 45.1731, 74.1887



54.5193, 45.1731, 51.9637



50.9827, 45.1731, 30.5454

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33.1226, 45.1749, 46.5098



79.8695, 91.1801, 98.6706



31.4480, 44.8764, 20.9152



17.0951, 19.7688, 21.3534



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33.1226, 45.1749, 46.5098



54.8742, 78.7067, 78.8812



31.1414, 37.5202, 57.2326



10.2574, 11.3840, 12.3590



16.1034, 26.7354, 22.2356



0.7220, 1.1657, 1.0988



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31.7273, 23.7036, 23.6735



52.0901, 35.5084, 33.0514



32.8194, 27.9818, 17.5819



10.1742, 10.1183, 11.0079



15.0133, 7.6951, 2.7163

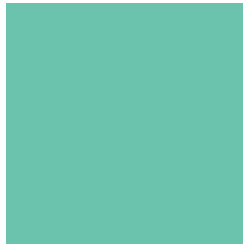


0.6774, 0.3440, 0.2687



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 33.1213, 45.1731, 46.5088 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 33.1213, 45.1731, 46.5088 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

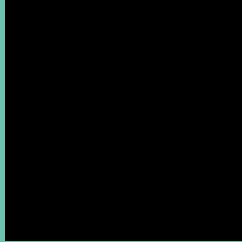
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 33.1213, 45.1731, 46.5088**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 33.1213, 45.1731, 46.5088.



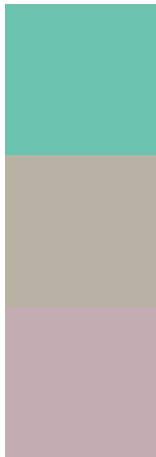
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 33.1213, 45.1731,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

33.1213, 45.1731, 46.5088

### Protanopia

42.6288, 44.8354, 41.5293

### Deuteranopia

45.2941, 44.3215, 48.2871



## Tritanopia

36.7565, 44.9961, 65.1404

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

33.1213, 45.1731, 46.5088

## Protanomaly

38.0202, 44.2391, 43.0943

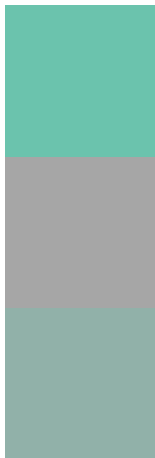
## Deuteranomaly

39.2620, 43.5636, 47.4136

## Tritanomaly

35.3973, 45.1050, 57.8794

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

33.1213, 45.1731, 46.5088

## Achromatopsia

36.2450, 38.1326, 41.5264

## Achromatomaly

34.5606, 40.3286, 43.4988

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 33.1213, 45.1731, 46.5088 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(107, 195, 173)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(107, 195, 173)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 195, 173) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(107, 195, 173) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 33.1213, 45.1731, 46.5088 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

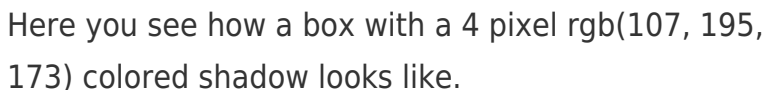
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(107, 195, 173) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(107, 195, 173) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(107, 195, 173)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(107, 195, 173); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 195, 173);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 195,  
173) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 33.1213, 45.1731, 46.5088 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(107, 195, 173) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(107,  
195, 173) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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