

Converting Colors

XYZ(33.3034, 17.1676, 1.6030)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(33.3034, 17.1676, 1.6030)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(33.2897, 17.1602,
1.6151)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | E80002 |
| RGB | 232, 0, 2 |
| RGB Percent | 91%, 0%, 1% |
| CMY | 0.0902, 0.9998, 0.9922 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 1.00, 0.99, 0.09 |
| HSL | 359°, 100%, 46% |
| HSV | 359°, 100%, 91% |
| XYZ | 33.2897, 17.1602, 1.6151 |
| YIQ | 69.5960, 137.6300, 49.8060 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

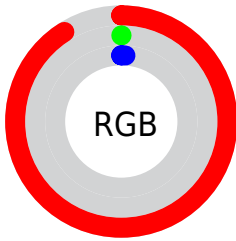
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| RYB | 232, 0, 2 |
| Decimal | 15204354 |
| CIELab | 48.46, 74.60, 62.00 |
| CIELCh | 48, 96.998, 39.731 |
| Yxy | 17.1602, 0.6394, 0.3296 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4293394434 (0xFFE80002) |
| YUV | 69.5960, -33.3248, 142.4283 |
| Hunter-Lab | 41.4249, 70.9520, 26.6858 |

Details

The XYZ color **33.2897, 17.1602, 1.6151** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF0000**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **43.1480, 63.4295, 84.8733**, and the grayscale version is **5.7971, 6.0990, 6.6418**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **45.7196, 29.0376, 7.0660**, and **15.5170, 7.9993, 0.7262** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33.2891, 17.1599, 1.6135**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33.7655, 17.8490, 2.5856**.

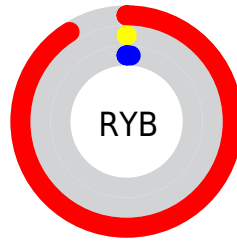
Distribution



Red (91%)

Green (0%)

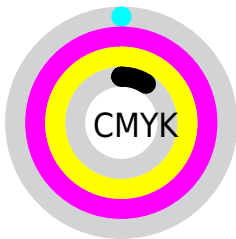
Blue (1%)



Red (91%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (1%)

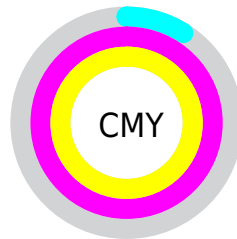


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (99%)

Black (9%)



Cyan (9%)


Magenta (100%)


Yellow (99%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 33.2897, 17.1602, 1.6151 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 33.2897, 17.1602, 1.6151 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 33.2897, 17.1602,
1.6151


 33.2897, 17.1602,
1.6151


 308.5951,
236.0939, 116.0807


 22.5088, 10.3488,
0.3016


 64.1792, 38.6010,
7.9590


 14.3499, 5.6308,
0.0000


 85.0185, 53.9992,
13.9666


 8.4478, 2.6219,
0.0000


 109.9413, 73.0284,
22.4228

 4.4370, 0.9377,
0.0000

 139.3129, 96.0730,
33.7461

 1.9522, 0.0000,
0.0000

 173.4988,
123.5175, 48.3550

 0.6069, 0.0000,
0.0000


 212.8642,


 0.0000, 0.0000,


155.7462, 66.6680


0.0000


 257.7745,
193.1435, 89.1038


 33.2897, 17.1602,
1.6151

 33.2897, 17.1602,
1.6151


 33.2891, 17.1599,
1.6135

 33.7655, 17.8490,
2.5856

 34.8072, 19.3591,
4.6997

 36.5851, 21.9484,
8.2723

 39.2017, 25.7679,
13.5025

 42.7430, 30.9446,
20.5584

■ 47.2845, 37.5898,
29.5874

■ 52.8938, 45.8033,
40.7220

■ 59.6329, 55.6761,
54.0830

■ 67.5587, 67.2923,
69.7824

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39.6036, 17.1602, 11.5757



33.2897, 17.1602, 1.6151



22.9725, 17.1602, 0.0000

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



33.2897, 17.1602, 1.6151



4.9610, 17.1602, 6.3445



19.3711, 17.1602, 120.2704

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33.2897, 17.1602, 1.6151



43.1480, 63.4295, 84.8733

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.0794, 17.1602, 112.4013



33.2897, 17.1602, 1.6151



4.6027, 17.1602, 28.2328

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



33.2897, 17.1602, 1.6151



7.6470, 17.1602, 0.6262



6.3847, 17.1602, 70.6410



29.8461, 17.1602, 87.2096

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33.2897, 17.1602, 1.6151



16.3906, 17.1602, 0.0000



6.3847, 17.1602, 70.6410



16.2301, 17.1602, 122.7205

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33.2901, 17.1613, 1.6153



65.4110, 56.5605, 50.1923



46.6033, 22.3432, 78.1998



13.3367, 11.1339, 9.4257



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33.2901, 17.1613, 1.6153



41.2517, 21.2647, 1.9916



39.0909, 28.7801, 3.4964



14.3819, 14.3699, 14.9455



18.4832, 9.5275, 0.9078



1.3676, 0.7047, 0.0762

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33.2901, 17.1613, 1.6153



41.2517, 21.2647, 1.9916



21.2698, 19.2340, 78.9349



14.3819, 14.3699, 14.9455



18.4832, 9.5275, 0.9078



1.3676, 0.7047, 0.0762

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 33.2897, 17.1602, 1.6151 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 33.2897, 17.1602, 1.6151

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 33.2897, 17.1602, 1.6151.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 33.2897, 17.1602,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

33.2897, 17.1602, 1.6151

Protanopia

15.9557, 17.6416, 3.7925

Deuteranopia

17.7171, 17.5719, 2.4579

Trichromacy



Original Color

33.2897, 17.1602, 1.6151

Protanomaly

18.7235, 13.2729, 2.2369

Deuteranomaly

20.6188, 13.9736, 1.6392

Monochromacy



Original Color

33.2897, 17.1602, 1.6151

Achromatopsia

5.8214, 6.1246, 6.6697

Achromatomaly

10.4653, 6.7334, 3.2307

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 33.2897, 17.1602, 1.6151 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(232, 0, 2)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(232, 0, 2)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(232, 0, 2) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(232, 0, 2) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 33.2897, 17.1602, 1.6151 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(232, 0, 2) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(232, 0, 2) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(232, 0, 2)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(232, 0, 2); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 0, 2); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 0, 2) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 33.2897, 17.1602, 1.6151 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(232, 0, 2) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(232, 0,  
2) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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