

# Converting Colors

XYZ(33.3456, 48.2582, 25.5621)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(33.3456, 48.2582, 25.5621)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(33.3241, 48.1336,  
25.6235)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7FCA79
RGB	127, 202, 121
RGB Percent	50%, 79%, 47%
CMY	0.5020, 0.2078, 0.5255
CMYK	0.37, 0.00, 0.40, 0.21
HSL	116°, 43%, 63%
HSV	116°, 40%, 79%
XYZ	33.3241, 48.1336, 25.6235
YIQ	170.3410, -18.6990, -41.0910

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

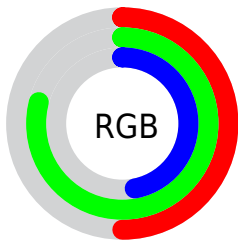
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	121, 202, 196
Decimal	8374905
CIELab	74.91, -39.28, 33.26
CIELCh	75, 51.472, 139.743
Yxy	48.1336, 0.3112, 0.4495
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286564985 (0xFF7FCA79)
YUV	170.3410, -24.3251, -38.0101
Hunter-Lab	69.3784, -35.6743, 26.6673

# Details

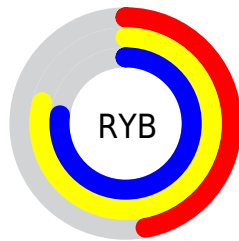
The XYZ color **33.3241, 48.1336, 25.6235** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC66**. A complement of this color would be **40.2653, 29.6763, 59.4856**, and the grayscale version is **38.5041, 40.5093, 44.1146**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **62.6914, 84.5211, 53.0544**, and **14.3187, 22.7388, 9.5956** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29.6812, 46.3855, 19.6500**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37.7460, 50.2562, 32.9894**.

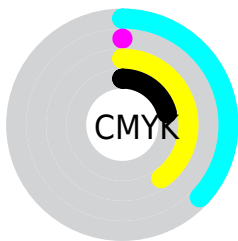
# Distribution



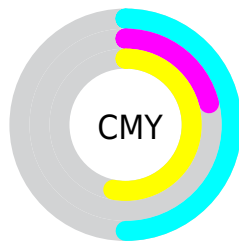
- Red (50%)
- Green (79%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (79%)
- Blue (77%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Black (21%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (53%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 33.3241, 48.1336, 25.6235 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 33.3241, 48.1336, 25.6235 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 33.3241, 48.1336,  
25.6235

■ 33.3241, 48.1336,  
25.6235

308.7468,  
379.3214, 294.4754

■ 22.5353, 33.9327,  
16.3190

■ 64.2325, 87.4033,  
53.6435

■ 14.3695, 22.8419,  
9.5933

■ 85.0828, 113.2409,  
73.1961

■ 8.4615, 14.4768,  
5.0281

■ 110.0176,  
143.7261, 97.0018

■ 4.4459, 8.4530,  
2.2047

139.4022,  
179.2435, 125.4791

■ 1.9574, 4.3862,  
0.6771

173.6022,  
220.1773, 159.0465

■ 0.6099, 1.8918,  
0.0000

212.9827,

■ 0.0000, 0.5435,

266.9119, 198.1227

0.0000

257.9091,  
319.8319, 243.1262

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 33.3241, 48.1336,  
25.6235

■ 33.3241, 48.1336,  
25.6235

■ 29.6812, 46.3855,  
19.6500

■ 37.7460, 50.2562,  
32.9894

■ 26.7686, 44.9844,  
14.9784

■ 42.9847, 52.7667,  
41.8243

■ 24.5380, 43.9089,  
11.5127


■ 49.0797, 55.6854,  
52.2030


■ 22.9335, 43.1325,  
9.1421


■ 56.0671, 59.0293,  
64.1942

■ 21.8904, 42.6248,  
7.7355

■ 63.9808, 62.8146,  
77.8626

 21.3178, 42.3443,  
7.0497

 72.8529, 67.0566,  
93.2692

 80.4115, 70.7230,  
104.0205

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39.9256, 48.1336, 17.2853



33.3241, 48.1336, 25.6235



30.2034, 48.1336, 43.7429

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



33.3241, 48.1336, 25.6235



42.6139, 48.1336, 121.4031



64.9026, 48.1336, 36.8309

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33.3241, 48.1336, 25.6235



40.2653, 29.6763, 59.4856

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



65.8818, 48.1336, 62.1509



33.3241, 48.1336, 25.6235



52.1139, 48.1336, 117.5748

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



33.3241, 48.1336, 25.6235



35.0602, 48.1336, 102.5130



60.9335, 48.1336, 93.3561



58.4167, 48.1336, 22.0559

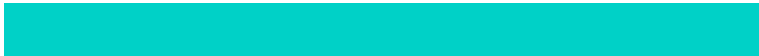


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33.3241, 48.1336, 25.6235



30.1821, 48.1336, 61.6419



60.9335, 48.1336, 93.3561



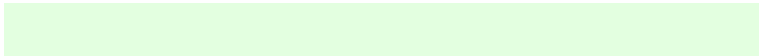
65.9176, 48.1336, 44.1479

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33.3253, 48.1356, 25.6246



80.8421, 93.2002, 84.5344



47.3817, 53.0818, 25.8384



17.0016, 19.8041, 17.5786



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33.3253, 48.1356, 25.6246



51.0638, 78.9235, 34.5881



34.9027, 48.6664, 38.4557



11.1437, 12.5760, 11.9195



13.7463, 27.2618, 4.5375



0.7366, 1.4205, 0.2354



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.2653, 29.6763, 59.4856



64.3666, 43.4671, 99.6052



38.2874, 29.0691, 40.7626



11.6024, 11.3598, 14.1515



20.0870, 9.5628, 36.7434



1.0613, 0.5062, 1.8967



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 33.3241, 48.1336, 25.6235 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 33.3241, 48.1336, 25.6235 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 33.3241, 48.1336, 25.6235**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 33.3241, 48.1336, 25.6235.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 33.3241, 48.1336,

25.6235.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

33.3241, 48.1336, 25.6235

### Protanopia

43.7902, 47.3612, 22.7532

### Deuteranopia

48.5695, 47.6430, 26.7148



## Tritanopia

41.4398, 48.0439, 66.1208

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

33.3241, 48.1336, 25.6235



## Protanomaly

38.8579, 46.9955, 23.8526



## Deuteranomaly

41.3003, 46.6177, 26.2234



## Tritanomaly

37.8929, 47.9328, 48.3291

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

33.3241, 48.1336, 25.6235



## Achromatopsia

38.2080, 40.1978, 43.7754



## Achromatomaly

35.7219, 42.5929, 36.0443

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 33.3241, 48.1336, 25.6235 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(127, 202, 121)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(127, 202, 121)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 202, 121) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(127, 202, 121) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 33.3241, 48.1336, 25.6235 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(127, 202, 121) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(127, 202, 121) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(127, 202, 121)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(127, 202, 121); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 202, 121);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 202,  
121) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 33.3241, 48.1336, 25.6235 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(127, 202, 121) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(127,  
202, 121) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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