

# Converting Colors

XYZ(33.3996, 34.4404, 47.0068)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(33.3996, 34.4404, 47.0068)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(33.3996, 34.4404, 47.0068)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(33.3996, 34.4404,  
47.0068)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	999EB2
RGB	153, 158, 178
RGB Percent	60%, 62%, 70%
CMY	0.4000, 0.3804, 0.3020
CMYK	0.14, 0.11, 0.00, 0.30
HSL	228°, 14%, 65%
HSV	228°, 14%, 70%
XYZ	33.3996, 34.4404, 47.0068
YIQ	158.7850, -9.4000, 5.1600

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

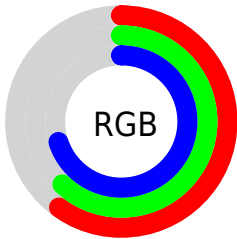
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	153, 157, 178
Decimal	10067634
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	65.31, 2.36, -10.97
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	65, 11.217, 282.132
Yxy	34.4404, 0.2908, 0.2999
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288257714 (0xFF999EB2)
YUV	158.7850, 9.4730, -5.0734
Hunter-Lab	58.6859, -1.1117, -6.4105

# Details

The XYZ color **33.3996, 34.4404, 47.0068** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **39.0536, 41.6518, 36.1189**, and the grayscale version is **32.8185, 34.5276, 37.6006**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **64.3777, 66.7944, 87.3414**, and **14.4389, 14.8208, 21.5017** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27.9978, 28.2575, 46.0986**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **39.5860, 41.4474, 48.0338**.

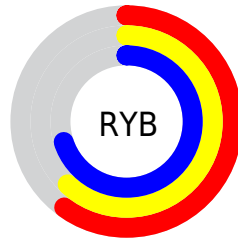
# Distribution



Red (60%)

Green (62%)

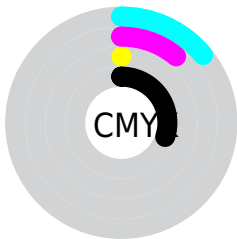
Blue (70%)



Red (60%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (70%)

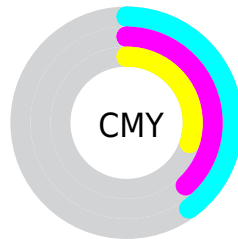


Cyan (14%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (30%)



Cyan (40%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (30%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 33.3996, 34.4404, 47.0068 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 33.3996, 34.4404, 47.0068 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 33.3996, 34.4404,  
47.0068

■ 33.3996, 34.4404,  
47.0068

309.0798,  
322.0913, 391.2362

■ 22.5934, 23.2321,  
32.6866

■ 64.3494, 66.6179,  
87.0739

■ 14.4126, 14.7650,  
21.6174

■ 85.2238, 88.3560,  
113.6578

■ 8.4918, 8.6546,  
13.3804

110.1849,  
114.3728, 145.1669

■ 4.4657, 4.5166,  
7.5572

139.5982,  
145.0527, 182.0194

■ 1.9688, 1.9665,  
3.7293

173.8290,  
180.7801, 224.6341

■ 0.6164, 0.5879,  
1.4780

213.2426,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

221.9394, 273.4295

0.2015

258.2044,  
268.9150, 328.8240

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 33.3996, 34.4404,  
47.0068

■ 33.3996, 34.4404,  
47.0068

■ 27.9978, 28.2575,  
46.0986

■ 39.5860, 41.4474,  
48.0338

■ 23.3460, 22.8638,  
45.3027

■ 46.5839, 49.3030,  
49.1812

■ 19.4112, 18.2284,  
44.6154

■ 54.4225, 58.0362,  
50.4538

■ 16.1569, 14.3164,  
44.0318

■ 63.1287, 67.6732,  
51.8550

■ 13.5434, 11.0903,  
43.5469

■ 72.7282, 78.2391,  
53.3885

■ 11.5264, 8.5091,  
43.1549

■ 81.4567, 88.8359,  
54.9738

■ 10.0559, 6.5269,  
42.8498

■ 85.0360, 95.9944,  
56.1669

■ 9.0730, 5.0914,  
42.6246

■ 8.6553, 4.4531,  
42.5234

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



31.7796, 34.4404, 46.7363



33.3996, 34.4404, 47.0068



34.8887, 34.4404, 44.5794

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



33.3996, 34.4404, 47.0068



35.1213, 34.4404, 31.7794



29.8332, 34.4404, 34.8051

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33.3996, 34.4404, 47.0068



39.0536, 41.6518, 36.1189

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.6710, 34.4404, 31.2124



33.3996, 34.4404, 47.0068



33.7085, 34.4404, 29.5681

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



33.3996, 34.4404, 47.0068



35.9047, 34.4404, 35.6395



32.0784, 34.4404, 29.3696



29.7568, 34.4404, 39.4236



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33.3996, 34.4404, 47.0068



35.5925, 34.4404, 41.8668



32.0784, 34.4404, 29.3696



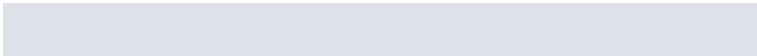
30.0338, 34.4404, 33.4475

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33.4006, 34.4418, 47.0076



71.7566, 75.1282, 87.1004



36.5604, 41.6147, 45.4302



15.7005, 16.4223, 19.2646



86.6293, 91.1408, 99.2523



17.0014, 17.8868, 19.4787



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33.4006, 34.4418, 47.0076



57.2325, 58.6523, 84.6857



33.9416, 33.4797, 46.7933



8.1751, 8.4964, 10.7154



6.2297, 3.2598, 30.4379



0.2363, 0.1831, 0.9711



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.9237, 34.7168, 37.1571



62.7602, 59.3215, 63.0896



38.4472, 42.7899, 36.3705



8.5636, 8.5322, 9.2003



13.3791, 6.8692, 1.8905

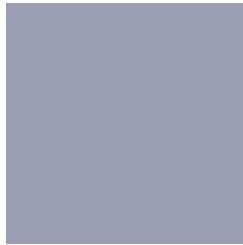


0.4413, 0.2243, 0.1665



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 33.3996, 34.4404, 47.0068 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

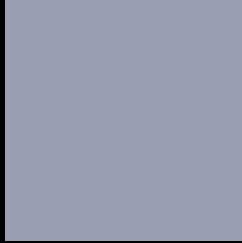
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 33.3996, 34.4404, 47.0068 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

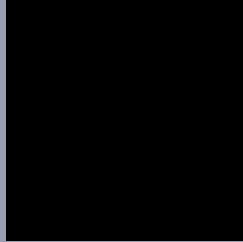
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

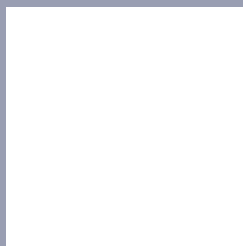
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 33.3996, 34.4404, 47.0068**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 33.3996, 34.4404, 47.0068.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 33.3996, 34.4404,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

33.3996, 34.4404, 47.0068

### Protanopia

33.8032, 34.3962, 46.9770

### Deuteranopia

35.0021, 34.2584, 47.4155



## Tritanopia

32.7934, 34.4502, 43.9509

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

33.3996, 34.4404, 47.0068

## Protanomaly

33.6104, 34.2969, 46.9680

## Deuteranomaly

34.3552, 34.1709, 47.4328

## Tritanomaly

32.9870, 34.5277, 44.9703

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

33.3996, 34.4404, 47.0068

## Achromatopsia

32.9542, 34.6704, 37.7561

## Achromatomaly

33.1857, 34.7175, 41.0285

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 33.3996, 34.4404, 47.0068 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 158, 178)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 158, 178)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 158, 178) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 158, 178) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 33.3996, 34.4404, 47.0068 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 158, 178) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 158, 178) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 158, 178)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 158, 178); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 158, 178);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 158,  
178) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 33.3996, 34.4404, 47.0068 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 158, 178) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153,  
158, 178) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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