

# Converting Colors

XYZ(33.4023, 35.2302, 37.3878)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(33.4023, 35.2302, 37.3878)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(33.4403, 35.1873,  
37.3771)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A1A09E
RGB	161, 160, 158
RGB Percent	63%, 63%, 62%
CMY	0.3686, 0.3725, 0.3804
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.02, 0.37
HSL	40°, 2%, 63%
HSV	40°, 2%, 63%
XYZ	33.4403, 35.1873, 37.3771
YIQ	160.0710, 1.2380, -0.4100

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

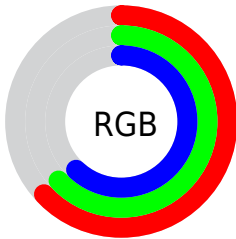
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	160, 161, 158
Decimal	10592414
CIELab	65.89, -0.01, 1.16
CIELCh	66, 1.159, 90.726
Yxy	35.1873, 0.3155, 0.3319
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288782494 (0xFFA1A09E)
YUV	160.0710, -1.0210, 0.8147
Hunter-Lab	59.3189, -3.1808, 4.1643

# Details

The XYZ color **33.4403, 35.1873, 37.3771** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **32.9317, 34.6381, 38.6688**, and the grayscale version is **33.4513, 35.1934, 38.3256**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **64.6296, 68.0039, 72.6705**, and **14.5529, 15.3138, 16.0988** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31.2369, 32.8545, 30.2475**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **35.8673, 37.6757, 45.4779**.

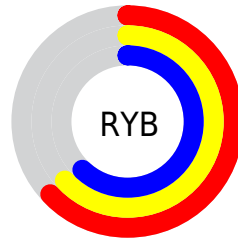
# Distribution



Red (63%)

Green (63%)

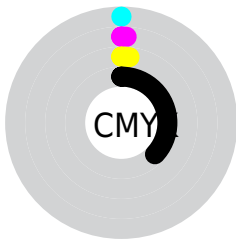
Blue (62%)



Red (63%)

Yellow (63%)

Blue (62%)

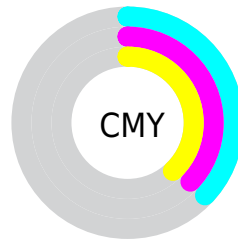


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (37%)



Cyan (37%)

Magenta (37%)

Yellow (38%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 33.4403, 35.1873, 37.3771 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 33.4403, 35.1873, 37.3771 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 33.4403, 35.1873,  
37.3771

■ 33.4403, 35.1873,  
37.3771

309.2591,  
325.3943, 350.1580

■ 22.6248, 23.8072,  
25.2015

■ 64.4124, 67.7758,  
72.3452

■ 14.4359, 15.1907,  
16.0069

■ 85.2998, 89.7530,  
95.9748

■ 8.5082, 8.9533,  
9.3746

110.2751,  
116.0314, 124.2594

■ 4.4763, 4.7107,  
4.8862

139.7038,  
146.9953, 157.6177

■ 1.9750, 2.0786,  
2.1231

173.9512,  
183.0291, 196.4682

■ 0.6198, 0.6525,  
0.6294

213.3826,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

224.5173, 241.2294

0.0000

258.3635,  
271.8442, 292.3198

■ 33.4403, 35.1873,  
37.3771

■ 33.4403, 35.1873,  
37.3771

■ 31.2369, 32.8545,  
30.2475

■ 35.8673, 37.6757,  
45.4779

■ 29.2465, 30.6689,  
24.0496

■ 38.5219, 40.3186,  
54.5826

■ 27.4621, 28.6280,  
18.7450

■ 41.4120, 43.1212,  
64.7253

■ 25.8754, 26.7277,  
14.2912

■ 44.5439, 46.0867,  
75.9377

■ 24.4770, 24.9633,  
10.6425

■ 47.9239, 49.2184,  
88.2501

■ 23.2571, 23.3300,  
7.7490

■ 51.5580, 52.5194,  
101.6918

■ 22.2044, 21.8226,  
5.5549

■ 52.8194, 54.9397,  
102.4283

■ 21.3065, 20.4350,  
3.9968

■ 54.0599, 57.4207,  
102.8418

■ 20.5484, 19.1604,  
2.9995

■ 55.3440, 59.9889,  
103.2698

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



33.6059, 35.1873, 37.4957



33.4403, 35.1873, 37.3771



33.2764, 35.1873, 37.5075

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



33.4403, 35.1873, 37.3771



33.1620, 35.1873, 38.7972



33.7327, 35.1873, 38.7763

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33.4403, 35.1873, 37.3771



32.9317, 34.6381, 38.6688

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



33.6131, 35.1873, 39.1299



33.4403, 35.1873, 37.3771



33.2836, 35.1873, 39.1421

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



33.4403, 35.1873, 37.3771



33.1161, 35.1873, 38.3249



33.4486, 35.1873, 39.2644



33.7750, 35.1873, 38.3010



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33.4403, 35.1873, 37.3771



33.1900, 35.1873, 37.7187



33.4486, 35.1873, 39.2644



33.7002, 35.1873, 38.9135

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33.4413, 35.1888, 37.3779



60.2411, 63.3848, 68.0967



33.1833, 34.5345, 37.7183



13.2173, 13.9070, 14.9528



76.7382, 80.7346, 87.9200



13.3056, 13.9985, 15.2444



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33.4413, 35.1888, 37.3779



59.8176, 62.9442, 66.7024



33.5143, 35.4841, 37.4310



7.8385, 8.2481, 8.7621



16.0173, 14.6085, 1.9755



0.3771, 0.3881, 0.0550

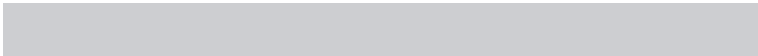


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32.9317, 34.6381, 38.6688



58.8208, 61.8669, 69.2279



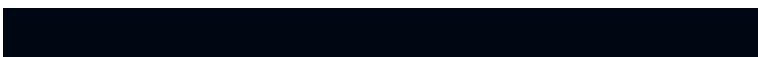
32.8595, 34.3474, 38.6165



7.7196, 8.1196, 9.0634



6.2075, 4.1944, 27.4122



0.1724, 0.1720, 0.5900



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 33.4403, 35.1873, 37.3771 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 33.4403, 35.1873, 37.3771 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

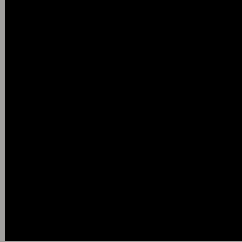
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

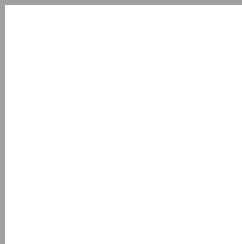
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 33.4403, 35.1873, 37.3771**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 33.4403, 35.1873, 37.3771.



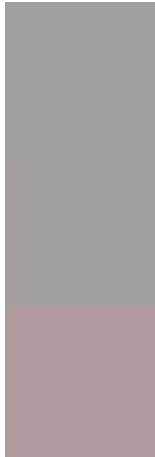
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 33.4403, 35.1873,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

33.4403, 35.1873, 37.3771

### Protanopia

33.6739, 35.0514, 37.3385

### Deuteranopia

35.8838, 35.1760, 37.6993



## Tritanopia

34.6818, 35.1805, 43.4907

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

33.4403, 35.1873, 37.3771

## Protanomaly

33.4700, 34.9463, 37.3290

## Deuteranomaly

35.1096, 35.2751, 37.7592

## Tritanomaly

34.1814, 35.2308, 41.0751

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

33.4403, 35.1873, 37.3771

## Achromatopsia

33.4132, 35.1533, 38.2819

## Achromatomaly

33.3260, 35.1184, 37.8229

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 33.4403, 35.1873, 37.3771 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(161, 160, 158)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(161, 160, 158)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 160, 158) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(161, 160, 158) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 33.4403, 35.1873, 37.3771 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(161, 160, 158) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(161, 160, 158) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(161, 160, 158)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(161, 160, 158); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 160, 158);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 160,  
158) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 33.4403, 35.1873, 37.3771 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(161, 160, 158) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(161,  
160, 158) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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