

# Converting Colors

XYZ(33.5207, 25.9126, 16.8706)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(33.5207, 25.9126, 16.8706)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(33.5207, 25.9126,  
16.8706)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	CC726A
RGB	204, 114, 106
RGB Percent	80%, 45%, 42%
CMY	0.2000, 0.5529, 0.5843
CMYK	0.00, 0.44, 0.48, 0.20
HSL	5°, 49%, 61%
HSV	5°, 48%, 80%
XYZ	33.5207, 25.9126, 16.8706
YIQ	139.9980, 56.2080, 16.5920

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

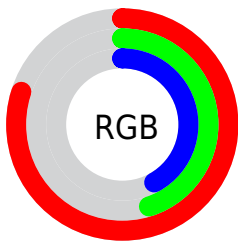
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	204, 115, 106
Decimal	13398634
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	57.95, 34.49, 20.09
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	58, 39.915, 30.214
Yxy	25.9126, 0.4393, 0.3396
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291588714 (0xFFCC726A)
YUV	139.9980, -16.7610, 56.1298
Hunter-Lab	50.9044, 28.4600, 15.9834

# Details

The XYZ color **33.5207, 25.9126, 16.8706** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. A complement of this color would be **36.5819, 46.9015, 64.2515**, and the grayscale version is **24.9749, 26.2756, 28.6141**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61.1445, 51.3318, 38.5836**, and **14.4769, 10.0936, 5.3229** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.6823, 21.7364, 11.2985**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37.0455, 31.0579, 23.9169**.

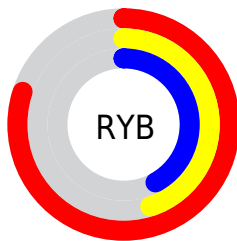
# Distribution



Red (80%)

Green (45%)

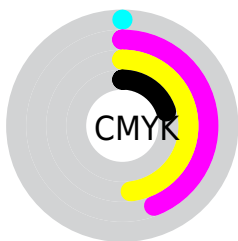
Blue (42%)



Red (80%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (42%)

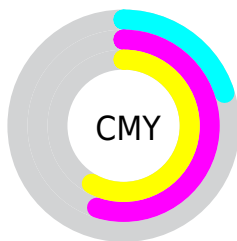


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (48%)

Black (20%)



Cyan (20%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (58%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 33.5207, 25.9126, 16.8706 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 33.5207, 25.9126, 16.8706 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 33.5207, 25.9126,  
16.8706


 33.5207, 25.9126,  
16.8706

309.6132,  
282.3528, 246.4442


 22.6868, 16.7583,  
9.9813


 64.5369, 53.1339,  
38.8908


 14.4818, 10.0623,  
5.2811


 85.4498, 71.9697,  
54.8587

 8.5405, 5.4403,  
2.3515


 110.4532, 94.8014,  
74.6899

 4.4974, 2.5078,  
0.7599

 139.9123,  
122.0134, 98.8030

 1.9872, 0.8806,  
0.0000

174.1925,  
153.9902, 127.6164

 0.6267, 0.0000,  
0.0000

213.6591,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

191.1161, 161.5487

0.0000

258.6776,  
233.7755, 201.0185

■ 33.5207, 25.9126,  
16.8706

■ 33.5207, 25.9126,  
16.8706

■ 30.6823, 21.7364,  
11.2985

■ 37.0455, 31.0579,  
23.9169

■ 28.4835, 18.4647,  
7.0944

■ 41.2956, 37.2235,  
32.5303

■ 26.8749, 16.0318,  
4.1406


■ 46.3090, 44.4619,  
42.7980


■ 25.7987, 14.3607,  
2.2983

■ 52.1207, 52.8206,  
54.8001

■ 25.1799, 13.3584,  
1.3662

■ 58.7636, 62.3445,  
68.6117

 25.0971, 13.2279,  
1.2305

 66.2685, 73.0759,  
84.3033

 74.6649, 85.0550,  
101.9419

 78.7118, 91.5774,  
108.1354

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



35.0880, 25.9126, 28.1157



33.5207, 25.9126, 16.8706



29.5171, 25.9126, 10.9000

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



33.5207, 25.9126, 16.8706



17.4405, 25.9126, 16.9924



24.6637, 25.9126, 63.8716

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33.5207, 25.9126, 16.8706



36.5819, 46.9015, 64.2515

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.3130, 25.9126, 58.0245



33.5207, 25.9126, 16.8706



16.4873, 25.9126, 28.3133

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



33.5207, 25.9126, 16.8706



20.2605, 25.9126, 10.9525



17.4679, 25.9126, 43.7593



29.5846, 25.9126, 57.8649



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33.5207, 25.9126, 16.8706



26.2355, 25.9126, 9.3297



17.4679, 25.9126, 43.7593



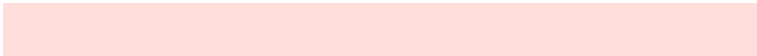
23.0898, 25.9126, 63.2095

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33.5214, 25.9139, 16.8711



80.2444, 78.7477, 78.1956



40.1876, 27.1983, 56.2358



16.7395, 16.2275, 15.8380



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33.5214, 25.9139, 16.8711



50.5175, 35.5604, 18.1388



40.3417, 39.5547, 19.1445



11.2847, 11.3584, 11.6771



15.8244, 8.3818, 0.7838



0.8425, 0.4847, 0.0491



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.5819, 46.9015, 64.2515



56.1519, 74.4048, 106.0098



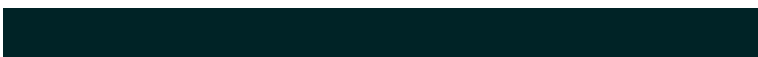
27.5064, 28.7505, 61.2263



11.4618, 12.5641, 14.3914



18.1226, 25.2691, 39.8785



0.9586, 1.3510, 2.0652



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 33.5207, 25.9126, 16.8706 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

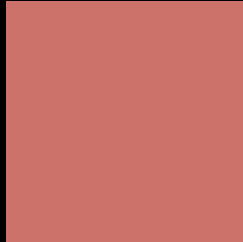
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 33.5207, 25.9126, 16.8706 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 33.5207, 25.9126, 16.8706**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 33.5207, 25.9126, 16.8706.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 33.5207, 25.9126,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

33.5207, 25.9126, 16.8706

### Protanopia

24.5353, 25.9763, 20.8603

### Deuteranopia

26.4404, 26.0088, 16.1970



## Tritanopia

34.3612, 25.9235, 20.9620

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

33.5207, 25.9126, 16.8706

## Protanomaly

27.1683, 25.5050, 19.4106

## Deuteranomaly

28.6280, 25.7417, 16.2918

## Tritanomaly

34.1765, 26.0272, 19.4421

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

33.5207, 25.9126, 16.8706

## Achromatopsia

24.9269, 26.2251, 28.5591

## Achromatomaly

27.1168, 25.5776, 23.9298

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 33.5207, 25.9126, 16.8706 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(204, 114, 106)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(204, 114, 106)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(204, 114, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(204, 114, 106) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 33.5207, 25.9126, 16.8706 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(204, 114, 106) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(204, 114, 106) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(204, 114, 106)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(204, 114, 106); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 114, 106);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 114,  
106) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 33.5207, 25.9126, 16.8706 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(204, 114, 106) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(204,  
114, 106) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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