

# Converting Colors

XYZ(33.5621, 45.8153, 52.8603)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(33.5621, 45.8153, 52.8603)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(33.6530, 45.9767,  
52.9996)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	61C5B9
RGB	97, 197, 185
RGB Percent	38%, 77%, 73%
CMY	0.6196, 0.2274, 0.2745
CMYK	0.51, 0.00, 0.06, 0.23
HSL	173°, 46%, 58%
HSV	173°, 51%, 77%
XYZ	33.6530, 45.9767, 52.9996
YIQ	165.7320, -55.7480, -24.9320

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

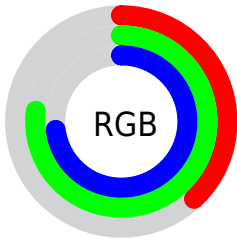
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	97, 150, 197
Decimal	6407609
CIELab	73.53, -32.18, -2.96
CIElCh	74, 32.319, 185.261
Yxy	45.9767, 0.2537, 0.3467
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284597689 (0xFF61C5B9)
YUV	165.7320, 9.4991, -60.2780
Hunter-Lab	67.8061, -30.0690, 1.1212

# Details

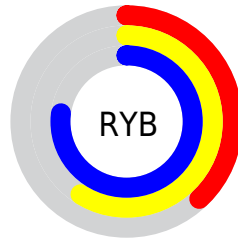
The XYZ color **33.6530, 45.9767, 52.9996** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **30.0626, 21.5252, 17.0401**, and the grayscale version is **36.0922, 37.9719, 41.3513**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **64.6454, 84.1045, 96.0457**, and **14.6145, 21.6342, 25.2353** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31.5617, 44.9283, 51.6104**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **36.2724, 47.2991, 54.4372**.

# Distribution



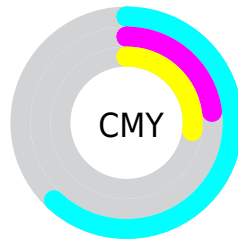
- Red (38%)
- Green (77%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Blue (77%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (23%)




- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (27%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 33.6530, 45.9767, 52.9996 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 33.6530, 45.9767, 52.9996 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 33.6530, 45.9767,  
52.9996


 33.6530, 45.9767,  
52.9996


310.1952,  
370.7150, 415.3498

 22.7888, 32.2274,  
37.4147


 64.7416, 84.1841,  
96.0453


 14.5575, 21.5353,  
25.2305

 85.6966, 109.4111,  
124.3433

 8.5937, 13.5158,  
16.0283


 110.7460,  
139.2327, 157.7159

 4.5321, 7.7847,  
9.3896

 140.2551,  
174.0334, 196.5819

 2.0073, 3.9575,  
4.8959

174.5892,  
214.1976, 241.3598

 0.6381, 1.6498,  
2.1286

214.1137,

 0.0000, 0.3908,

260.1097, 292.4680

0.6327

259.1939,  
312.1540, 350.3252

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 33.6530, 45.9767,  
52.9996

■ 33.6530, 45.9767,  
52.9996

■ 31.5617, 44.9283,  
51.6104

■ 36.2724, 47.2991,  
54.4372

■ 29.9550, 44.1281,  
50.2645

■ 39.4511, 48.9082,  
55.9217

■ 28.7894, 43.5549,  
48.9607

■ 43.2226, 50.8224,  
57.4559

■ 28.0117, 43.1812,  
47.6963

■ 47.6168, 53.0572,  
59.0411

■ 27.5446, 42.9651,  
46.5588

■ 52.6615, 55.6268,  
60.6789

■ 58.3826, 58.5446,  
62.3706

■ 64.8049, 61.8234,  
64.1173

■ 71.9517, 65.4752,  
65.9203

■ 72.3818, 65.6640,  
67.4314

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



34.4672, 45.9767, 38.0214



33.6530, 45.9767, 52.9996



35.3337, 45.9767, 70.4955

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



33.6530, 45.9767, 52.9996



50.3491, 45.9767, 80.3746



48.4570, 45.9767, 26.5893

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33.6530, 45.9767, 52.9996



30.0626, 21.5252, 17.0401

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53.2913, 45.9767, 34.0142



33.6530, 45.9767, 52.9996



54.4486, 45.9767, 64.4060

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



33.6530, 45.9767, 52.9996



44.7139, 45.9767, 88.3533



55.5694, 45.9767, 47.2327



42.7005, 45.9767, 24.8241



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33.6530, 45.9767, 52.9996



37.7370, 45.9767, 80.6001



55.5694, 45.9767, 47.2327



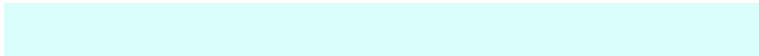
50.2591, 45.9767, 28.4126

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33.6543, 45.9785, 53.0007



81.6206, 93.1613, 104.4593



28.5974, 44.1339, 18.3217



17.1125, 19.7585, 22.2288



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33.6543, 45.9785, 53.0007



56.1433, 80.2734, 92.1443



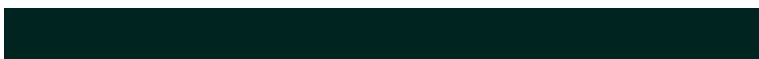
27.6380, 31.8316, 57.5128



10.8898, 12.0448, 13.3698



18.1372, 28.2673, 30.7308



0.8747, 1.3448, 1.5387



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30.0626, 21.5252, 17.0401



49.0217, 31.5800, 20.6885



33.6643, 29.6932, 15.2673



10.6848, 10.6573, 11.3234



15.2679, 7.8567, 1.3545

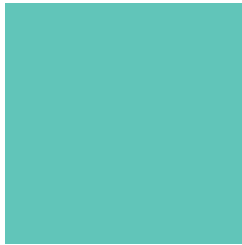


0.7406, 0.3791, 0.1572



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 33.6530, 45.9767, 52.9996 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 33.6530, 45.9767, 52.9996 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

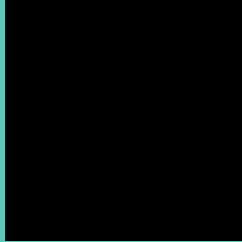
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 33.6530, 45.9767, 52.9996**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 33.6530, 45.9767, 52.9996.



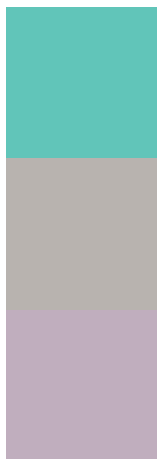
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 33.6530, 45.9767,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

33.6530, 45.9767, 52.9996

### Protanopia

43.6251, 45.5257, 47.0455

### Deuteranopia

46.1685, 45.1963, 55.0056



## Tritanopia

36.4043, 45.7466, 67.2329

# Trichromacy



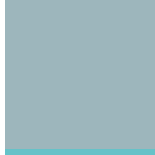
## Original Color

33.6530, 45.9767, 52.9996



## Protanomaly

38.6445, 45.0479, 49.3062



## Deuteranomaly

39.7097, 44.2548, 54.0261



## Tritanomaly

35.1966, 45.5785, 61.5861

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

33.6530, 45.9767, 52.9996



## Achromatopsia

36.2450, 38.1326, 41.5264



## Achromatomaly

34.2495, 40.1241, 45.4748

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 33.6530, 45.9767, 52.9996 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(97, 197, 185)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(97, 197, 185)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(97, 197, 185) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(97, 197, 185) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 33.6530, 45.9767, 52.9996 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(97, 197, 185) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(97, 197, 185) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(97, 197, 185) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(97, 197, 185); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 197, 185);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 197,  
185) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 33.6530, 45.9767, 52.9996 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(97, 197, 185) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(97, 197,  
185) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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