

# Converting Colors

XYZ(33.5928, 42.1866, 17.9572)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(33.5928, 42.1866, 17.9572)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(33.6353, 42.2224,  
17.9322)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A0B762
RGB	160, 183, 98
RGB Percent	63%, 72%, 38%
CMY	0.3725, 0.2823, 0.6157
CMYK	0.13, 0.00, 0.46, 0.28
HSL	76°, 37%, 55%
HSV	76°, 46%, 72%
XYZ	33.6353, 42.2224, 17.9322
YIQ	166.4330, 13.5770, -31.3110

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

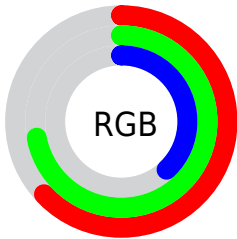
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	98, 183, 121
Decimal	10532706
CIELab	71.02, -21.44, 40.41
CIELCh	71, 45.749, 117.948
Yxy	42.2224, 0.3586, 0.4502
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288722786 (0xFFA0B762)
YUV	166.4330, -33.7375, -5.6417
Hunter-Lab	64.9788, -21.3149, 29.1229

# Details

The XYZ color **33.6353, 42.2224, 17.9322** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC66**. A complement of this color would be **20.8017, 16.2203, 46.8366**, and the grayscale version is **36.6099, 38.5165, 41.9444**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **64.6904, 78.5339, 40.6032**, and **14.5795, 19.3045, 5.7540** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31.8980, 41.4168, 13.8448**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **35.6117, 43.1311, 23.0636**.

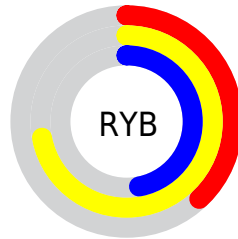
# Distribution



Red (63%)

Green (72%)

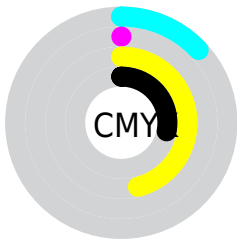
Blue (38%)



Red (38%)

Yellow (72%)

Blue (47%)

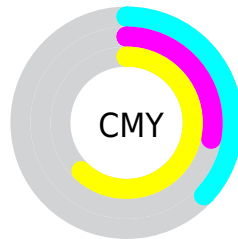


Cyan (13%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (46%)

Black (28%)



Cyan (37%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (62%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 33.6353, 42.2224, 17.9322 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 33.6353, 42.2224, 17.9322 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 33.6353, 42.2224,  
17.9322

■ 33.6353, 42.2224,  
17.9322

310.1174,  
355.4040, 252.7119

■ 22.7751, 29.2755,  
10.7324

■ 64.7142, 78.5361,  
40.7341

■ 14.5473, 19.2893,  
5.7753

■ 85.6636, 102.6717,  
57.1733

■ 8.5866, 11.8795,  
2.6424

■ 110.7069,  
131.3056, 77.5294

■ 4.5274, 6.6617,  
0.9142

■ 140.2092,  
164.8222, 102.2209

■ 2.0046, 3.2514,  
0.0000

174.5361,  
203.6060, 131.6664

■ 0.6366, 1.2644,  
0.0000

214.0529,

■ 0.0000, 0.1134,

248.0413, 166.2843

0.0000

259.1249,  
298.5125, 206.4933

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 33.6353, 42.2224,  
17.9322

■ 33.6353, 42.2224,  
17.9322

■ 31.8980, 41.4168,  
13.8448

■ 35.6117, 43.1311,  
23.0636

■ 30.3827, 40.7031,  
10.7269

■ 37.8368, 44.1424,  
29.3016

■ 29.0744, 40.0766,  
8.4984


■ 40.3236, 45.2631,  
36.7066


■ 27.9549, 39.5300,  
7.0651


■ 43.0829, 46.4975,  
45.3343


■ 26.9998, 39.0536,  
6.3017


■ 46.1252, 47.8498,  
55.2366

 26.6828, 38.8943,  
6.1010

 49.4600, 49.3239,  
66.4624

 53.0966, 50.9236,  
79.0581

 57.0437, 52.6525,  
93.0677

 60.0440, 54.0075,  
101.8676

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



40.6593, 42.2224, 15.4524



33.6353, 42.2224, 17.9322



28.9280, 42.2224, 27.0724

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



33.6353, 42.2224, 17.9322



32.8321, 42.2224, 91.6198



56.6665, 42.2224, 47.4955

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33.6353, 42.2224, 17.9322



20.8017, 16.2203, 46.8366

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53.9072, 42.2224, 72.0960



33.6353, 42.2224, 17.9322



39.6076, 42.2224, 102.1052

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



33.6353, 42.2224, 17.9322



28.5073, 42.2224, 68.6322



47.4137, 42.2224, 94.0255



54.5499, 42.2224, 28.9466



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33.6353, 42.2224, 17.9322



27.4159, 42.2224, 37.7394



47.4137, 42.2224, 94.0255



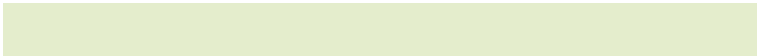
56.2719, 42.2224, 55.3247

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33.6363, 42.2243, 17.9331



73.2678, 81.5334, 68.9706



28.5315, 24.5443, 14.7896



15.9566, 17.9068, 14.5393



88.6918, 93.3107, 101.6153



17.8044, 18.7317, 20.3988



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33.6363, 42.2243, 17.9331



56.9875, 74.1083, 24.4898



26.5881, 38.5908, 17.6032



9.5067, 10.3779, 9.6090



18.6816, 27.1670, 4.2591



0.7144, 0.9865, 0.1528



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20.8017, 16.2203, 46.8366



31.1569, 21.6941, 82.7809



28.0548, 19.9594, 47.1761



8.7431, 8.8339, 11.3237



6.9215, 2.8794, 31.4440



0.3052, 0.1331, 1.1113



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 33.6353, 42.2224, 17.9322 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 33.6353, 42.2224, 17.9322 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

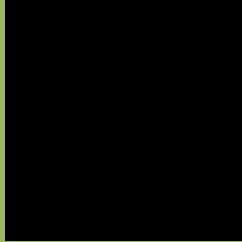
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 33.6353, 42.2224, 17.9322**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 33.6353, 42.2224, 17.9322.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 33.6353, 42.2224,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

33.6353, 42.2224, 17.9322

### Protanopia

38.6875, 42.1747, 16.9280

### Deuteranopia

42.8985, 42.0806, 18.4318



## Tritanopia

40.7078, 42.1329, 53.0006

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

33.6353, 42.2224, 17.9322

## Protanomaly

36.6559, 41.9921, 17.2396

## Deuteranomaly

38.8397, 41.6511, 18.3043

## Tritanomaly

37.5749, 42.0263, 37.1418

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

33.6353, 42.2224, 17.9322

## Achromatopsia

36.2450, 38.1326, 41.5264

## Achromatomaly

34.8701, 39.3206, 30.9511

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 33.6353, 42.2224, 17.9322 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(160, 183, 98)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(160, 183, 98)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(160, 183, 98) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(160, 183, 98) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 33.6353, 42.2224, 17.9322 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(160, 183, 98) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(160, 183, 98) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(160, 183, 98)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(160, 183, 98); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(160, 183, 98);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(160, 183,  
98) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 33.6353, 42.2224, 17.9322 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(160, 183, 98) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(160,  
183, 98) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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