

Converting Colors

XYZ(33.5948, 41.7686, 28.6367)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(33.5948, 41.7686, 28.6367)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(33.5393, 41.6334,
28.4586)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | 96B685 |
| RGB | 150, 182, 133 |
| RGB Percent | 59%, 71%, 52% |
| CMY | 0.4118, 0.2863, 0.4784 |
| CMYK | 0.18, 0.00, 0.27, 0.29 |
| HSL | 99°, 25%, 62% |
| HSV | 99°, 27%, 71% |
| XYZ | 33.5393, 41.6334, 28.4586 |
| YIQ | 166.8460, -3.3430, -22.0230 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

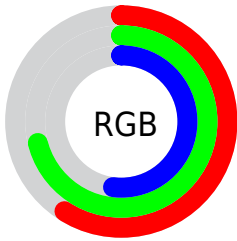
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| RYB | 133, 182, 165 |
| Decimal | 9877125 |
| CIELab | 70.62, -20.03, 21.47 |
| CIELCh | 71, 29.357, 133.010 |
| Yxy | 41.6334, 0.3236, 0.4017 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4288067205 (0xFF96B685) |
| YUV | 166.8460, -16.6861, -14.7739 |
| Hunter-Lab | 64.5239, -20.1333, 19.0166 |

Details

The XYZ color **33.5393, 41.6334, 28.4586** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **32.3497, 28.1529, 47.9872**, and the grayscale version is **36.7364, 38.6495, 42.0893**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **64.6143, 77.6734, 58.0413**, and **14.4486, 18.9217, 11.0743** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.3120, 40.1038, 22.3029**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37.2086, 43.3681, 35.7740**.

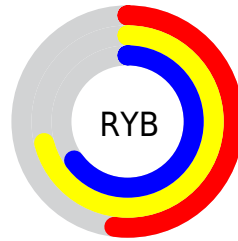
Distribution



Red (59%)

Green (71%)

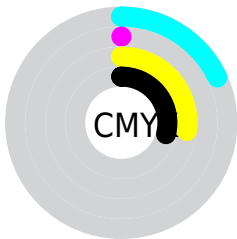
Blue (52%)



Red (52%)

Yellow (71%)

Blue (65%)

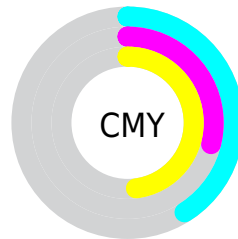


Cyan (18%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (27%)

Black (29%)



Cyan (41%)


Magenta (29%)


Yellow (48%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 33.5393, 41.6334, 28.4586 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 33.5393, 41.6334, 28.4586 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 33.5393, 41.6334,
28.4586


 33.5393, 41.6334,
28.4586


309.6951,
352.9610, 308.6324

 22.7011, 28.8143,
18.4296


 64.5657, 77.6445,
58.2477

 14.4924, 18.9404,
11.0862

 85.4845, 101.6053,
78.8448

 8.5479, 11.6272,
6.0100


 110.4944,
130.0488, 103.8018

 4.5023, 6.4904,
2.7823

139.9605,
163.3595, 133.5371

 1.9900, 3.1455,
0.9846

174.2483,
201.9216, 168.4692

 0.6283, 1.2082,
0.0000

213.7231,

 0.0000, 0.0684,

246.1197, 209.0168

0.0000

258.7502,
296.3380, 255.5984

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 33.5393, 41.6334,
28.4586

■ 33.5393, 41.6334,
28.4586

■ 30.3120, 40.1038,
22.3029

■ 37.2086, 43.3681,
35.7740

■ 27.5057, 38.7662,
17.2448

■ 41.3333, 45.3100,
44.3017

■ 25.1022, 37.6137,
13.2204

■ 45.9305, 47.4680,
54.0942

■ 23.0809, 36.6374,
10.1580

■ 51.0150, 49.8486,
65.2002

■ 21.4186, 35.8270,
7.9769

■ 56.6012, 52.4583,
77.6658

■ 20.0896, 35.1713,
6.5832

■ 62.7029, 55.3031,
91.5349

■ 19.0602, 34.6559,
5.8455

■ 68.4506, 58.0361,
102.2021

■ 18.7875, 34.5189,
5.6726

■ 72.4676, 60.1069,
102.3901

■ 76.0188, 61.9376,
102.5563

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



37.5068, 41.6334, 23.9547



33.5393, 41.6334, 28.4586



31.2986, 41.6334, 37.9603

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



33.5393, 41.6334, 28.4586



36.9059, 41.6334, 76.0063



49.3809, 41.6334, 39.5756

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33.5393, 41.6334, 28.4586



32.3497, 28.1529, 47.9872

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.1867, 41.6334, 53.6005



33.5393, 41.6334, 28.4586



41.7102, 41.6334, 76.6864

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



33.5393, 41.6334, 28.4586



33.1305, 41.6334, 66.1221



46.2863, 41.6334, 67.8247



46.7970, 41.6334, 29.4319

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33.5393, 41.6334, 28.4586



30.9624, 41.6334, 46.7502



46.2863, 41.6334, 67.8247



49.6441, 41.6334, 43.9422

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33.5404, 41.6352, 28.4595



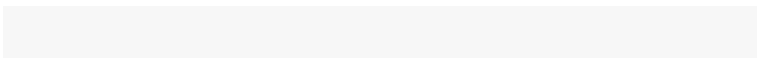
73.9823, 81.6955, 78.3214



36.9548, 38.4964, 27.6737



16.0830, 17.9230, 16.7615



88.6918, 93.3107, 101.6153



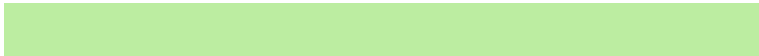
17.8044, 18.7317, 20.3988

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33.5404, 41.6352, 28.4595



57.4215, 73.8769, 45.0727



31.1615, 40.3481, 31.0928



9.1763, 10.2075, 9.5935



13.3323, 24.4094, 4.0088



0.5382, 0.8957, 0.1445

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32.3497, 28.1529, 47.9872



54.9122, 45.5275, 86.1292



35.3840, 29.8026, 44.2669



9.0703, 9.0026, 11.3391



11.3957, 5.1859, 31.6534



0.4657, 0.2158, 1.1189

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 33.5393, 41.6334, 28.4586 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 33.5393, 41.6334, 28.4586 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

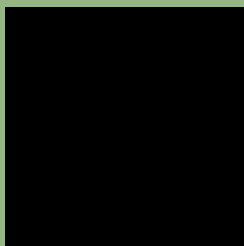
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 33.5393, 41.6334, 28.4586

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 33.5393, 41.6334, 28.4586.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 33.5393, 41.6334,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

33.5393, 41.6334, 28.4586

Protanopia

38.7226, 41.4043, 26.7198

Deuteranopia

41.9865, 41.1053, 29.0138



Tritanopia

38.8134, 41.7050, 54.1483

Trichromacy



Original Color

33.5393, 41.6334, 28.4586

Protanomaly

36.5679, 41.4330, 27.1891

Deuteranomaly

38.2275, 40.8202, 28.7859

Tritanomaly

36.7921, 41.7733, 43.6600

Monochromacy



Original Color

33.5393, 41.6334, 28.4586

Achromatopsia

36.7301, 38.6429, 42.0822

Achromatomaly

35.3669, 39.4487, 36.7607

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 33.5393, 41.6334, 28.4586 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(150, 182, 133)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(150, 182, 133)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 182, 133) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(150, 182, 133) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 33.5393, 41.6334, 28.4586 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(150, 182, 133) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(150, 182, 133) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(150, 182, 133)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(150, 182, 133); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 182, 133);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 182,  
133) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 33.5393, 41.6334, 28.4586 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(150, 182, 133) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(150,  
182, 133) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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