

# Converting Colors

XYZ(33.6733, 31.2726, 32.5915)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(33.6733, 31.2726, 32.5915)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(33.8377, 31.3986, 32.7109)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(33.8377, 31.3986,  
32.7109)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	B38F95
RGB	179, 143, 149
RGB Percent	70%, 56%, 58%
CMY	0.2980, 0.4392, 0.4157
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.17, 0.30
HSL	350°, 19%, 63%
HSV	350°, 20%, 70%
XYZ	33.8377, 31.3986, 32.7109
YIQ	154.4480, 19.5300, 9.4980

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

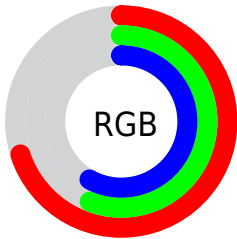
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	179, 143, 149
Decimal	11767701
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	62.84, 14.53, 1.99
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	63, 14.666, 7.783
Yxy	31.3986, 0.3455, 0.3206
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289957781 (0xFFB38F95)
YUV	154.4480, -2.6859, 21.5321
Hunter-Lab	56.0345, 9.7311, 4.6127

# Details

The XYZ color **33.8377, 31.3986, 32.7109** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **34.9919, 41.0977, 45.6256**, and the grayscale version is **30.9183, 32.5284, 35.4235**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **65.0067, 61.9065, 65.0228**, and **14.7231, 13.1462, 13.3167** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.2462, 26.0010, 26.0092**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **38.0123, 37.7176, 40.3605**.

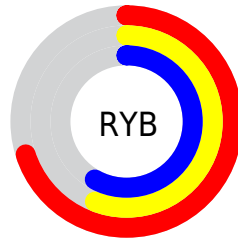
# Distribution



Red (70%)

Green (56%)

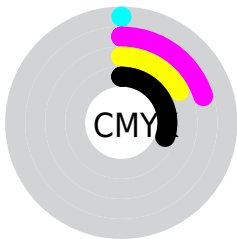
Blue (58%)



Red (70%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (58%)

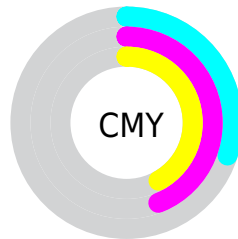


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (17%)

Black (30%)



Cyan (30%)

Magenta (44%)


Yellow (42%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 33.8377, 31.3986, 32.7109 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 33.8377, 31.3986, 32.7109 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 33.8377, 31.3986,  
32.7109


 33.8377, 31.3986,  
32.7109


311.0064,  
308.3705, 328.9370

 22.9312, 20.9026,  
21.6358


 65.0272, 61.8671,  
65.0347

 14.6632, 13.0528,  
13.3938


 86.0409, 82.6083,  
87.1205

 8.6681, 7.4649,  
7.5663

111.1544,  
107.5334, 113.7135

 4.5807, 3.7545,  
3.7350

140.7331,  
137.0267, 145.2324

 2.0356, 1.5372,  
1.4811

175.1423,  
171.4727, 182.0956

 0.6538, 0.3147,  
0.2038

214.7473,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

211.2557, 224.7218

0.0000

259.9136,  
256.7602, 273.5294

■ 33.8377, 31.3986,  
32.7109

■ 33.8377, 31.3986,  
32.7109

■ 30.2462, 26.0010,  
26.0092

■ 38.0123, 37.7176,  
40.3605

■ 27.2093, 21.4777,  
20.2163

■ 42.7917, 44.9938,  
48.9909

■ 24.6995, 17.7838,  
15.2933

■ 48.1999, 53.2664,  
58.6360

■ 22.6866, 14.8687,  
11.1979

■ 54.2587, 62.5709,  
69.3275

■ 21.1367, 12.6762,  
7.8841

■ 60.9887, 72.9413,  
81.0956

■ 20.0117, 11.1426,  
5.3010

■ 68.4097, 84.4099,  
93.9693

■ 19.2676, 10.1931,  
3.3918

■ 72.1484, 88.2229,  
106.5123

■ 18.8226, 9.6766,  
2.0920

■ 72.4005, 88.3238,  
107.8400

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



33.5652, 31.3986, 38.5448



33.8377, 31.3986, 32.7109



33.0025, 31.3986, 27.8463

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



33.8377, 31.3986, 32.7109



27.5382, 31.3986, 26.1667



28.4062, 31.3986, 45.4893

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33.8377, 31.3986, 32.7109



34.9919, 41.0977, 45.6256

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



26.8927, 31.3986, 41.4255



33.8377, 31.3986, 32.7109



26.4074, 31.3986, 30.1720

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



33.8377, 31.3986, 32.7109



29.3232, 31.3986, 24.3542



26.1765, 31.3986, 35.7084



30.3698, 31.3986, 46.3653



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33.8377, 31.3986, 32.7109



31.9511, 31.3986, 25.6542



26.1765, 31.3986, 35.7084



27.8306, 31.3986, 44.4304

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33.8386, 31.4000, 32.7116



71.3768, 72.5639, 78.2648



35.1937, 31.7854, 46.9284



15.6941, 15.8948, 17.1234



86.6293, 91.1408, 99.2523



17.0014, 17.8868, 19.4787



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33.8386, 31.4000, 32.7116



57.7148, 51.8851, 53.2245



35.2707, 35.0108, 30.8872



8.5522, 8.5276, 9.1404



13.3177, 6.8446, 1.5668



0.4366, 0.2224, 0.1419



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33.8386, 31.4000, 32.7116



57.7148, 51.8851, 53.2245



33.2843, 36.7329, 47.9840



8.5522, 8.5276, 9.1404



13.3177, 6.8446, 1.5668

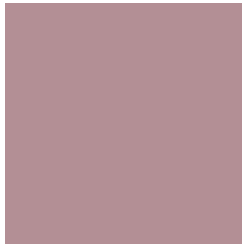


0.4366, 0.2224, 0.1419



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 33.8377, 31.3986, 32.7109 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 33.8377, 31.3986, 32.7109 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

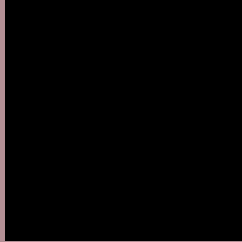
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 33.8377, 31.3986, 32.7109**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 33.8377, 31.3986, 32.7109.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 33.8377, 31.3986,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

33.8377, 31.3986, 32.7109

### Protanopia

30.2258, 31.3363, 35.0273

### Deuteranopia

31.9275, 31.3304, 32.3816



## Tritanopia

34.2452, 31.3492, 34.3831

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

33.8377, 31.3986, 32.7109

## Protanomaly

31.3617, 31.2333, 34.0815

## Deuteranomaly

32.6374, 31.4665, 32.3704

## Tritanomaly

34.1629, 31.3163, 33.9498

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

33.8377, 31.3986, 32.7109

## Achromatopsia

30.7148, 32.3143, 35.1903

## Achromatomaly

31.6781, 31.8662, 34.1869

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 33.8377, 31.3986, 32.7109 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(179, 143, 149)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(179, 143, 149)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(179, 143, 149) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(179, 143, 149) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 33.8377, 31.3986, 32.7109 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(179, 143, 149) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(179, 143, 149) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(179, 143, 149)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 143, 149); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 143, 149); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 143, 149) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 33.8377, 31.3986, 32.7109 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(179, 143, 149) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(179,  
143, 149) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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