

# Converting Colors

XYZ(33.6742, 24.5932, 80.0629)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(33.6742, 24.5932, 80.0629)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(33.6742, 24.5932,  
80.0629)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9872E9
RGB	152, 114, 233
RGB Percent	60%, 45%, 91%
CMY	0.4039, 0.5529, 0.0863
CMYK	0.35, 0.51, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	259°, 73%, 68%
HSV	259°, 51%, 91%
XYZ	33.6742, 24.5932, 80.0629
YIQ	138.9280, -15.5510, 45.0650

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

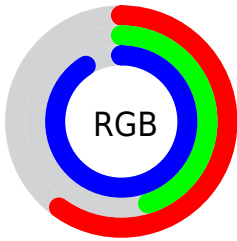
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">152, 114, 233</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">9990889</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">56.68, 40.54, -55.21</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">57, 68.496, 306.285</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">24.5932, 0.2434, 0.1778</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4288180969 (0xFF9872E9)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">138.9280, 46.3775, 11.4641</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">49.5915, 34.4219, -61.0065</a>

# Details

The XYZ color **33.6742, 24.5932, 80.0629** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9966CC**. A complement of this color would be **54.6819, 71.0951, 26.7609**, and the grayscale version is **24.3454, 25.6132, 27.8928**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **58.1632, 48.4127, 100.8868**, and **14.6500, 9.4417, 42.6453** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28.6006, 18.5609, 79.1664**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **39.8160, 32.1704, 81.2022**.

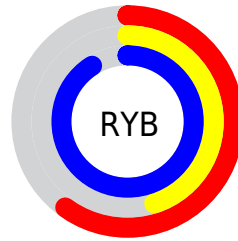
# Distribution



Red (60%)

Green (45%)

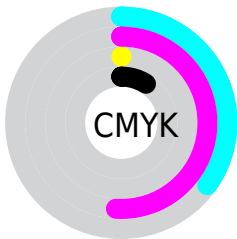
Blue (91%)



Red (60%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (91%)

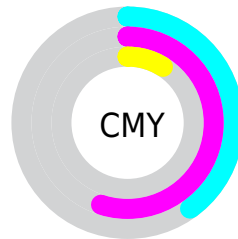


Cyan (35%)

Magenta (51%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (9%)



Cyan (40%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (9%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 33.6742, 24.5932, 80.0629 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 33.6742, 24.5932, 80.0629 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 33.6742, 24.5932,  
80.0629


 33.6742, 24.5932,  
80.0629


310.2884,  
275.8059, 514.8571

 22.8051, 15.7742,  
59.2436

 64.7744, 50.9965,  
135.2664


 14.5696, 9.3645,  
42.3880


 85.7362, 69.3496,  
170.4876

 8.6022, 4.9797,  
29.0774


 110.7929, 91.6496,  
211.3467

 4.5377, 2.2354,  
18.8933

 140.3100,  
118.2808, 258.2620

 2.0106, 0.7392,  
11.4172

174.6527,  
149.6277, 311.6522

 0.6399, 0.0000,  
6.2305

214.1864,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

186.0745, 371.9357

2.9147

259.2766,  
228.0058, 439.5312

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
1.0512

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 33.6742, 24.5932,  
80.0629

■ 33.6742, 24.5932,  
80.0629

■ 28.6006, 18.5609,  
79.1664

■ 39.8160, 32.1704,  
81.2022

■ 24.5245, 13.9590,  
78.4930

■ 47.0842, 41.3902,  
82.5987

■ 21.3710, 10.6608,  
78.0226

■ 55.5361, 52.3454,  
84.2679

■ 19.0510, 8.5148,  
77.7307

■ 65.2239, 65.1209,  
86.2232

■ 17.5636, 7.3553,  
77.5852

■ 76.1969, 79.7958,  
88.4774

■ 88.5013, 96.4447,  
91.0424

■ 91.7081, 98.6632,  
91.3016

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



25.0943, 24.5932, 98.4385



33.6742, 24.5932, 80.0629



40.4113, 24.5932, 48.6059

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



33.6742, 24.5932, 80.0629



30.1000, 24.5932, 3.3377



11.2066, 24.5932, 31.8789

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33.6742, 24.5932, 80.0629



54.6819, 71.0951, 26.7609

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.9595, 24.5932, 12.7150



33.6742, 24.5932, 80.0629



21.7363, 24.5932, 2.5500

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



33.6742, 24.5932, 80.0629



38.0412, 24.5932, 8.2904



15.4244, 24.5932, 4.6868



13.0658, 24.5932, 62.0795



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33.6742, 24.5932, 80.0629



42.2573, 24.5932, 29.7247



15.4244, 24.5932, 4.6868



11.1700, 24.5932, 24.0324

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33.6752, 24.5941, 80.0635



75.1004, 73.3692, 104.8112



41.2341, 48.6335, 84.3052



15.5360, 14.9939, 22.3252



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33.6752, 24.5941, 80.0635



34.9717, 22.6304, 97.1326



47.6424, 31.7944, 80.7171



14.6840, 14.7824, 19.0016



10.0800, 4.2323, 44.0286



0.8883, 0.3822, 3.4618



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.4722, 33.2989, 55.4490



56.8034, 34.6927, 61.6665



42.3003, 64.7122, 26.1815



15.4983, 15.2272, 17.9091



22.6575, 11.2657, 19.7956

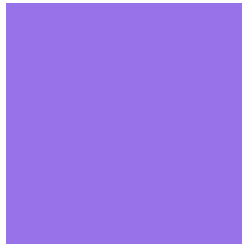


1.8226, 0.9020, 1.7833



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 33.6742, 24.5932, 80.0629 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

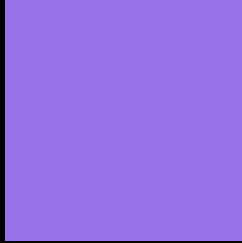
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 33.6742, 24.5932, 80.0629 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 33.6742, 24.5932, 80.0629**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 33.6742, 24.5932, 80.0629.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 33.6742, 24.5932,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

33.6742, 24.5932, 80.0629

### Protanopia

28.5655, 24.9634, 94.5796

### Deuteranopia

25.6969, 24.9092, 76.8524



## Tritanopia

23.6838, 24.4716, 30.6693

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

33.6742, 24.5932, 80.0629

## Protanomaly

29.2563, 24.0824, 88.6944

## Deuteranomaly

27.6127, 24.2385, 78.0861

## Tritanomaly

26.6098, 24.0558, 45.3602

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

33.6742, 24.5932, 80.0629

## Achromatopsia

24.5403, 25.8183, 28.1161

## Achromatomaly

27.0271, 24.9117, 42.9191

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 33.6742, 24.5932, 80.0629 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(152, 114, 233)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 114, 233)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 114, 233) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 114, 233) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 33.6742, 24.5932, 80.0629 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 114, 233) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 114, 233) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(152, 114, 233)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(152, 114, 233); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 114, 233);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 114,  
233) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 33.6742, 24.5932, 80.0629 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 114, 233) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152,  
114, 233) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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