

# Converting Colors

XYZ(33.7244, 38.1962, 61.2210)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(33.7244, 38.1962, 61.2210)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(33.7254, 38.0544, 61.4448)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(33.7254, 38.0544,  
61.4448)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7CACCA
RGB	124, 172, 202
RGB Percent	49%, 67%, 79%
CMY	0.5137, 0.3255, 0.2078
CMYK	0.39, 0.15, 0.00, 0.21
HSL	203°, 42%, 64%
HSV	203°, 39%, 79%
XYZ	33.7254, 38.0544, 61.4448
YIQ	161.0680, -38.2380, -0.8460

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

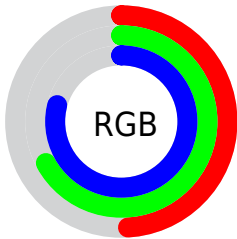
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	124, 154, 202
Decimal	8170698
CIE Lab	68.06, -8.35, -20.34
CIE LCh	68, 21.990, 247.677
Yxy	38.0544, 0.2531, 0.2856
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286360778 (0xFF7CACC)
YUV	161.0680, 20.1795, -32.5086
Hunter-Lab	61.6882, -10.3672, -15.8742

# Details

The XYZ color **33.7254, 38.0544, 61.4448** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6699CC**. A complement of this color would be **39.5516, 37.1238, 24.1510**, and the grayscale version is **33.8308, 35.5926, 38.7604**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **64.1095, 71.7419, 105.0764**, and **14.6603, 16.9107, 30.5084** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29.6643, 33.8304, 60.8442**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **38.4733, 42.7625, 62.1040**.

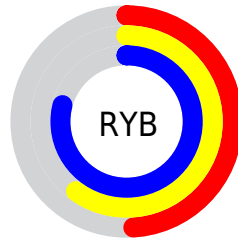
# Distribution



Red (49%)

Green (67%)

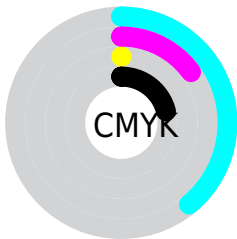
Blue (79%)



Red (49%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (79%)

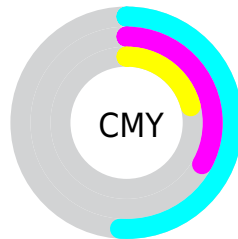


Cyan (39%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (21%)



Cyan (51%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (21%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 33.7254, 38.0544, 61.4448 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 33.7254, 38.0544, 61.4448 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 33.7254, 38.0544,  
61.4448

■ 33.7254, 38.0544,  
61.4448

310.5134,  
337.8533, 447.8546

■ 22.8446, 26.0249,  
44.1513

■ 64.8535, 72.1915,  
108.4865

■ 14.5989, 16.8423,  
30.4514

■ 85.8316, 95.0679,  
139.0718

■ 8.6228, 10.1221,  
19.9265

■ 110.9062,  
122.3288, 174.9249

■ 4.5511, 5.4800,  
12.1581

140.4425,  
154.3584, 216.4642

■ 2.0184, 2.5315,  
6.7276

174.8061,  
191.5413, 264.1083

■ 0.6443, 0.8924,  
3.2165

214.3622,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

234.2618, 318.2757

1.2062

259.4762,  
282.9044, 379.3849

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 33.7254, 38.0544,  
61.4448

■ 33.7254, 38.0544,  
61.4448

■ 29.6643, 33.8304,  
60.8442

■ 38.4733, 42.7625,  
62.1040

■ 26.2482, 30.0642,  
60.2973

■ 43.9395, 47.9705,  
62.8211

■ 23.4360, 26.7332,  
59.8026

■ 50.1576, 53.6987,  
63.5991

■ 21.1797, 23.8105,  
59.3574

■ 57.1583, 59.9649,  
64.4396

■ 19.4234, 21.2648,  
58.9586

■ 64.9700, 66.7857,  
65.3444

■ 18.0788, 19.0483,  
58.6016

■ 73.6201, 74.1771,  
66.3152

■ 17.9075, 18.7576,  
58.5545

■ 79.2023, 80.1273,  
67.1695

■ 81.3678, 84.4584,  
67.8913

■ 83.6304, 88.9835,  
68.6455

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



31.2037, 38.0544, 54.0642



33.7254, 38.0544, 61.4448



37.0564, 38.0544, 63.0774

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



33.7254, 38.0544, 61.4448



43.0964, 38.0544, 38.9661



32.2920, 38.0544, 28.2282

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33.7254, 38.0544, 61.4448



39.5516, 37.1238, 24.1510

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



35.2970, 38.0544, 25.4132



33.7254, 38.0544, 61.4448



41.6362, 38.0544, 30.9433

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



33.7254, 38.0544, 61.4448



42.6099, 38.0544, 49.0193



38.7291, 38.0544, 26.3222



30.4133, 38.0544, 34.6759



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33.7254, 38.0544, 61.4448



39.3154, 38.0544, 60.4818



38.7291, 38.0544, 26.3222



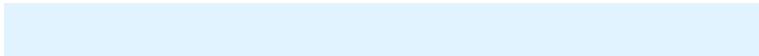
33.1962, 38.0544, 26.8762

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33.7266, 38.0559, 61.4457



81.0344, 87.3709, 107.2010



35.2581, 48.8568, 38.1014



17.0435, 18.4241, 22.9079



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

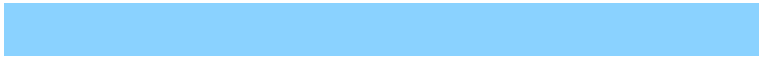


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33.7266, 38.0559, 61.4457



51.5001, 58.6346, 103.2110



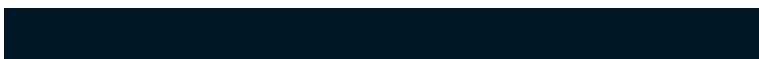
27.3752, 25.3531, 59.3286



11.1668, 11.9741, 14.2931



11.6116, 12.2471, 37.7082



0.6711, 0.7760, 1.9693



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39.0122, 29.9516, 42.7563



61.9042, 43.9985, 66.1282



47.0439, 52.1084, 26.6485



11.4976, 11.3278, 13.1548



18.0719, 9.0393, 13.3632



0.9687, 0.4809, 0.8810



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 33.7254, 38.0544, 61.4448 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

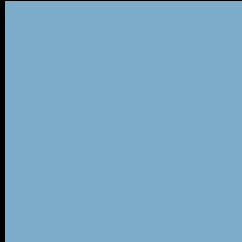
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 33.7254, 38.0544, 61.4448 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

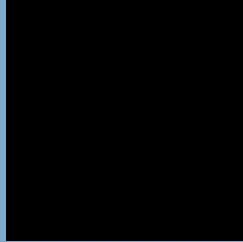
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 33.7254, 38.0544, 61.4448**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 33.7254, 38.0544, 61.4448.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 33.7254, 38.0544,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

33.7254, 38.0544, 61.4448

### Protanopia

37.5373, 37.9074, 57.5630

### Deuteranopia

38.7197, 37.8817, 62.3979



## Tritanopia

31.9589, 37.8960, 53.2072

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

33.7254, 38.0544, 61.4448

## Protanomaly

35.8658, 37.8256, 58.8368

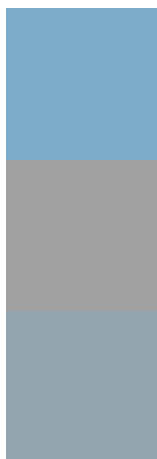
## Deuteranomaly

36.6285, 37.8801, 61.8810

## Tritanomaly

32.4544, 37.8023, 56.0381

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

33.7254, 38.0544, 61.4448

## Achromatopsia

33.8758, 35.6400, 38.8120

## Achromatomaly

33.5043, 36.3408, 46.3229

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 33.7254, 38.0544, 61.4448 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(124, 172, 202)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(124, 172, 202)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(124, 172, 202) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(124, 172, 202) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 33.7254, 38.0544, 61.4448 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(124, 172, 202) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(124, 172, 202) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(124, 172, 202)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(124, 172, 202); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 172, 202);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 172,  
202) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 33.7254, 38.0544, 61.4448 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(124, 172, 202) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(124,  
172, 202) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor