

# Converting Colors

XYZ(33.8780, 48.3392, 13.5061)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(33.8780, 48.3392, 13.5061)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(33.8780, 48.3392, 13.5061)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(33.8780, 48.3392,  
13.5061)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	92C947
RGB	146, 201, 71
RGB Percent	57%, 79%, 28%
CMY	0.4275, 0.2117, 0.7216
CMYK	0.27, 0.00, 0.65, 0.21
HSL	85°, 55%, 53%
HSV	85°, 65%, 79%
XYZ	33.8780, 48.3392, 13.5061
YIQ	169.7350, 8.9500, -52.0900

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

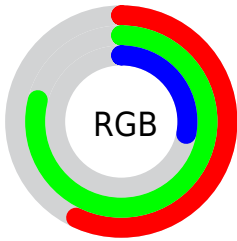
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	71, 201, 126
Decimal	9619783
CIELab	75.04, -37.90, 57.22
CIELCh	75, 68.630, 123.516
Yxy	48.3392, 0.3539, 0.5050
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287809863 (0xFF92C947)
YUV	169.7350, -48.6764, -20.8156
Hunter-Lab	69.5264, -34.6938, 37.1509

# Details

The XYZ color **33.8780, 48.3392, 13.5061** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC33**. The color can be described as middle muted chartreuse. A complement of this color would be **21.4022, 13.1606, 56.6733**, and the grayscale version is **38.3092, 40.3043, 43.8914**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **64.0903, 85.6972, 32.5653**, and **14.7700, 23.1003, 3.7952** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31.8809, 47.3738, 10.5846**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **36.2032, 49.4521, 17.5583**.

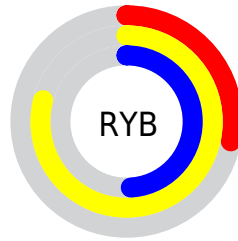
# Distribution



Red (57%)

Green (79%)

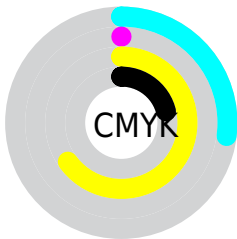
Blue (28%)



Red (28%)

Yellow (79%)

Blue (49%)

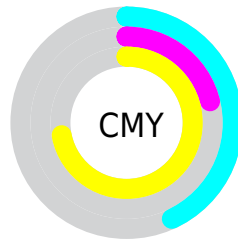


Cyan (27%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (65%)

Black (21%)



Cyan (43%)

Magenta (21%)

Yellow (72%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 33.8780, 48.3392, 13.5061 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 33.8780, 48.3392, 13.5061 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



33.8780, 48.3392,  
13.5061

33.8780, 48.3392,  
13.5061

311.1832,  
380.1351, 225.4568

22.9623, 34.0956,  
7.6432

65.0895, 87.7092,  
32.9145

14.6862, 22.9670,  
3.7830

86.1160, 113.6044,  
47.2970

8.6844, 14.5692,  
1.5071

111.2434,  
144.1523, 65.3565

4.5913, 8.5176,  
0.2232

140.8373,  
179.7372, 87.5114

2.0418, 4.4279,  
0.0000

175.2628,  
220.7435, 114.1804

0.6573, 1.9157,  
0.0000

214.8854,

0.0000, 0.5578,

267.5557, 145.7819

0.0000

260.0704,  
320.5580, 182.7345

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 33.8780, 48.3392,  
13.5061

■ 33.8780, 48.3392,  
13.5061

■ 31.8809, 47.3738,  
10.5846

■ 36.2032, 49.4521,  
17.5583

■ 30.1842, 46.5396,  
8.6750

■ 38.8744, 50.7151,  
22.8383

■ 28.7596, 45.8267,  
7.6373

■ 41.9119, 52.1381,  
29.4362

■ 28.0844, 45.4854,  
7.2994

■ 45.3334, 53.7285,  
37.4327

■ 49.1550, 55.4930,  
46.9022

■ 53.3920, 57.4379,  
57.9137

■ 58.0586, 59.5692,  
70.5320

■ 63.1685, 61.8925,  
84.8180

■ 68.7345, 64.4133,  
100.8296

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



44.4822, 48.3392, 9.4219



33.8780, 48.3392, 13.5061



27.5695, 48.3392, 27.4584

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



33.8780, 48.3392, 13.5061



36.0114, 48.3392, 141.7662



74.4509, 48.3392, 48.5113

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33.8780, 48.3392, 13.5061



21.4022, 13.1606, 56.6733

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



71.0758, 48.3392, 89.8141



33.8780, 48.3392, 13.5061



47.4394, 48.3392, 155.9906

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



33.8780, 48.3392, 13.5061



28.6348, 48.3392, 100.6996



60.5829, 48.3392, 133.7259



69.1164, 48.3392, 22.9744

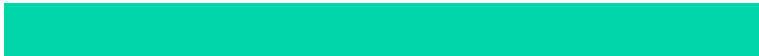


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33.8780, 48.3392, 13.5061



25.9138, 48.3392, 45.2158



60.5829, 48.3392, 133.7259



74.3009, 48.3392, 60.8204

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33.8791, 48.3413, 13.5071



81.0637, 93.5802, 72.5337



32.5814, 27.5837, 9.5689



16.9493, 19.8445, 14.5357



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33.8791, 48.3413, 13.5071



53.2366, 80.4468, 16.4761



25.4907, 44.0169, 13.1146



11.0736, 12.1849, 11.3310



17.7640, 28.6530, 4.5943



0.9226, 1.3987, 0.2214



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21.4022, 13.1606, 56.6733



30.3277, 15.6559, 96.0312



34.0746, 19.6935, 57.2664



10.4750, 10.5031, 13.3927



9.0868, 3.9186, 35.0218



0.5126, 0.2280, 1.6621



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 33.8780, 48.3392, 13.5061 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 33.8780, 48.3392, 13.5061 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 33.8780, 48.3392, 13.5061**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 33.8780, 48.3392, 13.5061.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 33.8780, 48.3392,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

33.8780, 48.3392, 13.5061

### Protanopia

43.5775, 47.7961, 12.0831

### Deuteranopia

48.7362, 47.7184, 14.0390



## Tritanopia

43.8670, 48.0648, 63.4653

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

33.8780, 48.3392, 13.5061

## Protanomaly

39.2240, 47.4346, 12.5573

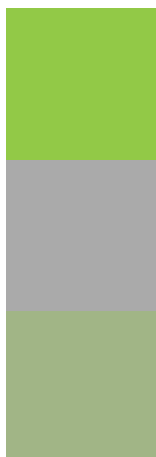
## Deuteranomaly

41.7337, 46.8085, 13.6728

## Tritanomaly

38.8910, 47.6746, 38.1627

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

33.8780, 48.3392, 13.5061

## Achromatopsia

38.2080, 40.1978, 43.7754

## Achromatomaly

35.5249, 42.3460, 28.8555

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 33.8780, 48.3392, 13.5061 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(146, 201, 71)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(146, 201, 71)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(146, 201, 71) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(146, 201, 71) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 33.8780, 48.3392, 13.5061 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(146, 201, 71) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(146, 201, 71) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(146, 201, 71)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(146, 201, 71); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 201, 71);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 201,  
71) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 33.8780, 48.3392, 13.5061 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(146, 201, 71) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(146,  
201, 71) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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