

# Converting Colors

XYZ(33.9807, 17.3435, 9.4597)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(33.9807, 17.3435, 9.4597)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(33.8361, 17.2672,  
9.5322)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E50052
RGB	229, 0, 82
RGB Percent	90%, 0%, 32%
CMY	0.1020, 0.9998, 0.6784
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.64, 0.10
HSL	339°, 100%, 45%
HSV	339°, 100%, 90%
XYZ	33.8361, 17.2672, 9.5322
YIQ	77.8190, 110.1620, 74.0500

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

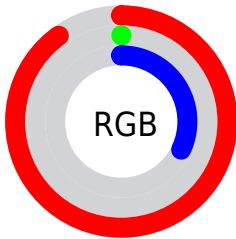
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>Y</sub>B</b>	229, 0, 82
Decimal	15007826
CIE Lab	48.59, 75.94, 22.56
CIE LCh	49, 79.220, 16.549
Yxy	17.2672, 0.5580, 0.2848
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293197906 (0xFFE50052)
YUV	77.8190, 2.0612, 132.5857
Hunter-Lab	41.5538, 72.6283, 15.4869

# Details

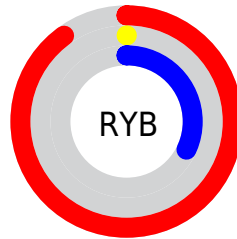
The XYZ color **33.8361, 17.2672, 9.5322** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF3366**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **33.2904, 58.1469, 37.0940**, and the grayscale version is **7.1945, 7.5692, 8.2428**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49.1639, 30.5530, 24.7788**, and **15.8669, 8.1393, 2.5685** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33.8346, 17.2666, 9.5255**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34.7623, 18.1264, 12.9035**.

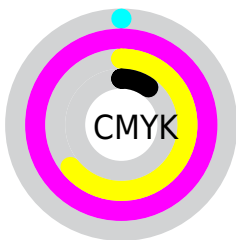
# Distribution



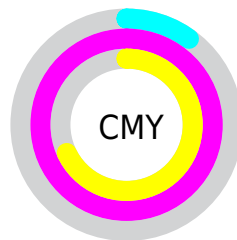
- Red (90%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (32%)



- Red (90%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (32%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Black (10%)




- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (68%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 33.8361, 17.2672, 9.5322 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 33.8361, 17.2672, 9.5322 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 33.8361, 17.2672,  
9.5322


 33.8361, 17.2672,  
9.5322


310.9994,  
236.7075, 197.6619


 22.9300, 10.4252,  
4.9884


 65.0247, 38.7846,  
25.5057


 14.6622, 5.6818,  
2.1818


 86.0379, 54.2288,  
37.7725


 8.6675, 2.6526,  
0.6639


 111.1509, 73.3092,  
53.4507

 4.5803, 0.9532,  
0.0000

 140.7289, 96.4101,  
72.9589

 2.0354, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 175.1375,  
123.9160, 96.7156

 0.6537, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 214.7418,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

156.2113, 125.1392

0.0000

259.9073,  
193.6803, 158.6485

■ 33.8361, 17.2672,  
9.5322

■ 33.8361, 17.2672,  
9.5322

■ 33.8346, 17.2666,  
9.5255

■ 34.7623, 18.1264,  
12.9035

■ 36.1759, 19.7571,  
17.0635

■ 38.1989, 22.3930,  
22.0850

■ 40.9039, 26.1697,  
28.0220

■ 44.3527, 31.2016,  
34.9233

■ 48.5996, 37.5888,  
42.8334

■ 53.6938, 45.4215,  
51.7938

■ 59.6803, 54.7818,  
61.8436

■ 66.6007, 65.7458,  
73.0195

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



34.1547, 17.2672, 29.7628



33.8361, 17.2672, 9.5322



28.0546, 17.2672, 2.1265

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



33.8361, 17.2672, 9.5322



8.1980, 17.2672, 2.5058



13.3642, 17.2672, 91.0404

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33.8361, 17.2672, 9.5322



33.2904, 58.1469, 37.0940

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



8.5398, 17.2672, 65.5566



33.8361, 17.2672, 9.5322



6.2098, 17.2672, 10.9276

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



33.8361, 17.2672, 9.5322



12.7363, 17.2672, 0.5485



6.3129, 17.2672, 32.7007



20.7344, 17.2672, 89.4428



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33.8361, 17.2672, 9.5322



22.6421, 17.2672, 0.7766



6.3129, 17.2672, 32.7007



11.4444, 17.2672, 84.8511

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33.8365, 17.2683, 9.5324



68.3863, 57.7506, 65.8599



25.8296, 11.6828, 75.0220



14.0203, 11.4073, 13.0254



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33.8365, 17.2683, 9.5324



43.1401, 22.0201, 11.9359



32.7923, 17.6162, 1.6734



14.5890, 14.4528, 16.0363



19.3974, 9.8932, 5.7215



1.4765, 0.7483, 0.6499



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33.8365, 17.2683, 9.5324



43.1401, 22.0201, 11.9359



34.4459, 46.2623, 81.2424



14.5890, 14.4528, 16.0363



19.3974, 9.8932, 5.7215



1.4765, 0.7483, 0.6499



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 33.8361, 17.2672, 9.5322 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 33.8361, 17.2672, 9.5322 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 33.8361, 17.2672, 9.5322**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 33.8361, 17.2672, 9.5322.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 33.8361, 17.2672,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

33.8361, 17.2672, 9.5322

### Protanopia

17.2227, 17.9302, 20.3224

### Deuteranopia

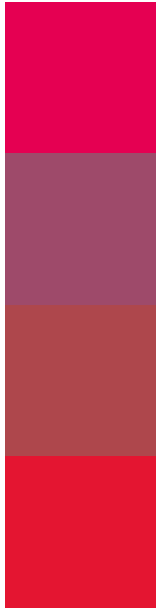
18.1192, 17.8070, 8.6130



## Tritanopia

32.4568, 17.5123, 2.8979

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

33.8361, 17.2672, 9.5322

## Protanomaly

19.1508, 13.2073, 15.1756

## Deuteranomaly

21.0133, 14.0269, 8.4374

## Tritanomaly

32.8175, 17.2521, 4.5060

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

33.8361, 17.2672, 9.5322

## Achromatopsia

7.2414, 7.6185, 8.2966

## Achromatomaly

12.2248, 7.8323, 8.2646

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 33.8361, 17.2672, 9.5322 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(229, 0, 82)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(229, 0, 82)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(229, 0, 82) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(229, 0, 82) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 33.8361, 17.2672, 9.5322 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(229, 0, 82) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(229, 0, 82) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(229, 0, 82) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(229, 0, 82); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 0, 82);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 0, 82)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 33.8361, 17.2672, 9.5322 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(229, 0, 82) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(229, 0,  
82) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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