

# Converting Colors

XYZ(34.0000, 38.3731, 40.6371)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(34.0000, 38.3731, 40.6371)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(34.0262, 38.3855,  
40.7377)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	97ABA4
RGB	151, 171, 164
RGB Percent	59%, 67%, 64%
CMY	0.4078, 0.3294, 0.3569
CMYK	0.12, 0.00, 0.04, 0.33
HSL	159°, 11%, 63%
HSV	159°, 12%, 67%
XYZ	34.0262, 38.3855, 40.7377
YIQ	164.2220, -9.6730, -6.4170

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

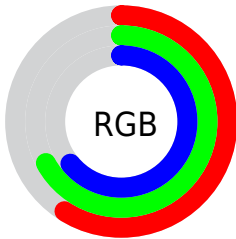
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	151, 163, 171
Decimal	9939876
CIELab	68.30, -8.35, 1.24
CIELCh	68, 8.442, 171.578
Yxy	38.3855, 0.3007, 0.3392
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288129956 (0xFF97ABA4)
YUV	164.2220, -0.1094, -11.5957
Hunter-Lab	61.9560, -10.3910, 4.3845

# Details

The XYZ color **34.0262, 38.3855, 40.7377** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **34.0341, 33.2606, 36.9756**, and the grayscale version is **35.3970, 37.2404, 40.5548**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **65.1594, 72.4863, 77.5748**, and **14.7770, 17.0728, 17.8458** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.5521, 36.6566, 37.8195**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37.9882, 40.3651, 43.8132**.

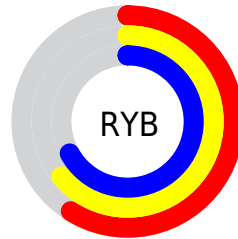
# Distribution



Red (59%)

Green (67%)

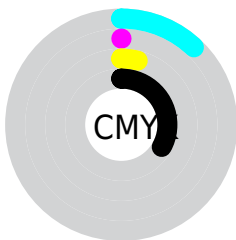
Blue (64%)



Red (59%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (67%)

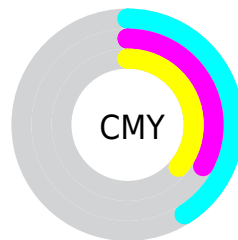


Cyan (12%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (4%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (41%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (36%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 34.0262, 38.3855, 40.7377 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 34.0262, 38.3855, 40.7377 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 34.0262, 38.3855,  
40.7377

■ 34.0262, 38.3855,  
40.7377

311.8327,  
339.2708, 364.8673

■ 23.0767, 26.2820,  
27.7960

■ 65.3184, 72.6986,  
77.5349

■ 14.7712, 17.0347,  
17.9343

■ 86.3919, 95.6771,  
102.2275

■ 8.7442, 10.2593,  
10.7338

111.5707,  
123.0493, 131.6742

■ 4.6305, 5.5712,  
5.7762

141.2202,  
155.1997, 166.2934

■ 2.0646, 2.5861,  
2.6429

175.7059,  
192.5126, 206.5038

■ 0.6699, 0.9197,  
0.9145

215.3929,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

235.3725, 252.7239

0.0000

260.6467,  
284.1638, 305.3722

■ 34.0262, 38.3855,  
40.7377

■ 34.0262, 38.3855,  
40.7377

■ 30.5521, 36.6566,  
37.8195

■ 37.9882, 40.3651,  
43.8132

■ 27.5427, 35.1633,  
35.0533

■ 42.4539, 42.6003,  
47.0462

■ 24.9776, 33.8962,  
32.4371

■ 47.4421, 45.1019,  
50.4399

■ 22.8334, 32.8432,  
29.9680

■ 52.9698, 47.8785,  
53.9971

■ 21.0846, 31.9914,  
27.6428

■ 59.0532, 50.9385,  
57.7200

■ 19.7031, 31.3261,  
25.4583

■ 65.7078, 54.2898,  
61.6110

■ 18.6565, 30.8308,  
23.4108

■ 66.9330, 54.8391,  
65.3909

■ 17.9065, 30.4858,  
21.4966

■ 67.6740, 55.1355,  
69.2928

■ 17.4405, 30.2781,  
20.0038

■ 68.4430, 55.4431,  
73.3422

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



34.5281, 38.3855, 37.4309



34.0262, 38.3855, 40.7377



34.1703, 38.3855, 44.5312

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



34.0262, 38.3855, 40.7377



37.4275, 38.3855, 48.9398



38.0874, 38.3855, 36.3454

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34.0262, 38.3855, 40.7377



34.0341, 33.2606, 36.9756

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



38.9004, 38.3855, 39.1738



34.0262, 38.3855, 40.7377



38.5130, 38.3855, 46.4863

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



34.0262, 38.3855, 40.7377



36.1131, 38.3855, 49.4211



39.0580, 38.3855, 42.8710



36.8580, 38.3855, 34.9973



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34.0262, 38.3855, 40.7377



34.6149, 38.3855, 46.8169



39.0580, 38.3855, 42.8710



38.4197, 38.3855, 37.1462

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34.0273, 38.3871, 40.7386



66.2675, 71.4064, 77.1310



34.3163, 38.6649, 34.9329



14.6578, 15.8639, 17.1088



82.5889, 86.8899, 94.6231



15.4596, 16.2647, 17.7123



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34.0273, 38.3871, 40.7386



59.2697, 67.9142, 71.5976



34.1787, 37.6497, 43.9958



8.1154, 9.0237, 9.6328



13.1725, 22.8343, 15.2139



0.3910, 0.6451, 0.5527



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34.0341, 33.2606, 36.9756



59.2845, 56.9248, 63.5319



33.8823, 33.8945, 34.0350



8.1167, 8.0599, 8.9253



13.2957, 6.7808, 3.9366

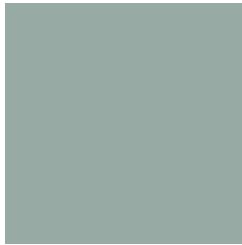


0.3962, 0.1992, 0.2483



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.0262, 38.3855, 40.7377 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

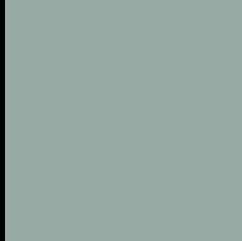
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.0262, 38.3855, 40.7377 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

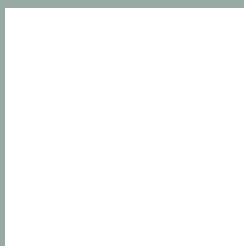
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 34.0262, 38.3855, 40.7377**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.0262, 38.3855, 40.7377.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.0262, 38.3855,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

34.0262, 38.3855, 40.7377

### Protanopia

36.6468, 38.3917, 39.1971

### Deuteranopia

38.9192, 38.1880, 41.3961



## Tritanopia

35.7726, 38.2527, 49.7541

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

34.0262, 38.3855, 40.7377

## Protanomaly

35.6285, 38.4004, 39.7166

## Deuteranomaly

37.0413, 38.2848, 41.0347

## Tritanomaly

35.0627, 38.2434, 46.0911

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

34.0262, 38.3855, 40.7377

## Achromatopsia

35.2861, 37.1238, 40.4278

## Achromatomaly

34.8176, 37.6887, 40.5615

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 34.0262, 38.3855, 40.7377 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(151, 171, 164)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(151, 171, 164)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(151, 171, 164) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(151, 171, 164) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 34.0262, 38.3855, 40.7377 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(151, 171, 164) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(151, 171, 164) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(151, 171, 164)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(151, 171, 164); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 171, 164);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 171,  
164) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 34.0262, 38.3855, 40.7377 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(151, 171, 164) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(151,  
171, 164) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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