

# Converting Colors

XYZ(34.0042, 23.9623, 19.2778)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(34.0042, 23.9623, 19.2778)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(34.0041, 23.9306,  
19.3499)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D16474
RGB	209, 100, 116
RGB Percent	82%, 39%, 45%
CMY	0.1804, 0.6078, 0.5451
CMYK	0.00, 0.52, 0.44, 0.18
HSL	351°, 54%, 61%
HSV	351°, 52%, 82%
XYZ	34.0041, 23.9306, 19.3499
YIQ	134.4150, 59.8280, 28.0840

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

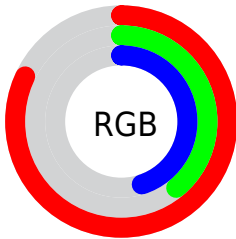
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	209, 100, 116
Decimal	13722740
CIE Lab	56.02, 44.53, 11.73
CIE LCh	56, 46.045, 14.753
Yxy	23.9306, 0.4400, 0.3096
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291912820 (0xFFD16474)
YUV	134.4150, -9.0786, 65.4110
Hunter-Lab	48.9189, 38.4693, 10.7910

# Details

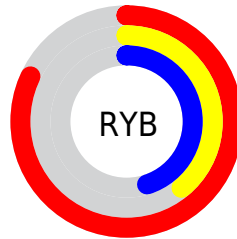
The XYZ color **34.0041, 23.9306, 19.3499** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. A complement of this color would be **37.6830, 52.1611, 58.5373**, and the grayscale version is **22.8305, 24.0194, 26.1572**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **59.8635, 47.1984, 43.0008**, and **14.8224, 9.0297, 6.4305** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31.3107, 20.0476, 13.8162**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37.4120, 28.9239, 26.1046**.

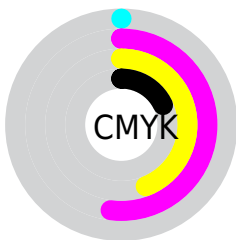
# Distribution



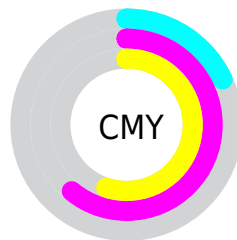
- Red (82%)
- Green (39%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Black (18%)




- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (55%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 34.0041, 23.9306, 19.3499 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 34.0041, 23.9306, 19.3499 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 34.0041, 23.9306,  
19.3499


 34.0041, 23.9306,  
19.3499


311.7359,  
272.4694, 260.8604


 23.0597, 15.2821,  
11.7440


 65.2843, 49.9169,  
43.1691


 14.7585, 9.0176,  
6.4492


 86.3507, 68.0236,  
60.2194

 8.7353, 4.7527,  
3.0469


 111.5219, 90.0518,  
81.2550

 4.6246, 2.1029,  
1.1186

 141.1632,  
116.3859, 106.6944

 2.0612, 0.6663,  
0.0000

175.6398,  
147.4103, 136.9561

 0.6680, 0.0000,  
0.0000

215.3173,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

183.5094, 172.4586

0.0000

260.5609,  
225.0677, 213.6206

■ 34.0041, 23.9306,  
19.3499

■ 34.0041, 23.9306,  
19.3499

■ 31.3107, 20.0476,  
13.8162

■ 37.4120, 28.9239,  
26.1046

■ 29.2784, 17.1864,  
9.4286

■ 41.5790, 35.0998,  
34.1464

■ 27.8490, 15.2509,  
6.1059

■ 46.5481, 42.5289,  
43.5382

■ 26.9532, 14.1250,  
3.7551

■ 52.3587, 51.2751,  
54.3382

■ 26.5375, 13.6525,  
2.5102

■ 59.0474, 61.3979,  
66.6014

■ 66.6488, 72.9534,  
80.3798

■ 75.1956, 85.9942,  
95.7227

■ 80.1045, 92.2953,  
108.2006

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



33.9746, 23.9306, 34.4469



34.0041, 23.9306, 19.3499



30.7167, 23.9306, 10.5126

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



34.0041, 23.9306, 19.3499



16.3376, 23.9306, 10.4163



20.1861, 23.9306, 65.2218

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34.0041, 23.9306, 19.3499



37.6830, 52.1611, 58.5373

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.2882, 23.9306, 52.2565



34.0041, 23.9306, 19.3499



14.3110, 23.9306, 19.1526

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



34.0041, 23.9306, 19.3499



20.2640, 23.9306, 6.8755



14.2944, 23.9306, 34.1569



25.4213, 23.9306, 65.3411



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34.0041, 23.9306, 19.3499



27.3412, 23.9306, 7.6488



14.2944, 23.9306, 34.1569



18.6957, 23.9306, 62.0510

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34.0047, 23.9318, 19.3503



78.2803, 74.6317, 78.1198



37.9698, 25.0106, 63.1479



16.3496, 15.3638, 15.9668



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34.0047, 23.9318, 19.3503



48.5395, 30.6340, 20.4708



37.7057, 32.6968, 16.3820



11.8784, 11.8361, 12.6356



16.3846, 8.4267, 1.6656



0.9393, 0.4804, 0.2152



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34.0047, 23.9318, 19.3503



48.5395, 30.6340, 20.4708



31.2999, 36.3832, 65.6946



11.8784, 11.8361, 12.6356



16.3846, 8.4267, 1.6656



0.9393, 0.4804, 0.2152



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.0041, 23.9306, 19.3499 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.0041, 23.9306, 19.3499 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 34.0041, 23.9306, 19.3499**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.0041, 23.9306, 19.3499.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.0041, 23.9306,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

34.0041, 23.9306, 19.3499

### Protanopia

23.1447, 24.0898, 25.9842

### Deuteranopia

24.5622, 24.1809, 18.4117



## Tritanopia

33.3729, 23.8000, 17.0223

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

34.0041, 23.9306, 19.3499

## Protanomaly

25.8946, 23.2379, 23.1992

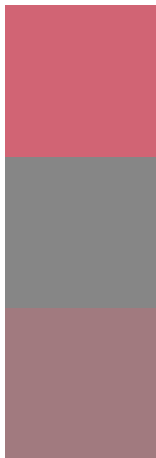
## Deuteranomaly

27.2567, 23.4999, 18.7221

## Tritanomaly

33.5353, 23.8650, 17.8778

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

34.0041, 23.9306, 19.3499

## Achromatopsia

22.6597, 23.8398, 25.9615

## Achromatomaly

25.4882, 23.0284, 23.1802

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 34.0041, 23.9306, 19.3499 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(209, 100, 116)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(209, 100, 116)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(209, 100, 116) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(209, 100, 116) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 34.0041, 23.9306, 19.3499 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(209, 100, 116) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(209, 100, 116) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(209, 100, 116)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(209, 100, 116); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 100, 116);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 100,  
116) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 34.0041, 23.9306, 19.3499 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(209, 100, 116) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(209,  
100, 116) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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