

# Converting Colors

XYZ(34.0227, 35.5003, 22.7113)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(34.0227, 35.5003, 22.7113)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(34.1484, 35.6173, 22.8443)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(34.1484, 35.6173,  
22.8443)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	B29F78
RGB	178, 159, 120
RGB Percent	70%, 62%, 47%
CMY	0.3020, 0.3765, 0.5294
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.33, 0.30
HSL	40°, 27%, 58%
HSV	40°, 33%, 70%
XYZ	34.1484, 35.6173, 22.8443
YIQ	160.2350, 23.8430, -8.1010

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

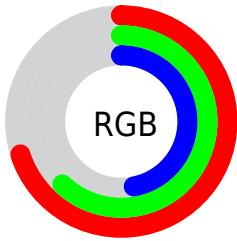
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	148, 178, 120
Decimal	11706232
CIELab	66.23, 1.03, 22.93
CIELCh	66, 22.951, 87.435
Yxy	35.6173, 0.3687, 0.3846
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289896312 (0xFFB29F78)
YUV	160.2350, -19.8359, 15.5799
Hunter-Lab	59.6802, -2.3046, 19.0812

# Details

The XYZ color **34.1484, 35.6173, 22.8443** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **25.0140, 25.6719, 45.7564**, and the grayscale version is **33.6038, 35.3538, 38.5002**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **65.5211, 68.6027, 49.3235**, and **14.8121, 15.4651, 8.1656** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32.1883, 33.2680, 17.3477**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **36.3585, 38.1448, 29.4158**.

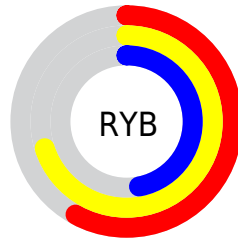
# Distribution



Red (70%)

Green (62%)

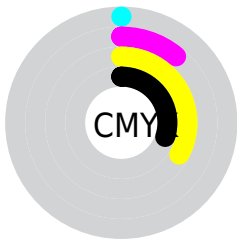
Blue (47%)



Red (58%)

Yellow (70%)

Blue (47%)

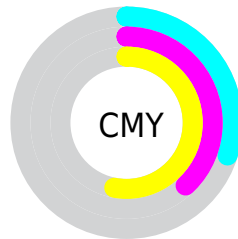


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (33%)

Black (30%)



Cyan (30%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (53%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 34.1484, 35.6173, 22.8443 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 34.1484, 35.6173, 22.8443 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 34.1484, 35.6173,  
22.8443

■ 34.1484, 35.6173,  
22.8443

312.3675,  
327.2847, 280.0202

■ 23.1711, 24.1388,  
14.2744

■ 65.5071, 68.4410,  
49.0575

■ 14.8413, 15.4366,  
8.1708

■ 86.6192, 90.5549,  
67.5378

■ 8.7936, 9.1264,  
4.1151

■ 111.8403,  
116.9828, 90.1587

■ 4.6629, 4.8237,  
1.6887

141.5357,  
148.1089, 117.3387

■ 2.0835, 2.1442,  
0.3530

176.0707,  
184.3178, 149.4963

■ 0.6802, 0.6893,  
0.0000

215.8108,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

225.9938, 187.0500

0.0000

261.1213,  
273.5213, 230.4185

■ 34.1484, 35.6173,  
22.8443

■ 34.1484, 35.6173,  
22.8443

■ 32.1883, 33.2680,  
17.3477

■ 36.3585, 38.1448,  
29.4158

■ 30.4636, 31.0863,  
12.8648

■ 38.8267, 40.8509,  
37.1145

■ 28.9623, 29.0675,  
9.3318

■ 41.5643, 43.7425,  
45.9916

■ 27.6702, 27.2049,  
6.6765

■ 44.5807, 46.8242,  
56.0949

■ 26.5709, 25.4907,  
4.8162

■ 47.8850, 50.1007,  
67.4692

■ 25.6449, 23.9163,  
3.6523

■ 51.4860, 53.5763,  
80.1572

■ 25.0408, 22.8263,  
3.0861

■ 55.3919, 57.2554,  
94.1996

■ 58.3956, 60.6560,  
103.2377

■ 59.8221, 63.5089,  
103.7132

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



37.5179, 35.6173, 24.9749



34.1484, 35.6173, 22.8443



30.9126, 35.6173, 24.3515

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



34.1484, 35.6173, 22.8443



28.3453, 35.6173, 48.1224



39.7037, 35.6173, 49.8283

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34.1484, 35.6173, 22.8443



25.0140, 25.6719, 45.7564

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



36.9745, 35.6173, 58.0146



34.1484, 35.6173, 22.8443



30.4352, 35.6173, 56.9189

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



34.1484, 35.6173, 22.8443



27.6991, 35.6173, 37.9442



33.5597, 35.6173, 60.8041



40.8573, 35.6173, 39.6304



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34.1484, 35.6173, 22.8443



29.2368, 35.6173, 27.3850



33.5597, 35.6173, 60.8041



38.9315, 35.6173, 52.9677

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



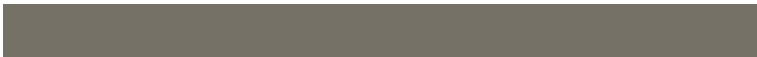
34.1493, 35.6189, 22.8450



71.5611, 75.3134, 70.9863



29.7615, 24.7722, 27.7673



15.7065, 16.5277, 15.2533



86.6293, 91.1408, 99.2523



17.0014, 17.8868, 19.4787



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34.1493, 35.6189, 22.8450



59.3605, 61.5373, 34.1638



35.5303, 41.5585, 23.9187



8.9578, 9.4281, 9.0002



17.9762, 16.4509, 2.2279



0.6161, 0.6186, 0.0869



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25.0140, 25.6719, 45.7564



40.2499, 40.7381, 82.1230



23.9076, 21.3673, 44.9838



8.2617, 8.6697, 10.7443



6.8951, 4.5906, 30.6596



0.2716, 0.2537, 0.9829



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.1484, 35.6173, 22.8443 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

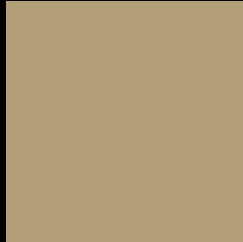
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.1484, 35.6173, 22.8443 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

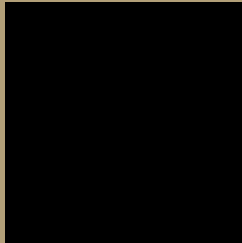
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 34.1484, 35.6173, 22.8443**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.1484, 35.6173, 22.8443.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.1484, 35.6173,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

34.1484, 35.6173, 22.8443

### Protanopia

33.4296, 35.7545, 23.2285

### Deuteranopia

36.2420, 35.4388, 23.0194



## Tritanopia

37.7112, 35.5664, 40.4747

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

34.1484, 35.6173, 22.8443

## Protanomaly

33.7012, 35.6360, 23.1914

## Deuteranomaly

35.5894, 35.5965, 23.0842

## Tritanomaly

36.2022, 35.4364, 33.3656

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

34.1484, 35.6173, 22.8443

## Achromatopsia

33.4132, 35.1533, 38.2819

## Achromatomaly

33.6180, 35.4014, 31.8494

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 34.1484, 35.6173, 22.8443 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(178, 159, 120)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(178, 159, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(178, 159, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(178, 159, 120) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 34.1484, 35.6173, 22.8443 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(178, 159, 120) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(178, 159, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(178, 159, 120)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(178, 159, 120); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 159, 120);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 159,  
120) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 34.1484, 35.6173, 22.8443 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(178, 159, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(178,  
159, 120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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