

# Converting Colors

XYZ(34.0850, 20.8235, 8.7579)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(34.0850, 20.8235, 8.7579)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(33.9848, 20.8171,  
8.7055)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	DF484A
RGB	223, 72, 74
RGB Percent	87%, 28%, 29%
CMY	0.1255, 0.7176, 0.7098
CMYK	0.00, 0.68, 0.67, 0.13
HSL	359°, 70%, 58%
HSV	359°, 68%, 87%
XYZ	33.9848, 20.8171, 8.7055
YIQ	117.3770, 89.3540, 32.6340

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

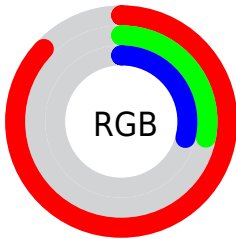
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	223, 72, 74
Decimal	14633034
CIELab	52.75, 58.55, 32.37
CIELCh	53, 66.905, 28.937
Yxy	20.8171, 0.5351, 0.3278
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292823114 (0xFFDF484A)
YUV	117.3770, -21.3849, 92.6314
Hunter-Lab	45.6258, 53.1124, 20.6254

# Details

The XYZ color **33.9848, 20.8171, 8.7055** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3333**. The color can be described as dark muted red. A complement of this color would be **42.1130, 59.3740, 77.6532**, and the grayscale version is **17.0716, 17.9606, 19.5591**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **52.6654, 38.3906, 23.3732**, and **14.9323, 7.6708, 1.9219** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32.1792, 18.1922, 5.0636**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **36.5732, 24.5931, 13.8873**.

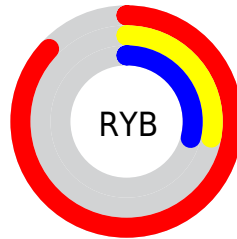
# Distribution



Red (87%)

Green (28%)

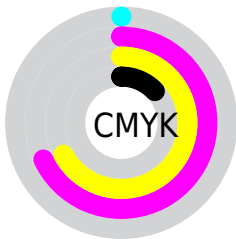
Blue (29%)



Red (87%)

Yellow (28%)

Blue (29%)

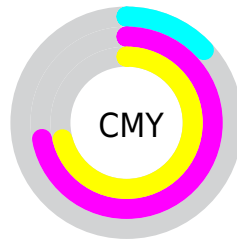


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (68%)

Yellow (67%)

Black (13%)



Cyan (13%)

Magenta (72%)


Yellow (71%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 33.9848, 20.8171, 8.7055 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 33.9848, 20.8171, 8.7055 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 33.9848, 20.8171,  
8.7055


 33.9848, 20.8171,  
8.7055


311.6514,  
256.3049, 191.3020


 23.0448, 12.9904,  
4.4554


 65.2545, 44.7829,  
23.8989


 14.7474, 7.4219,  
1.8784


 86.3148, 61.6908,  
35.6794

 8.7275, 3.7273,  
0.4789


 111.4793, 82.3946,  
50.8070

 4.6195, 1.5222,  
0.0000

 141.1133,  
107.2786, 69.7003

 2.0583, 0.3043,  
0.0000

 175.5821,  
136.7272, 92.7780

 0.6664, 0.0000,  
0.0000

215.2512,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

171.1249, 120.4584

0.0000

260.4858,  
210.8560, 153.1602

■ 33.9848, 20.8171,  
8.7055

■ 33.9848, 20.8171,  
8.7055

■ 32.1792, 18.1922,  
5.0636

■ 36.5732, 24.5931,  
13.8873

■ 31.0668, 16.5844,  
2.7913

■ 40.0179, 29.6280,  
20.7531


■ 30.5304, 15.8163,  
1.6730


■ 44.3858, 36.0210,  
29.4315


■ 30.4473, 15.6943,  
1.5090


■ 49.7365, 43.8605,  
40.0383

■ 56.1249, 53.2274,  
52.6799

 63.6017, 64.1968,  
67.4546

 72.2142, 76.8387,  
84.4547

 82.0070, 91.2189,  
103.7667

 84.2412, 94.4279,  
108.3942

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



36.4380, 20.8171, 23.3859



33.9848, 20.8171, 8.7055



27.5380, 20.8171, 3.1230

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



33.9848, 20.8171, 8.7055



10.3832, 20.8171, 8.0699



19.5384, 20.8171, 86.7727

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33.9848, 20.8171, 8.7055



42.1130, 59.3740, 77.6532

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



13.6452, 20.8171, 74.0028



33.9848, 20.8171, 8.7055



9.1837, 20.8171, 21.9616

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



33.9848, 20.8171, 8.7055



13.9842, 20.8171, 2.9369



10.2222, 20.8171, 46.7707



27.0046, 20.8171, 75.5811



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33.9848, 20.8171, 8.7055



22.4707, 20.8171, 2.0114



10.2222, 20.8171, 46.7707



17.3242, 20.8171, 85.0548

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33.9853, 20.8183, 8.7058



73.8128, 68.8377, 66.9472



45.2988, 25.2548, 72.2987



15.2644, 13.9502, 13.2717



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33.9853, 20.8183, 8.7058



42.9168, 23.6515, 5.4553



41.7248, 36.4030, 10.9599



13.7145, 13.7035, 14.2670



17.9059, 9.2294, 0.9043



1.2438, 0.6408, 0.0765



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33.9853, 20.8183, 8.7058



42.9168, 23.6515, 5.4553



26.9021, 28.5252, 73.8996



13.7145, 13.7035, 14.2670



17.9059, 9.2294, 0.9043



1.2438, 0.6408, 0.0765



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 33.9848, 20.8171, 8.7055 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 33.9848, 20.8171, 8.7055 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 33.9848, 20.8171, 8.7055**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 33.9848, 20.8171, 8.7055.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 33.9848, 20.8171,

8.7055.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

33.9848, 20.8171, 8.7055

### Protanopia

19.5181, 20.8988, 13.8316

### Deuteranopia

21.2174, 20.7949, 8.0498



## Tritanopia

34.0533, 20.8445, 9.0661

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

33.9848, 20.8171, 8.7055

## Protanomaly

22.8107, 19.2117, 11.5228

## Deuteranomaly

24.7468, 19.8335, 8.1542

## Tritanomaly

34.0188, 20.8307, 8.8843

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

33.9848, 20.8171, 8.7055

## Achromatopsia

16.9083, 17.7888, 19.3720

## Achromatomaly

20.7129, 17.3149, 14.5623

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 33.9848, 20.8171, 8.7055 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(223, 72, 74)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(223, 72, 74)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(223, 72, 74) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(223, 72, 74) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 33.9848, 20.8171, 8.7055 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(223, 72, 74) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(223, 72, 74) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(223, 72, 74) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(223, 72, 74); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 72, 74);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 72,  
74) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 33.9848, 20.8171, 8.7055 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(223, 72, 74) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(223, 72,  
74) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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