

# Converting Colors

XYZ(34.1057, 32.2422, 31.6213)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(34.1057, 32.2422, 31.6213)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(34.0576, 32.2168, 31.6176)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(34.0576, 32.2168,  
31.6176)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B39292
RGB	179, 146, 146
RGB Percent	70%, 57%, 57%
CMY	0.2980, 0.4274, 0.4274
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.18, 0.30
HSL	0°, 18%, 64%
HSV	0°, 18%, 70%
XYZ	34.0576, 32.2168, 31.6176
YIQ	155.8670, 19.6680, 6.9960

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

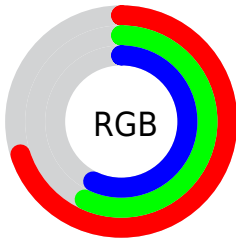
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	179, 146, 146
Decimal	11768466
CIE Lab	63.52, 12.37, 4.67
CIE LCh	64, 13.221, 20.666
Yxy	32.2168, 0.3479, 0.3291
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289958546 (0xFFB39292)
YUV	155.8670, -4.8644, 20.2876
Hunter-Lab	56.7598, 7.7756, 6.7049

# Details

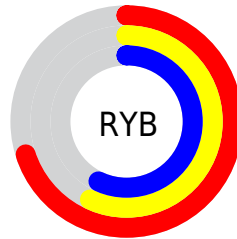
The XYZ color **34.0576, 32.2168, 31.6176** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **36.1105, 41.6049, 48.7754**, and the grayscale version is **31.5562, 33.1996, 36.1544**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **65.3406, 63.1409, 63.3872**, and **14.8077, 13.4646, 12.8848** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.2265, 26.6110, 24.0003**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **38.5405, 38.7766, 40.5285**.

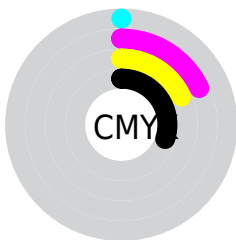
# Distribution



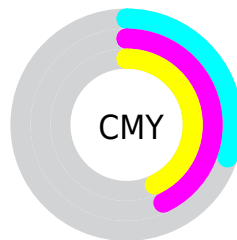
- Red (70%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (70%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Black (30%)




- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (43%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 34.0576, 32.2168, 31.6176 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 34.0576, 32.2168, 31.6176 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 34.0576, 32.2168,  
31.6176


 34.0576, 32.2168,  
31.6176


311.9702,  
312.1057, 323.8125

 23.1010, 21.5271,  
20.8072


 65.3669, 63.1508,  
63.3021

 14.7892, 13.5099,  
12.7933


 86.4503, 84.1640,  
85.0132

 8.7569, 7.7806,  
7.1573


111.6400,  
109.3871, 111.1949

 4.6388, 3.9549,  
3.4807

141.3013,  
139.2045, 142.2659

 2.0695, 1.6483,  
1.3450

175.7997,  
174.0007, 178.6446

 0.6725, 0.3899,  
0.0983

215.5003,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

214.1600, 220.7496

0.0000

260.7687,  
260.0669, 268.9993

■ 34.0576, 32.2168,  
31.6176

■ 34.0576, 32.2168,  
31.6176

■ 30.2265, 26.6110,  
24.0003

■ 38.5405, 38.7766,  
40.5285

■ 27.0143, 21.9107,  
17.6147

■ 43.7007, 46.3274,  
50.7872

■ 24.3895, 18.0698,  
12.3967

■ 49.5657, 54.9093,  
62.4469

■ 22.3164, 15.0363,  
8.2757

■ 56.1604, 64.5592,  
75.5577

■ 20.7558, 12.7526,  
5.1735

■ 63.5090, 75.3119,  
90.1670

■ 19.6631, 11.1535,  
3.0014

■ 71.6340, 87.2009,  
106.3201

■ 18.9861, 10.1628,  
1.6559

■ 72.4005, 88.3238,  
107.8400

■ 18.6365, 9.6511,  
0.9610

■ 18.5907, 9.5842,  
0.8701

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



34.2524, 32.2168, 36.7503



34.0576, 32.2168, 31.6176



32.9224, 32.2168, 27.8003

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



34.0576, 32.2168, 31.6176



27.9613, 32.2168, 29.0315



30.0500, 32.2168, 46.0754

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34.0576, 32.2168, 31.6176



36.1105, 41.6049, 48.7754

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



28.4296, 32.2168, 43.5279



34.0576, 32.2168, 31.6176



27.2560, 32.2168, 33.4584

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



34.0576, 32.2168, 31.6176



29.3875, 32.2168, 26.4145



27.4239, 32.2168, 38.7834



31.8888, 32.2168, 45.4562



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34.0576, 32.2168, 31.6176



31.8093, 32.2168, 26.3477



27.4239, 32.2168, 38.7834



29.4629, 32.2168, 45.5522

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34.0585, 32.2183, 31.6183



71.0712, 72.4422, 76.6537



37.0063, 33.3966, 47.1438



15.6198, 15.8652, 16.7322



86.6293, 91.1408, 99.2523



17.0014, 17.8868, 19.4787



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34.0585, 32.2183, 31.6183



58.1600, 53.5497, 50.9863



36.7877, 37.6766, 32.5280



8.4964, 8.5054, 8.8464



13.1370, 6.7726, 0.6149



0.4134, 0.2131, 0.0194



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.1105, 41.6049, 48.7754



62.4977, 73.3912, 87.2531



32.9997, 35.3833, 47.7385



8.7426, 9.6314, 10.9046



17.1385, 25.0774, 34.0741

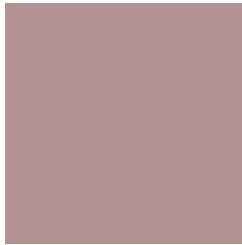


0.5393, 0.7891, 1.0721



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.0576, 32.2168, 31.6176 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

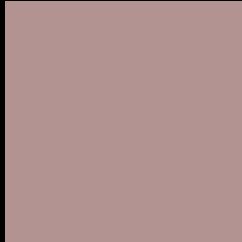
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.0576, 32.2168, 31.6176 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

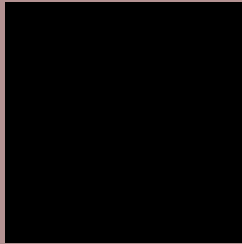
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 34.0576, 32.2168, 31.6176**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.0576, 32.2168, 31.6176.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.0576, 32.2168,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

34.0576, 32.2168, 31.6176

### Protanopia

30.9968, 32.2536, 33.4460

### Deuteranopia

32.8715, 32.3099, 31.2920



## Tritanopia

34.7964, 32.0501, 35.8048

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

34.0576, 32.2168, 31.6176

## Protanomaly

32.0570, 32.0896, 32.9381

## Deuteranomaly

33.3799, 32.3381, 31.2706

## Tritanomaly

34.6153, 32.2211, 34.1006

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

34.0576, 32.2168, 31.6176

## Achromatopsia

31.5995, 33.2452, 36.2040

## Achromatomaly

32.2056, 32.6160, 34.3039

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 34.0576, 32.2168, 31.6176 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(179, 146, 146)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(179, 146, 146)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(179, 146, 146) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(179, 146, 146) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 34.0576, 32.2168, 31.6176 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(179, 146, 146) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(179, 146, 146) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(179, 146, 146) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(179, 146, 146); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 146, 146);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 146,  
146) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 34.0576, 32.2168, 31.6176 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(179, 146, 146) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(179,  
146, 146) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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