

# Converting Colors

XYZ(34.1334, 42.2139, 43.8852)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(34.1334, 42.2139, 43.8852)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(34.1334, 42.2139,  
43.8852)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	86B8A9
RGB	134, 184, 169
RGB Percent	53%, 72%, 66%
CMY	0.4745, 0.2784, 0.3372
CMYK	0.27, 0.00, 0.08, 0.28
HSL	162°, 26%, 62%
HSV	162°, 27%, 72%
XYZ	34.1334, 42.2139, 43.8852
YIQ	167.3400, -24.9850, -15.2650

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

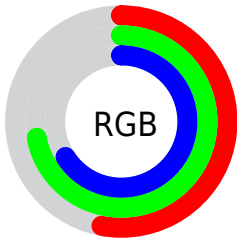
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	134, 163, 184
Decimal	8829097
CIELab	71.02, -19.68, 2.30
CIELCh	71, 19.812, 173.344
Yxy	42.2139, 0.2839, 0.3511
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287019177 (0xFF86B8A9)
YUV	167.3400, 0.8184, -29.2392
Hunter-Lab	64.9722, -19.9258, 5.4334

# Details

The XYZ color **34.1334, 42.2139, 43.8852** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **33.7185, 29.4115, 32.3352**, and the grayscale version is **36.9022, 38.8240, 42.2793**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **65.3537, 78.3934, 82.2079**, and **14.8945, 19.3560, 19.7807** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.9448, 40.6299, 41.0879**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37.8565, 44.0732, 46.8235**.

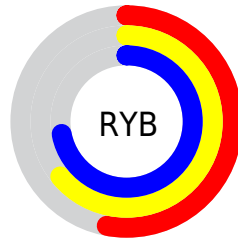
# Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (72%)

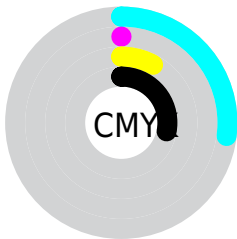
Blue (66%)



Red (53%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (72%)

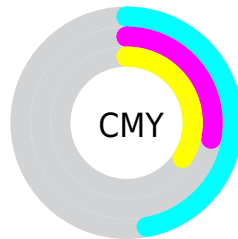


Cyan (27%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (8%)

Black (28%)



Cyan (47%)

Magenta (28%)


Yellow (34%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 34.1334, 42.2139, 43.8852 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 34.1334, 42.2139, 43.8852 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 34.1334, 42.2139,  
43.8852


 34.1334, 42.2139,  
43.8852


312.3019,  
355.3689, 378.2672


 23.1595, 29.2688,  
30.2437


 65.4840, 78.5233,  
82.3456

 14.8326, 19.2843,  
19.7700


 86.5913, 102.6563,  
108.0016

 8.7876, 11.8759,  
12.0456


 111.8072,  
131.2875, 138.4996

 4.6589, 6.6592,  
6.6518

141.4970,  
164.8012, 174.2580

 2.0812, 3.2499,  
3.1702

176.0260,  
203.5817, 215.6954

 0.6790, 1.2636,  
1.1822

215.7596,

 0.0000, 0.1127,

248.0136, 263.2304

0.0000

261.0631,  
298.4812, 317.2815

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 34.1334, 42.2139,  
43.8852

■ 34.1334, 42.2139,  
43.8852

■ 30.9448, 40.6299,  
41.0879

■ 37.8565, 44.0732,  
46.8235

■ 28.2606, 39.3022,  
38.4263

■ 42.1354, 46.2153,  
49.9026

■ 26.0527, 38.2177,  
35.8983

■ 46.9944, 48.6539,  
53.1258

■ 24.2891, 37.3597,  
33.5012

■ 52.4555, 51.4003,  
56.4954

■ 22.9335, 36.7097,  
31.2317

■ 58.5392, 54.4650,  
60.0138

■ 21.9437, 36.2459,  
29.0864

■ 65.2653, 57.8582,  
63.6831

■ 21.2596, 35.9374,  
27.0608

■ 69.7230, 60.0792,  
67.3684

■ 21.0902, 35.8621,  
26.5085

■ 70.4128, 60.3551,  
71.0007

■ 71.1264, 60.6406,  
74.7587

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



35.2355, 42.2139, 35.9273



34.1334, 42.2139, 43.8852



34.5640, 42.2139, 53.5631

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



34.1334, 42.2139, 43.8852



42.6955, 42.2139, 64.7911



44.0399, 42.2139, 32.8489

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34.1334, 42.2139, 43.8852



33.7185, 29.4115, 32.3352

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



46.2483, 42.2139, 39.1195



34.1334, 42.2139, 43.8852



45.4428, 42.2139, 57.7144

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



34.1334, 42.2139, 43.8852



39.3906, 42.2139, 66.5259



46.7753, 42.2139, 48.1069



40.8646, 42.2139, 30.1461



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34.1334, 42.2139, 43.8852



35.6745, 42.2139, 59.6289



46.7753, 42.2139, 48.1069



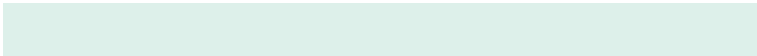
44.9268, 42.2139, 34.5642

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34.1346, 42.2156, 43.8862



75.5895, 83.3787, 89.9113



33.9919, 42.4723, 28.9612



16.0336, 17.8435, 19.1997



88.6918, 93.3107, 101.6153



17.8044, 18.7317, 20.3988



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34.1346, 42.2156, 43.8862



58.0795, 74.6353, 76.2883



33.7821, 39.1257, 51.1210



9.1488, 10.1635, 10.9408



14.5669, 24.7277, 18.4392



0.5395, 0.8821, 0.7867



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33.7185, 29.4115, 32.3352



57.1949, 47.2972, 51.6448



33.9190, 31.6077, 26.8680



9.1125, 9.0554, 9.9401



14.1298, 7.2257, 3.3046



0.5264, 0.2660, 0.2653



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.1334, 42.2139, 43.8852 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

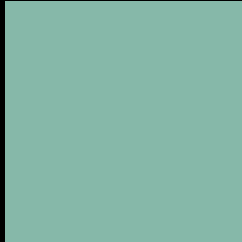
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.1334, 42.2139, 43.8852 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

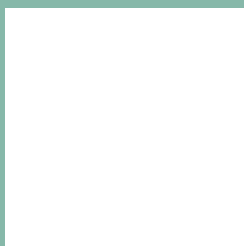
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 34.1334, 42.2139, 43.8852**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.1334, 42.2139, 43.8852.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.1334, 42.2139,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

34.1334, 42.2139, 43.8852

### Protanopia

40.1448, 42.1152, 40.6635

### Deuteranopia

42.6842, 41.9310, 44.8735



## Tritanopia

36.8190, 42.0716, 57.8098

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

34.1334, 42.2139, 43.8852

## Protanomaly

37.6179, 41.9474, 41.7113

## Deuteranomaly

39.0643, 41.7584, 44.5293

## Tritanomaly

35.7033, 41.9113, 52.6623

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

34.1334, 42.2139, 43.8852

## Achromatopsia

36.7301, 38.6429, 42.0822

## Achromatomaly

35.5290, 39.6829, 42.8328

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 34.1334, 42.2139, 43.8852 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(134, 184, 169)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(134, 184, 169)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(134, 184, 169) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(134, 184, 169) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 34.1334, 42.2139, 43.8852 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(134, 184, 169) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(134, 184, 169) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(134, 184, 169)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(134, 184, 169); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 184, 169);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 184,  
169) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 34.1334, 42.2139, 43.8852 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(134, 184, 169) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(134,  
184, 169) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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