

# Converting Colors

XYZ(34.1868, 43.0783, 40.0021)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(34.1868, 43.0783, 40.0021)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(34.1453, 42.9253,  
40.2040)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	88BAA1
RGB	136, 186, 161
RGB Percent	53%, 73%, 63%
CMY	0.4667, 0.2706, 0.3686
CMYK	0.27, 0.00, 0.13, 0.27
HSL	150°, 27%, 63%
HSV	150°, 27%, 73%
XYZ	34.1453, 42.9253, 40.2040
YIQ	168.2000, -21.7750, -18.3750

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

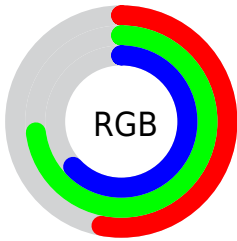
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	136, 169, 186
Decimal	8960673
CIELab	71.50, -21.73, 7.39
CIELCh	72, 22.953, 161.228
Yxy	42.9253, 0.2912, 0.3660
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287150753 (0xFF88BAA1)
YUV	168.2000, -3.5496, -28.2394
Hunter-Lab	65.5174, -21.6277, 9.4796

# Details

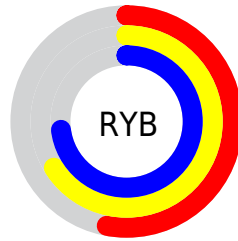
The XYZ color **34.1453, 42.9253, 40.2040** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **35.4884, 30.6217, 37.7602**, and the grayscale version is **37.3432, 39.2880, 42.7846**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **65.3820, 79.4093, 76.8473**, and **14.8942, 19.8105, 17.5068** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.5929, 41.1864, 35.9148**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **38.2854, 44.9624, 44.8410**.

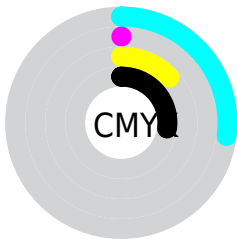
# Distribution



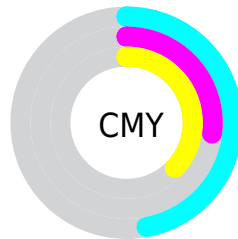
- Red (53%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (63%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (27%)




- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (37%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 34.1453, 42.9253, 40.2040 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 34.1453, 42.9253, 40.2040 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 34.1453, 42.9253,  
40.2040


 34.1453, 42.9253,  
40.2040


312.3540,  
358.3045, 362.5603


 23.1687, 29.8265,  
27.3826


 65.5023, 79.5981,  
76.7145

 14.8395, 19.7069,  
17.6258

 86.6135, 103.9409,  
101.2408

 8.7924, 12.1822,  
10.5150


 111.8335,  
132.8006, 130.5058

 4.6620, 6.8679,  
5.6317

141.5277,  
166.5614, 164.9280

 2.0831, 3.3796,  
2.5573

176.0615,  
205.6078, 204.9260

 0.6800, 1.3330,  
0.8703

215.8002,

 0.0000, 0.1665,

250.3242, 250.9184

0.0000

261.1093,  
301.0949, 303.3236

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 34.1453, 42.9253,  
40.2040

■ 34.1453, 42.9253,  
40.2040

■ 30.5929, 41.1864,  
35.9148

■ 38.2854, 44.9624,  
44.8410

■ 27.5962, 39.7259,  
31.9624

■ 43.0359, 47.3059,  
49.8309

■ 25.1255, 38.5299,  
28.3391

■ 48.4229, 49.9701,  
55.1822

■ 23.1467, 37.5808,  
25.0361

■ 54.4696, 52.9670,  
60.9024

■ 21.6217, 36.8593,  
22.0437

■ 61.1983, 56.3078,  
66.9985

■ 20.5059, 36.3426,  
19.3520

■ 68.6299, 60.0032,  
73.4776

■ 19.7389, 35.9995,  
16.9497

■ 72.5417, 61.8763,  
80.1478

■ 19.5354, 35.9097,  
16.2570

■ 73.8540, 62.4011,  
87.0578

■ 75.2365, 62.9542,  
94.3381

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



36.0844, 42.9253, 32.4601



34.1453, 42.9253, 40.2040



33.9205, 42.9253, 51.0162

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



34.1453, 42.9253, 40.2040



42.2668, 42.9253, 70.9404



46.6617, 42.9253, 34.0417

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34.1453, 42.9253, 40.2040



35.4884, 30.6217, 37.7602

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



48.5501, 42.9253, 42.7066



34.1453, 42.9253, 40.2040



45.9078, 42.9253, 64.6883

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



34.1453, 42.9253, 40.2040



38.4488, 42.9253, 69.9852



48.2658, 42.9253, 53.9449



43.2435, 42.9253, 29.3104



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34.1453, 42.9253, 40.2040



34.7554, 42.9253, 58.6933



48.2658, 42.9253, 53.9449



47.5059, 42.9253, 36.5281

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34.1465, 42.9271, 40.2050



76.8631, 85.1786, 89.1513



36.8708, 44.5613, 29.9511



16.6278, 18.6102, 19.3242



90.7827, 95.5105, 104.0109



18.6292, 19.5994, 21.3438

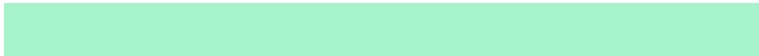


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34.1465, 42.9271, 40.2050



58.1253, 75.9587, 68.4033



36.4883, 43.8638, 52.5368



9.0726, 10.1330, 10.5395



13.1800, 24.1730, 11.1360



0.4959, 0.8647, 0.5571



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.4884, 30.6217, 37.7602



60.9485, 50.0698, 63.2598



33.5586, 29.8498, 27.5978



9.1868, 9.0851, 10.3313



14.9906, 7.5700, 7.8373



0.5597, 0.2794, 0.4408



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.1453, 42.9253, 40.2040 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.1453, 42.9253, 40.2040 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

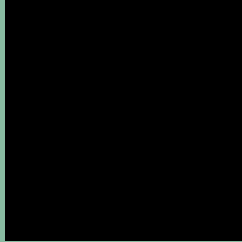
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 34.1453, 42.9253, 40.2040**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.1453, 42.9253, 40.2040.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.1453, 42.9253,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

34.1453, 42.9253, 40.2040

### Protanopia

40.3439, 42.5837, 37.1035

### Deuteranopia

43.4852, 42.6946, 41.5463



## Tritanopia

37.8154, 42.8729, 58.5068

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

34.1453, 42.9253, 40.2040

## Protanomaly

37.5232, 42.2744, 38.0804

## Deuteranomaly

39.4864, 42.3390, 41.2130

## Tritanomaly

36.2959, 42.8613, 51.1598

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

34.1453, 42.9253, 40.2040

## Achromatopsia

37.2190, 39.1572, 42.6422

## Achromatomaly

35.8318, 40.4445, 41.5153

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 34.1453, 42.9253, 40.2040 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(136, 186, 161)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(136, 186, 161)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(136, 186, 161) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(136, 186, 161) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 34.1453, 42.9253, 40.2040 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(136, 186, 161) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(136, 186, 161) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(136, 186, 161)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(136, 186, 161); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 186, 161);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 186,  
161) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 34.1453, 42.9253, 40.2040 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(136, 186, 161) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(136,  
186, 161) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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