

# Converting Colors

XYZ(34.2178, 25.1509, 58.5874)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(34.2178, 25.1509, 58.5874)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(34.1269, 25.1413,  
58.3124)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	AF71C9
RGB	175, 113, 201
RGB Percent	69%, 44%, 79%
CMY	0.3137, 0.5568, 0.2118
CMYK	0.13, 0.44, 0.00, 0.21
HSL	282°, 45%, 62%
HSV	282°, 44%, 79%
XYZ	34.1269, 25.1413, 58.3124
YIQ	141.5700, 8.7040, 40.5120

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

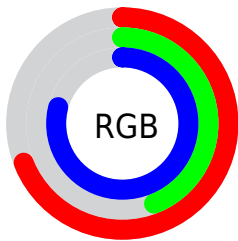
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	175, 113, 201
Decimal	11497929
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	57.21, 39.80, -36.19
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	57, 53.795, 317.725
Yxy	25.1413, 0.2902, 0.2138
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289688009 (0xFFAF71C9)
YUV	141.5700, 29.2990, 29.3181
Hunter-Lab	50.1411, 33.7433, -33.8535

# Details

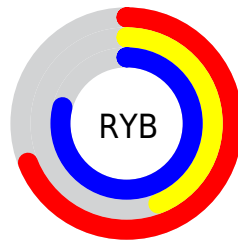
The XYZ color **34.1269, 25.1413, 58.3124** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9966CC**. A complement of this color would be **34.5156, 48.4552, 23.1576**, and the grayscale version is **25.4281, 26.7524, 29.1333**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **64.9649, 51.6482, 101.1528**, and **14.9291, 9.7265, 28.6943** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.8243, 20.4709, 57.5854**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37.9865, 30.8372, 59.2088**.

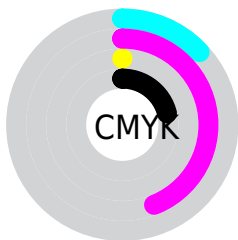
# Distribution



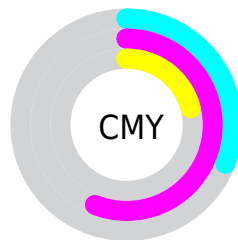
- Red (69%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (79%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (21%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (21%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 34.1269, 25.1413, 58.3124 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 34.1269, 25.1413, 58.3124 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



34.1269, 25.1413,  
58.3124

34.1269, 25.1413,  
58.3124

312.2735,  
278.5409, 435.9797

23.1545, 16.1824,  
41.6435

65.4739, 51.8864,  
103.8969

14.8289, 9.6533,  
28.4988

86.5792, 70.4413,  
133.6496

8.7849, 5.1697,  
18.4597

111.7929, 92.9636,  
168.6006

4.6572, 2.3472,  
11.1077

141.4802,  
119.8378, 209.1685

2.0802, 0.7985,  
6.0242

176.0066,  
151.4482, 255.7718

0.6784, 0.0000,  
2.7908

215.7373,

0.0000, 0.0000,

188.1793, 308.8291

0.9888

261.0379,  
230.4154, 368.7589

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 34.1269, 25.1413,  
58.3124

■ 34.1269, 25.1413,  
58.3124

■ 30.8243, 20.4709,  
57.5854

■ 37.9865, 30.8372,  
59.2088

■ 28.0421, 16.7561,  
57.0150

■ 42.4312, 37.6159,  
60.2830

■ 25.7432, 13.9231,  
56.5893

■ 47.4905, 45.5345,  
61.5447

■ 23.8840, 11.8859,  
56.2941

■ 53.1907, 54.6448,  
63.0028

■ 22.4118, 10.5402,  
56.1120

■ 59.5567, 64.9955,  
64.6651

■ 21.6319, 9.9338,  
56.0360

■ 66.6121, 76.6325,  
66.5394

■ 74.3791, 89.5995,  
68.6330

■ 76.5836, 91.3475,  
68.8542

■ 78.4404, 92.3047,  
68.9411

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



27.8131, 25.1413, 76.0763



34.1269, 25.1413, 58.3124



37.9368, 25.1413, 35.5100

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



34.1269, 25.1413, 58.3124



26.5895, 25.1413, 5.4404



14.0434, 25.1413, 39.4723

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34.1269, 25.1413, 58.3124



34.5156, 48.4552, 23.1576

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



13.8335, 25.1413, 20.5876



34.1269, 25.1413, 58.3124



20.3652, 25.1413, 5.7390

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



34.1269, 25.1413, 58.3124



33.0954, 25.1413, 8.7858



15.9463, 25.1413, 9.9357



16.5820, 25.1413, 62.2957



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34.1269, 25.1413, 58.3124



38.1665, 25.1413, 22.9344



15.9463, 25.1413, 9.9357



13.7168, 25.1413, 32.3538

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34.1278, 25.1424, 58.3130



81.8594, 78.8324, 105.5095



26.6443, 26.3102, 58.9328



17.0831, 16.1808, 22.4728



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34.1278, 25.1424, 58.3130



52.7931, 35.0744, 98.5953



38.5822, 27.6644, 48.3253



10.7661, 10.6532, 13.4063



13.6966, 6.2951, 35.2375



0.7185, 0.3342, 1.6718



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34.6536, 26.0929, 27.6373



54.2644, 37.1873, 37.4751



31.7672, 46.9125, 28.7127



10.7607, 10.6876, 11.7229



15.6833, 8.0229, 3.5420



0.7749, 0.3928, 0.3380



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.1269, 25.1413, 58.3124 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

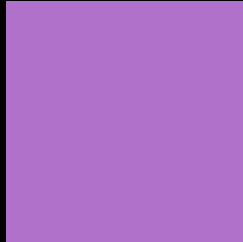
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.1269, 25.1413, 58.3124 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

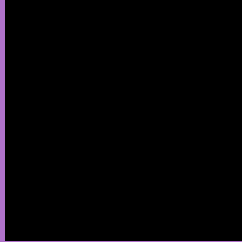
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 34.1269, 25.1413, 58.3124**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.1269, 25.1413, 58.3124.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.1269, 25.1413,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

34.1269, 25.1413, 58.3124

### Protanopia

27.4079, 25.4985, 71.1873

### Deuteranopia

25.8382, 25.2387, 55.7343



## Tritanopia

27.6218, 24.9842, 27.0335

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

34.1269, 25.1413, 58.3124

**Protanomaly**

28.8055, 24.7287, 66.2057

**Deuteranomaly**

28.2287, 24.8339, 56.7317

**Tritanomaly**

29.6669, 24.8921, 36.4988

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

34.1269, 25.1413, 58.3124

**Achromatopsia**

25.7108, 27.0498, 29.4572

**Achromatomaly**

28.0536, 25.7470, 38.1414

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 34.1269, 25.1413, 58.3124 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(175, 113, 201)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(175, 113, 201)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(175, 113, 201) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(175, 113, 201) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 34.1269, 25.1413, 58.3124 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(175, 113, 201) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(175, 113, 201) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(175, 113, 201) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(175, 113, 201); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 113, 201);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 113,  
201) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 34.1269, 25.1413, 58.3124 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(175, 113, 201) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(175,  
113, 201) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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