

# Converting Colors

XYZ(34.2347, 21.2107, 14.7666)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(34.2347, 21.2107, 14.7666)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(34.1961, 21.1883,  
14.8578)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	DB4C66
RGB	219, 76, 102
RGB Percent	86%, 30%, 40%
CMY	0.1412, 0.7019, 0.6000
CMYK	0.00, 0.65, 0.53, 0.14
HSL	349°, 67%, 58%
HSV	349°, 65%, 86%
XYZ	34.1961, 21.1883, 14.8578
YIQ	121.7210, 76.8820, 38.4020

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

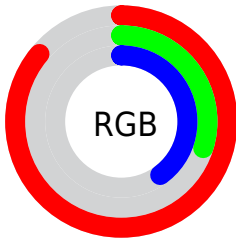
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">219, 76, 102</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">14371942</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">53.15, 57.54, 16.27</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">53, 59.791, 15.787</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">21.1883, 0.4868, 0.3016</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4292562022 (0xFFDB4C66)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">121.7210, -9.7225, 85.3137</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">46.0308, 52.0533, 13.0839</a>

# Details

The XYZ color **34.1961, 21.1883, 14.8578** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3366**. The color can be described as dark muted rose. A complement of this color would be **37.9392, 56.0502, 59.2761**, and the grayscale version is **18.4220, 19.3813, 21.1063**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **55.2410, 40.0624, 34.9583**, and **14.8361, 7.5980, 4.4260** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32.1409, 18.3499, 10.2521**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **36.9577, 25.1325, 20.6470**.

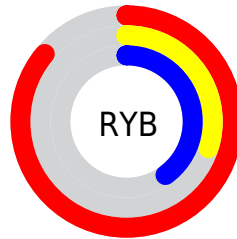
# Distribution



Red (86%)

Green (30%)

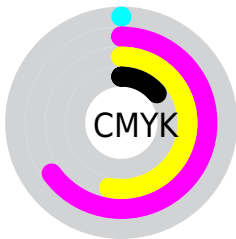
Blue (40%)



Red (86%)

Yellow (30%)

Blue (40%)

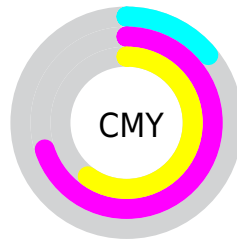


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (65%)

Yellow (53%)

Black (14%)



Cyan (14%)

Magenta (70%)


Yellow (60%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 34.1961, 21.1883, 14.8578 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 34.1961, 21.1883, 14.8578 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 34.1961, 21.1883,  
14.8578


 34.1961, 21.1883,  
14.8578


312.5761,  
258.2775, 234.1150


 23.2079, 13.2617,  
8.5741

 65.5808, 45.4007,  
35.3423


 14.8686, 7.6090,  
4.3715


 86.7079, 62.4553,  
50.3802


 8.8130, 3.8458,  
1.8313

 111.9455, 83.3214,  
69.1733

 4.6755, 1.5877,  
0.4485

 141.6587,  
108.3833, 92.1400

 2.0909, 0.3493,  
0.0000

 176.2131,  
138.0255, 119.6991

 0.6843, 0.0000,  
0.0000

215.9739,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

172.6323, 152.2689

0.0000

261.3064,  
212.5882, 190.2680

■ 34.1961, 21.1883,  
14.8578

■ 34.1961, 21.1883,  
14.8578

■ 32.1409, 18.3499,  
10.2521

■ 36.9577, 25.1325,  
20.6470

■ 30.7236, 16.4996,  
6.7448

■ 40.4826, 30.2774,  
27.6942


■ 29.8637, 15.4992,  
4.2403


■ 44.8233, 36.7117,  
36.0689


■ 29.5930, 15.2119,  
3.3668


■ 50.0274, 44.5147,  
45.8352

■ 56.1387, 53.7592,  
57.0529

 63.1979, 64.5132,  
69.7784

 71.2434, 76.8399,  
84.0649

 80.3113, 90.7992,  
99.9632

 83.0232, 93.8000,  
108.3372

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



34.3188, 21.1883, 32.6844



34.1961, 21.1883, 14.8578



29.8267, 21.1883, 6.0642

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



34.1961, 21.1883, 14.8578



12.6418, 21.1883, 6.3449



17.3075, 21.1883, 75.7200

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34.1961, 21.1883, 14.8578



37.9392, 56.0502, 59.2761

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.8151, 21.1883, 57.9588



34.1961, 21.1883, 14.8578



10.5274, 21.1883, 15.5550

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



34.1961, 21.1883, 14.8578



17.0185, 21.1883, 3.1964



10.5834, 21.1883, 33.8595



23.6190, 21.1883, 75.1765



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34.1961, 21.1883, 14.8578



25.5292, 21.1883, 3.6866



10.5834, 21.1883, 33.8595



15.5662, 21.1883, 71.4075

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34.1966, 21.1895, 14.8582



74.8774, 69.2636, 72.5535



37.3086, 21.5938, 69.2190



15.5138, 14.0499, 14.5851



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34.1966, 21.1895, 14.8582



44.6019, 24.8752, 12.6341



37.3907, 29.3272, 10.5292



13.1522, 13.0900, 14.0628



17.5764, 9.0316, 2.1494



1.1679, 0.5968, 0.2932



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34.1966, 21.1895, 14.8582



44.6019, 24.8752, 12.6341



30.8492, 36.8151, 72.4975



13.1522, 13.0900, 14.0628



17.5764, 9.0316, 2.1494



1.1679, 0.5968, 0.2932



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.1961, 21.1883, 14.8578 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.1961, 21.1883, 14.8578 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 34.1961, 21.1883, 14.8578**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.1961, 21.1883, 14.8578.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.1961, 21.1883,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

34.1961, 21.1883, 14.8578

### Protanopia

20.6261, 21.4569, 23.1332

### Deuteranopia

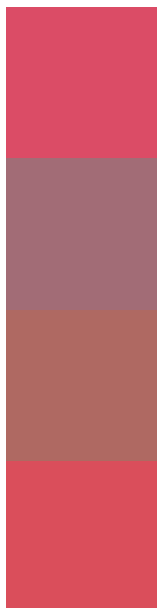
21.6028, 21.2293, 13.7856



## Tritanopia

33.3097, 21.1375, 10.7118

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

34.1961, 21.1883, 14.8578

## Protanomaly

23.5329, 19.7145, 19.7045

## Deuteranomaly

24.9354, 20.0990, 14.1205

## Tritanomaly

33.5262, 21.1095, 12.2051

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

34.1961, 21.1883, 14.8578

## Achromatopsia

18.4984, 19.4618, 21.1939

## Achromatomaly

22.0507, 18.5091, 18.6301

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 34.1961, 21.1883, 14.8578 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(219, 76, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(219, 76, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(219, 76, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(219, 76, 102) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 34.1961, 21.1883, 14.8578 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(219, 76, 102) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(219, 76, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(219, 76, 102)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(219, 76, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 76, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 76,  
102) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 34.1961, 21.1883, 14.8578 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(219, 76, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(219, 76,  
102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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